

<p>CD #1 Tracks #1 & #2</p> <p>INTRODUCTION</p> <p>CD #1 Track #3 Now, let's begin ... It's Audio Snapshot Time. Time to simply listen. Please do not repeat.</p> <p>I am Believe it or not, Spanish actually has two ways of saying "I am". Either ... Soy or Estoy Both forms for "I am" Soy and Estoy are used in different situations. Please listen carefully.</p> <p>I am I am American (male - "o" ending) I am American (female - "a" ending) I am</p> <p>I am – Use to say where you are or how you feel I am fine – I am American (male – o ending) I am American (female – a ending) I am from the United States Right? Please – Thank you – You're welcome I'm sorry, but I don't understand Spanish very well Can you repeat? Thank you very much for your help How are you? (formal) How are you? (familiar) Good – Very good I'm fine There is / There are Yes / No I'm sorry, but I don't understand Speak more slowly please Repeat everything, please</p> <p>Excuse me Where is the bathroom please? water cold water a bottle a bottle of cold water coffee</p>	<p>Soy OR Estoy</p> <p>Soy - Estoy</p> <p>Soy – Permanent Characteristics Soy americano (male - "o" ending) Soy americana (female - "a" ending) Soy – Permanent form used to describe your origin, or your profession Estoy - Used for location or temporary condition Estoy bien Soy americanoo Soy americanaa Soy de los Estados Unidos ¿Verdad? Por favor – Gracias – De nada Lo siento, pero no entiendo muy bien el español ¿Puede repetir? Muchas gracias por su ayuda ¿Cómo está? ¿Cómo estás? Bien – Muy bien Estoy bien Hay / Hay Sí / No Lo siento, pero no entiendo Hable más despacio, por favor Repita todo, por favor</p> <p>Perdón ¿Dónde está el baño por favor? agua agua fría una botella una botella de agua fría café</p>
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Mexican food	comida mexicana
American food	comida americana
stove hot or sun hot	caliente
spicy hot	picante
spicy hot food	comida picante
beer	cerveza
wine	vino
hard	duro
one	uno
two	dos
three	tres
four	cuatro
five	cinco
six	seis
seven	siete
eight	ocho
nine	nueve
ten	diez
What day is today?	¿Qué día es hoy?
Monday	lunes
Tuesday	martes
Wednesday	miércoles
Thursday	jueves
Friday	viernes
Saturday	sábado
Sunday	domingo
CD #1 Track #4	CD #1 Track #4
Now, please listen and repeat after the Spanish speakers!	
the bathroom	el baño
Excuse me	Perdón
Where is the bathroom please?	¿Dónde está el baño por favor?
Please	Por favor
Please, thank you, you're welcome	Por favor, gracias, de nada
Where is the bathroom please?	¿Dónde está el baño por favor?
I speak a little Spanish	Hablo poquito español
I want	quiero
I would like	Quisiera
water	agua
bread	pan
milk	leche
coffee	café
with milk	con leche
coffee with milk	café con leche
tea	té
beer	cerveza

<p>wine I want water I want coffee I'm drinking coffee I'm drinking tea I want bread please I want milk please</p> <p>I want water please I want wine please Yes, I want coffee please This That I don't know It depends Congrats. That was really good. Now let's move on to learn new material.</p> <p>CD #1 Track #5 Now just a word about accents in Spanish. Spanish, like English, is not pronounced exactly the same by all native speakers. Nowhere is this more evident than with the pronunciation of the "r" in Spanish. Listen to these three different pronunciations of the Spanish of the verb "to go". to go, to go, to go Did you hear that? Listen again! to go (three slightly different accents) Three different pronunciations of the Spanish "r" all completely understandable by native Spanish speakers. Here's another one. Listen to these two different pronunciations of the verb "to eat" to eat (2 slightly different accents of the "r") Listen one more time! to eat (2 slightly different accents of the "r") How did it go for you? Fantastic! Now, let's have some more fun!</p> <p>CD #1 Track #6 There are only two steps you need to know to create your own simple sentences in Spanish. Original sentences that you create. Are you guys ready? First, make the most popular request in the world. Begin by saying</p>	<p>vino Quiero agua Quiero café Estoy tomando café Estoy tomando té Quiero pan por favor Quiero leche por favor</p> <p>Quiero agua por favor Quiero vino por favor Sí, quiero café por favor esto eso No sé Depende</p> <p>CD #1 Track #5</p> <p>ir, ir, ir</p> <p>ir, ir, ir</p> <p>comer, comer</p> <p>comer, comer ¿Cómo le fue? ¡Fantástico!</p> <p>CD #1 Track #6</p> <p>¿Están listos?</p>
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<p>I want Say it one more time</p> <p>I want ... Say it one more time. It's a word you hear everywhere. In the supermarkets the kids are saying it so you need to learn it too.</p> <p>I want And step two ... Add any infinitive after "I want" and you have a simple, original sentence. An infinitive is the dictionary definition of a verb. All infinitives in English begin with "to". Like to eat, to drink, to go Please repeat: to eat, to drink, to go</p> <p>CD #1 Track #7 Are you ready to create your first sentences in Spanish? Begin by saying ... I want Next, say "to eat" Now put them together and say ... I want to eat Listen and repeat I want to eat</p> <p>Congrats! That was really good. Now, let's try another. Begin by saying "I want" Do you remember how to say "to drink"? Now put them together. Say ... I want to drink Please listen and repeat "I want to drink" How did it go for you? It's amazing how quickly you're learning to speak Spanish. Let's try anotherDo you remember how to say ... I want? Try it now. I want ... Do you remember how to say "to go"? Say it now! Now put the two together. Say I want to go I want to go. Please listen and repeat Attempt to say I want</p> <p>You should have said Attempt to say to eat You should have said</p>	<p>Quiero ...</p> <p>Quiero ...</p> <p>Quiero ... Quiero</p> <p>comer, tomar, ir comer, tomar, ir</p> <p>CD #1 Track #7</p> <p>Quiero comer</p> <p>Quiero comer</p> <p>Quiero comer</p> <p>Quiero tomar</p> <p>Quiero tomar Quiero tomar ¿Cómo le fue?</p> <p>Quiero ...</p> <p>ir</p> <p>Quiero ir Quiero ir Quiero</p> <p>Quiero</p> <p>comer</p>
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<p>Attempt to say to go You should have said .. Attempt to say ... to drink You should have said ...</p> <p>CD #1 Track #8 Here is the two-step formula one more time. First step. Say ... "I want" Second step. Now add a verb like "to go" after I want Now, say the two together. Say I want to go How do you say "I want to go" ? Not that was simple, wasn't it? Do you remember how to say "to eat"? And ... do you remember how to say "I want"? Now put the two together and say ... I want to eat Attempt to say "I want to go" You should have said Do you happen to recall how to say "I want to eat"? Try it now. I want to eat Listen and repeat "I want to eat" Let's see how fast you can think in Spanish. Try to say the following before the native speaker, and then repeat after the native speaker. to drink, I want, "I want to drink" to eat, "I want to eat" to go It sort of sounds like the English word "ear", doesn't it? But the pronunciation is different. In Spanish, you pronounce the "r" with your tongue, not your mouth. Try it one more time. Say "to go" Now say ... "I want to go" Congrats. That was really good. Now. Let's try another.</p> <p>What if you're in a hurry and you want to go NOW? How do you say "now" in Spanish? Repeat "now" How do you say "now"? OK. And how do you say "to go"? Now put the two together and say</p>	<p>ir</p> <p>tomar</p> <p>CD #1 Track #8</p> <p>Quiero ir Quiero</p> <p>Quiero ir Quiero ir</p> <p>comer Quiero</p> <p>Quiero comer Quiero ir Quiero ir</p> <p>Quiero comer Escuche y repita Quiero comer</p> <p>tomar, quiero, "Quiero tomar" comer, "Quiero comer" ir</p> <p>ir</p> <p>"Quiero ir"</p> <p>ahora (the h is always silent in Spanish) ahora ahora ahora ir</p>
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<p>to go now Fantastic!</p> <p>CD #1 Track #9 OK. Now let's put that all together and say .. I want to go now - Try it! You should have said I want to go now <i>"I want to go now"</i> You're really getting good at this stuff now. Right? Well, what if you don't want to go? How would you say that in the negative? In Spanish it's easy. All you have to do is put "No" in front of "I want" So .. "I don't want ..." would be I want - I don't want I want - And to make it negative put no in front of it - Repeat - I don't want OK. So how would you say "I don't want?" It's really easy, isn't it? Remember. "I want" is ... "I don't want" is ... Repeat "I don't want" - Now say it again, I don't want And "to go" is ... Put them together. Say ... I don't want to go I don't want to go - Listen and repeat Time to learn a new high frequency verb to talk or to speak - to talk (listen and repeat) Attempt to say "I want to talk" I want to talk - Repeat one more time Do you remember how to say "now"? Listen and repeat "now" No try to say "I want" - to talk - now</p> <p>Now attempt to say "I want to talk now" Now let's really have some fun and add the word .. Spanish to our sentence. Say I want to speak Spanish now. Try it! I want to speak Spanish now. Please repeat!</p> <p>CD #1 Track #10 But what if you really don't feel like speaking Spanish right now? How would you say ... I want to speak English now. Change the word "Spanish" for "English" and say .. I want to speak English now. Say it now! Great job! Now say these two side by side ... "I want to speak Spanish now" followed by ... "I want to speak English now" Please repeat!</p>	<p>ir ahora ¡Fantástico!</p> <p>CD #1 Track #9</p> <p>Quiero ir ahora <i>Quiero ir ahora</i> ¿Verdad?</p> <p>No quiero Quiero - No quiero no Repita - No quiero No quiero ¿Es muy fácil, verdad? Quiero - No quiero No quiero - No quiero ir No quiero ir No quiero ir</p> <p>hablar - hablar Quiero hablar Quiero hablar - Repita una vez más ahora ahora Quiero - hablar - ahora</p> <p>"Quiero hablar ahora"</p> <p>español (not capitalized) Quiero hablar español ahora. Quiero hablar español ahora.</p> <p>CD #1 Track #10</p> <p>Quiero hablar inglés ahora. español - inglés (not capitalized) Quiero hablar inglés ahora.</p> <p>Quiero hablar español ahora. Quiero hablar inglés ahora.</p>
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<p>Fantastic! Now attempt to say ... I don't want to talk now. Repeat one more time! I don't want to talk now. OK. Let's go a step further and say ... "I don't want to speak Spanish now" "I don't want to speak English now" Try to say both now side by side</p> <p>Wow! Now you're really beginning to sound like a native. It's really easy, isn't it? Be sure to listen and repeat after the native speaker. OK. Do you remember how to say "to go"? to eat, to drink, to talk Let's see how fast you can think in Spanish. Try to say the following before the native speaker and then repeat after the native speaker. to go, to eat, to talk or to speak, to drink Did you get that? Try it again and enjoy the process. to talk or to speak, to go, to eat, to drink OK. How would you say "I want to eat"? Add the word "now" to the end of that. How would you say "I want to eat now"? I want to eat now - Please repeat!</p> <p>Now add ... "spicy hot food" to that sentence Say ... "I want to eat spicy hot food now" Please repeat! <i>I want to eat spicy hot food now.</i></p> <p>CD #1 Track #11 Make it negative. Put "No" in front of that sentence. Say ... "I don't want to eat now" I don't want to eat now - Listen and repeat OK. Now ... How would you say ..? I don't want to go now" I don't want to go now - Please repeat!</p> <p>I want + to eat = I want to eat I want to go I want to eat Listen and repeat – I want to eat to drink – I want – I want to drink to eat – I want to eat <i>to go</i> - It sort of sounds like the English word "ear" doesn't it? But the pronunciation is different. In Spanish, you pronounce the "r" with your tongue,</p>	<p>¡Fantástico! No quiero hablar ahora. ¡Repita una vez más! No quiero hablar ahora.</p> <p>No quiero hablar español ahora. No quiero hablar inglés ahora.</p> <p>Es muy fácil, ¿Verdad?</p> <p>ir comer, tomar, hablar</p> <p>ir, comer, hablar, tomar</p> <p>hablar, ir, comer, tomar Quiero comer ahora Quiero comer ahora. Quiero comer ahora</p> <p>comida picante Quiero comer comida picante ahora <i>Quiero comer comida picante ahora</i></p> <p>CD #1 Track #11 No quiero comer ahora No quiero comer ahora</p> <p>No quiero ir ahora No quiero ir ahora</p> <p>Quiero + comer = Quiero comer Quiero ir Quiero comer Escuche y repita - Quiero comer tomar – Quiero – Quiero tomar comer – Quiero comer <i>ir</i> <i>ir</i></p>
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<p>not with your lips. Say "to go" I want to go How do you say "now" in Spanish? now to go to go now Fantastic! I want to go now Right? Well, what if you don't want to go? How would you say that in the negative? In Spanish it's easy. All you have to do is put "no" in front of "I want" I don't want I want – I don't want Repeat – I don't want It's really easy, isn't it? I don't want to go I don't want to go to talk/to speak to talk I want to talk Repeat one more time! I want to talk Repeat one more time! Quiero hablar now I want to talk now I want to talk now Spanish I want to speak Spanish now Spanish – English I want to speak English now I want to speak Spanish now I want to speak English now Fantastic! I don't want to talk now Repeat one more time I don't want to talk now I don't want to speak Spanish now I don't want to speak English now to go to eat to drink</p>	<p>ir Quiero ir ahora ahora ir ir ahora ¡Fantástico! Quiero ir ahora ¿Verdad?</p> <p>No quiero Quiero – No quiero Repita – No quiero Es muy fácil, ¿verdad? No quiero ir No quiero ir hablar hablar</p> <p>Quiero hablar ¡Repita una vez más! Quiero hablar ahora Quiero hablar ahora Quiero hablar ahora español Quiero hablar español ahora español – inglés Quiero hablar inglés ahora Quiero hablar español ahora Quiero hablar inglés ahora ¡Fantástico! No quiero hablar ahora ¡Repita una vez más! No quiero hablar ahora No quiero hablar español ahora No quiero hablar inglés ahora ir comer tomar</p>
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to talk I want to eat Attempt to say I want to go later You should have said "I want to go later" Repeat one more time I want to go later Do you remember how to say "I would like"? Try it now! You should have said (I would like) Attempt to say! I would like to go later Repeat one more time I would like to go later Perfect. And how would you say ... "to drink" to drink now - Please repeat ... to drink now Now attempt to say "I want to drink now" I want to drink now - Please repeat CD #1 Track #12 Now let's really break out and take a walk on the wild side by adding lots of new words to that phrase. Let's say I want to drink water now I want to drink wine now I want to drink beer now I want to drink milk now Let's practice. Please repeat! water milk beer wine I want to drink water now - Please repeat! I want to drink wine now I want to drink milk now I want to drink beer now I don't want to drink now - Please repeat I don't want to drink now CD #1 Track #13 Now, learn how to say "something" . Repeat! something nothing nothing - Please repeat something - nothing - Please repeat! How would you say "something"	hablar Quiero comer Trate de decir ... Quiero ir después Repita una vez más Quiero ir después Quisiera Quisiera ¡Trate de decir! Quisiera ir después ¡Repita una vez más! - Quisiera ir después tomar tomar ahora tomar ahora Quiero tomar ahora Quiero tomar ahora CD #1 Track #12 Quiero tomar agua ahora Quiero tomar vino ahora Quiero tomar cerveza ahora Quiero tomar leche ahora agua leche cerveza vino Quiero tomar agua ahora Quiero tomar vino ahora Quiero tomar leche ahora Quiero tomar cerveza ahora No quiero tomar ahora No quiero tomar ahora CD #1 Track #13 algo algo nada nada algo - nada algo
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<p>You should have said "something" How would you say ... "nothing"? You should have said ... "nothing" to eat something not to eat anything I don't want to drink anything now I don't want to drink anything now</p> <p>CD #1 Track #14 I don't want to eat anything now - Please repeat! I don't want to eat anything now I want to drink coffee Attempt to say I don't want to drink water now I want to drink coffee Attempt to say</p> <p>Mexican food - American food - Please repeat! Mexican food - American food Great! Now try to say I want to eat Mexican food Do you remember how to say now? Good job! Now go on to say I want to eat Mexican food now</p> <p>Do you remember how to say "I don't want"? I don't want to eat Now try to say</p> <p>I don't want to eat American food - Please repeat! Add to that by saying</p> <p>I don't want to eat American food now You should have said</p> <p>I don't want to eat American food now Finish up by adding You should have said "I want to eat Mexican food" Congrats! That was really good. Now put it all together and say ... I don't want to eat American food now, I want to eat Mexican food. I don't want to eat American food now, I want to eat Mexican food.</p> <p>CD #1 Track #15 Now be ultra polite and say ... I would like to eat Mexican food. Please repeat ... I would like to eat Mexican food Fantastic!</p>	<p>algo nada nada comer algo no comer nada No quiero tomar nada ahora No quiero tomar nada ahora</p> <p>CD #1 Track #14 No quiero comer nada ahora No quiero comer nada ahora Quiero tomar café Trate de decir ... No quiero tomar agua ahora Quiero tomar café Trate de decir comida mexicana - comida americana comida mexicana - comida americana</p> <p>Quiero comer comida mexicana ahora</p> <p>Quiero comer comida mexicana ahora</p> <p>No quiero No quiero comer</p> <p>No quiero comer comida americana</p> <p>No quiero comer comida americana ahora</p> <p>No quiero comer comida americana ahora</p> <p>Quiero comer comida mexicana</p> <p>No quiero comer comida americana ahora, quiero comer comida mexicana. No quiero comer comida americana ahora, quiero comer comida mexicana.</p> <p>CD #1 Track #15 Quisiera comer comida mexicana Quisiera comer comida mexicana ¡Fantástico!</p>
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<p>Attempt to say ... "to eat something" Please repeat! not to eat anything - Please repeat! I want to eat something I don't want to eat anything To drink something Not to drink anything I want to drink something - Please repeat! Now change that sentence to I would like to drink something Be sure to use "Quisiera = I would like" in your response. "I would like to drink something" Repeat one more time! I would like to drink something Do you happen to recall how to say? You should have said Repeat one more time! I don't want to drink anything How did it go for you?</p> <p>CD #1 Track #16 Now say these two side by side to eat something, to drink something to eat something, to drink something - Please repeat! to drink coffee to drink coffee - Please repeat! Great job! Now let's have some fun and add "Quiero" to that sentence. Say I want to drink coffee - Please repeat! Now let's be ultra polite and say I would like to drink coffee - Please repeat now later Please repeat now - later Attempt to say I would like to drink coffee now You should have said Repeat one more time ! I would like to drink coffee now Attempt to say I would like to drink coffee later You should have said I would like to drink coffee later Repeat one more time! I would like to drink coffee later Congratulations on the completion of the first section! Attempt to say!</p>	<p>¡Trate de decir ! comer algo no comer nada Quiero comer algo No quiero comer nada Tomar algo No tomar nada Quiero tomar algo</p> <p>Quisiera tomar algo Quisiera Quisiera tomar algo ¡Repita una vez más! Quisiera tomar algo</p> <p>¡Repita una vez más! No quiero tomar nada ¿Cómo le fue?</p> <p>CD #1 Track #16 comer algo, tomar algo comer algo, tomar algo tomar café tomar café</p> <p>Quiero tomar café</p> <p>Quisiera tomar café ahora después ahora - después Trate de decir Quisiera tomar café ahora Quisiera tomar café ahora ¡Repita una vez más! Quisiera tomar café ahora Trate de decir Quisiera tomar café después</p> <p>Quisiera tomar café después ¡Repita una vez más! Quisiera tomar café después</p> <p>¡Trate de decir!</p>
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I speak a little Spanish	Hablo poquito español
CD #2 Track #1 Make your waiting down time into language up time by using your program everywhere you go.	CD #2 Track #1 Make your waiting down time into language up time by using your program everywhere you go.
CD #2 Track #2 Welcome back! Let's do a little memory retrieval. Try to say the following before the native speaker, and then repeat after the native speaker.	CD #2 Track #2
I am American (male)	Soy americano
I am American (female)	Soy americana
I get by in Spanish	Me defiendo en español
I speak a little Spanish	Hablo poquito español
I am (origin, nationality, gender, profession)	soy
I am (location, temporary condition)	estoy
I am fine	Estoy bien
I am American (male - ending in "o")	Soy americano
I am American (female - ending in "a")	Soy americana
United States	Estados Unidos
I am from the United States	Soy de los Estados Unidos
Hi!	¡Hola!
How are you? (formal)	¿Cómo está?
How are you? (familiar)	¿Cómo estás?
Good	Bien
I am fine	Estoy bien
I don't know	No sé
Yes	Sí
Yes, I speak a little Spanish	Sí, hablo poquito español
No	No
I'm sorry	Lo siento
I'm sorry but I don't understand	Lo siento pero no entiendo
Repeat everything please!	¡Repita todo por favor!
Where is the bathroom please?	¿Dónde está el baño por favor?
water	agua
cold water	agua fría
a bottle	una botella
a bottle of cold water	una botella de agua fría
coffee	café
Mexican food	comida mexicana
American food	comida americana
stove hot or sun hot	caliente
spicy hot	picante
spicy hot food	comida picante
beer, wine	cerveza, vino
hard	duro

<p>one, two, three four, five, six seven, eight, nine, ten What day is today? Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday Thursday, Friday, Saturday, Sunday the bathroom Where is the bathroom? Please Please, thank you, you're welcome Where is the bathroom, please?</p> <p>CD #2 Track #3 I speak a little Spanish I want I would like water, bread, milk coffee, with milk, coffee with milk tea, beer, wine I want water, I want coffee I'm drinking coffee I am drinking tea I want bread please I want milk please I want water please I want wine please Yes. I want coffee please this, that Hi I don't know It depends I want to go I want to eat I don't want to drink anything now I don't want to eat anything now I want to drink coffee How are you? (formal form) I'm fine Please, Thank you , You're welcome Where is the bathroom, please? Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday Thursday, Friday, Saturday, Sunday one, two, three four, five, six seven, eight, nine, ten fifteen, twelve, fourteen seventeen, twenty</p>	<p>uno, dos, tres cuatro, cinco, seis siete, ocho, nueve, diez ¿Qué día es hoy? lunes, martes, miércoles jueves, viernes, sábado, domingo (No Caps) el baño ¿Dónde está el baño? Por favor Por favor, gracias, de nada ¿Dónde está el baño, por favor?</p> <p>CD #2 Track #3 Hablo poquito español Quiero Quisiera agua, pan, leche café, con leche, café con leche té, cerveza, vino Quiero agua, Quiero café Estoy tomando café Estoy tomando té Quiero pan por favor Quiero leche por favor Quiero agua por favor Quiero vino por favor Sí. Quiero café por favor esto, eso Hola No sé Depende Quiero ir Quiero comer No quiero tomar nada ahora No quiero comer nada ahora Quiero tomar café ¿Cómo está? Estoy bien Por favor, Gracias, De nada ¿Dónde está el baño, por favor? lunes, martes, miércoles jueves, viernes, sábado, domingo (No Caps) uno, dos, tres cuatro, cinco, seis siete, ocho, nueve, diez quince, doce, catorce diecisiete, veinte</p>
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July Summer, winter, spring May, December Please listen and repeat each time you hear the native speaker's voice! Very good I'm sorry, but I don't understand Can you repeat? CD #2 Track #4 Speak more slowly please! Repeat everything, please I would like ... I want ... therefore to leave a tip I would like to leave a tip I want to leave a tip Where is the bathroom please? Fantastic! CD #2 Track #5 Congrats! That was really good. Let's move on to do some more original sentence creation practice. Are you guys ready? Let's begin! Let's begin by reviewing a few basics. Always remember. Repetition is the mother of fluency. How would you say I want I would like I can I need I have to I'm going to OK. Now let's review our infinitives, the dictionary definition of a verb. to go to eat to leave or to go out to order or to request to order food (in Mexico) to pay	julio (not capitalized) el verano, el invierno, la primavera mayo, diciembre Muy bien Lo siento, pero no entiendo ¿Puede repetir? CD #2 Track #4 ¡Hable más despacio, por favor! Repita todo por favor Quisiera ... Quiero ... entonces dejar una propina, Quisiera dejar una propina Quiero dejar una propina ¿Dónde está el baño por favor? ¡Fantástico! CD #2 Track #5 ¿Están listos? ¡Comencemos! Quiero Quisiera Puedo Necesito Tengo que Voy a ir comer salir pedir ordenar pagar
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<p>to buy to travel to learn to reserve to talk or to speak to have to do or to make Let's do a little memory retrieval. I want I would like I can I need I have to I'm going to</p> <p>CD #2 Track #6 Now let's do the same exercise for the verb infinitives to go to eat to leave or to go out to order or to request to order food (in Mexico) to pay to buy to travel to learn to reserve to talk or to speak to have to do or to make</p> <p>It's time to review the fundamentals of original sentence creation in Spanish one more time. All you really have to do is to take these modal verb forms</p> <p>Step #1: Say "I want" "I can" and so forth</p> <p>Step #2: And then connect them with an infinitive (the dictionary definition of a verb that begins with "to") like</p> <p>to eat, to reserve When you do this, you're able to create easy and versatile sentences like</p> <p>I want to go I need to eat Now let's test your speaking ability in Spanish .. I want to go I would like to go</p>	<p>comprar viajar aprender reservar hablar tener hacer</p> <p>Quiero Quisiera Puedo Necesito Tengo que Voy a</p> <p>CD #2 Track #6 ir comer salir pedir ordenar pagar comprar viajar aprender reservar hablar tener hacer</p> <p>Quiero, Puedo</p> <p>comer, reservar</p> <p>Quiero ir Necesito comer</p> <p>Quiero ir Quisiera ir</p>
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<p>and only one male, the gender goes to the masculine. Here's an example. We're American (masc. plural) - Either all male or mixed female and male. It could be 1 million females and one male, but it's still masculine. We're American (masculine plural - ending in "os") We are American (fem. plural - ending in "as") It's not at all fair, but that's the way it is in Spanish. But if there are only females, without one single male, we'll use the feminine form. We are American (fem. plural - ending in "as") I'm glad we got that behind us! Now, let's learn how to say "yes" and "no" in Spanish No Yes I, me You (formal)</p> <p>But Spanish is very different from English in that you don't always have to say ... "I = Yo" or "You = Usted" before the verb. In Spanish, the end of the verb tells you who is doing the talking, so many times you can leave off the subject pronoun like I = Yo, or You = Usted Here's an example: The "o" at the end of I want - "Quiero" tells you who is doing the talking. Of course you could also say "Yo quiero" (I want) for added emphasis, but it's not necessary. The same is true for "You want" "Quiere" But, if you want to add emphasis you could use the formal pronoun for "You" = "Usted" and say .. Usted quiere (You want) But the "usted" is not necessary except for added clarification. Remember: You can simply say "Quiero" or "Quiere" in place of "Yo Quiero" or "Usted Quiere"</p> <p>This is simple Spanish English Me, you to speak Spanish How do you think you would say ..." to speak English Now we need a very important word here ...</p>	<p>Somos americanosos</p> <p>Somos americanosos Somos americanasas</p> <p>Somos americanasas</p> <p>Sí No Yo Usted</p> <p>Yo - Usted</p> <p>Esto es fácil español inglés yo, usted hablar español</p> <p>hablar inglés</p>
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<p>I want</p> <p>CD #2 Track #10 Now, if we add "I want" to the beginning of this statement, we can tell the world what we're trying to do here. to speak Spanish I want to speak Spanish English How would you say I want to speak English I want to speak Spanish water Please Thank you Please, thank you</p> <p>CD #2 Track #11 You're welcome literally means "of nothing" You're welcome one, two, three Now, learn how to say this that This or that? Again</p> <p>CD #2 Track #12 This or that? Or One or two This That This or that Bring it back from memory. Say ... Please, thank you, you're welcome Now, try to remember how to say ... One or two? This or that? Spanish, English I want to speak Spanish I want water Here's a new one. How would you say ...? also neither As you already know, the Spanish word for I or me is the same</p>	<p>Quiero</p> <p>CD #2 Track #10</p> <p>hablar español Quiero hablar español inglés</p> <p>Quiero hablar inglés Quiero hablar español agua por favor gracias por favor, gracias</p> <p>CD #2 Track #11</p> <p>de nada uno, dos, tres</p> <p>esto eso Esto o eso? Otra vez</p> <p>CD #2 Track #12 Esto o eso? o uno o dos esto eso esto o eso</p> <p>Por favor, gracias, de nada español, inglés ¿Uno o dos? This or that? español, inglés Quiero hablar español Quiero agua</p> <p>también tampoco</p>
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<p>I, me</p> <p>CD #2 Track #13 Now, try to remember how to say ... also (too) You've already learned in Spanish that ... I - me Me too also, neither</p> <p>CD #2 Track #14 Now, let's have some more fun. How would you say? Me neither Me too, me neither In Spanish, the polite form for "you" is ... you Now, put these two together. Say me, you Repeat one more time! me, you How would you say? Hi! Now learn to ask What is your name? (formal) Now ask someone you don't know "What is your name" Say "My name is..." (followed by your name) Telling others your name in Spanish is easy. Simply say "My name is..." (followed by your name) Now attempt to ask ... What is your name? Now respond by saying "My name is..." (followed by your name) Fantastic! Listen and repeat the following! and Me and you (familiar) Me and you (formal) This and that Listen to this short story ... Hi! My name is I am from Colombia and I speak Spanish I like to speak Spanish Here's how you would say</p>	<p>yo, yo</p> <p>CD #2 Track #13 also yo Yo también también, tampoco</p> <p>CD #2 Track #14 Yo tampoco Yo también, yo tampoco usted yo, usted ¡Repita una vez más! yo, usted ¡Hola! ¿Cómo se llama usted? ¿Cómo se llama usted? Me llamo... (+ your name) Me llamo... (+ your name) ¿Cómo se llama usted? Me llamo... (+ your name) ¡Fantástico! y Yo y tú Yo y usted Esto y eso ¡Hola! Me llamo Soy de Colombia y hablo español Me gusta hablar español</p>
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<p>I am American. I am from the United States (fem.) It's Audio Snapshot Time Hi! My name is I am from Colombia and I speak Spanish I like to speak Spanish Do you remember how to say ...? Hi - What is your name? Now respond by saying "My name is" Pleased to meet you The pleasure is mine is mine the pleasure Now put them together and say The pleasure is mine</p> <p>CD #3 Track #2 Audio Snapshot Very good I'm sorry but I don't understand Can you repeat? Speak more slowly please Repeat everything please I would like I want therefore to leave a tip I would like to leave a tip I want to leave a tip Where is the bathroom please? I You (fam.) He She You (form.) We You guys They (masc.) They (fem.) I get by in Spanish I speak a little Spanish Easy Difficult Fun A lot A little</p>	<p>Soy americana. Soy de los Estados Unidos ¡Hola! Me llamo Soy de Colombia y hablo español Me gusta hablar español ¿Recuerda cómo se dice? Hola - ¿Cómo se llama usted? Me llamo ... (+ your name) Mucho gusto El gusto es mío es mío el gusto</p> <p>El gusto es mío</p> <p>CD #3 Track #2 Muy bien Lo siento pero no entiendo ¿Puede repetir? Hable más despacio por favor Repita todo por favor Quisiera Quiero entonces dejar una propina Quisiera dejar una propina Quiero dejar una propina ¿Dónde está el baño por favor? yo tú él ella usted nosotros ustedes ellos ellas Me defiendo en español Hablo poquito español fácil difícil divertido mucho un poco</p>
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also	también
neither	tampoco
Me too	Yo también
Me neither	Yo tampoco
a lot	mucho
a little	un poco
yet	todavía
Not yet	No todavía
tomorrow	mañana
I don't want to order yet	No quiero ordenar todavía
I don't care	No me importa
I would like a glass of cold water please	Quisiera un vaso de agua fría por favor
or	o
This or that?	¿Esto o eso?
One or two?	¿Uno o dos?
Me too, Me neither	Yo también, Yo tampoco
What is your name? (form.)	¿Cómo se llama usted?
My name is...	Me llamo...
and	y
Me and you (fam.)	yo y tú
Me and you (form.)	yo y usted
This and that	Esto y eso
Where are you from?	¿De dónde es usted?
I am from the United States	Soy de los Estados Unidos
I don't want to eat anything now	No quiero comer nada ahora
I would like	Quisiera
I want to go with you (fam.)	Quiero ir contigo
I want to go with you (form.)	Quiero ir con usted
I prefer to eat with you (fam.)	Prefiero comer contigo
I prefer to eat with you (form.)	Prefiero comer con usted
I	yo
You (fam.)	tú
He	él
She	ella
You (form.)	usted
We	nosotros
You guys	ustedes
They (masc.)	ellos
They (fem.)	ellas
CD #3 Track #3	CD #3 Track #3
I can	Puedo
I need	Necesito
I have to	Tengo que
I'm going to	Voy a
to go out	salir
to order (in Mexico)	ordenar

<p>to order (general) to pay to buy to travel to learn to reserve to talk or to speak to have to do or to make to have to leave or to go out I get by in Spanish I speak a little Spanish Please</p> <p>Want to avoid sounding like a gringo? Avoid this. "Por favor" (with the English "r" formed with the lips. Want to sound like a native Spanish speaker. Learn to say this. "Por favor" (pronouncing the "r" with the tongue and not the lips. Grammar Explanation Time Time to Learn Subject Pronouns (I, You, He, She, We, They) do not need to be used as often as in English, because the endings in Spanish verbs indicate the speaker. To sound like a native speaker, reserve the use of subject pronouns to emphasize or to clarify only. Ex: Habl<u>o</u> The "o" indicates the yo form, so we already know who is speaking. Are you guys ready? Let's begin! Here are the subject pronouns in Spanish! I You (fam.) He She You (form.) We (masculine or mixed male or female) We (all female) You guys They (masc.) They (fem.) I You (fam.) He She You (form.) We</p>	<p>pedir pagar comprar viajar aprender reservar hablar tener hacer tener salir Me definiendo en español Hablo poquito español Por favor</p> <p>The "a" in Spanish sounds like "ah"</p> <p>porr fah vorr</p> <p>¿Están listos? ¡Comencemos!</p> <p>yo tú él ella usted nosotros nosotras ustedes ellos ellas yo tú él ella usted nosotros</p>
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<p>You guys They (masc.) They (fem.)</p> <p>CD #3 Track #4 to order (in Mexico) to order (in South America) Time for a little cultura (music & explanation) to order (in Mexico) to order (in Latin and South America) How did it go for you? Fantastic!</p> <p><u>Grammar Explanation Time</u> Now, time to learn how to express likes and dislikes in Spanish. In Spanish you don't like something. Something is <i>pleasing to you</i>. <i>I like</i> Mexican food = Mexican food <i>is pleasing to me</i> . "Me gusta" is translated as "I like" but it literally means "_____ is pleasing to me" The beautiful thing is that "Me gusta" can be used with both nouns and verbs. For example... I like Mexican food I like American food Do you like... (familiar) Avoid the big explosions of air that usually accompany English words. Avoid the English long vowel sounds. And you would not say for example "Tayy Goostaah" in Spanish, because the long drawn out sounds are very "gringo" sounding. Spanish sounds are short and choppy, not long and drawn out. Let's review "Gustar" (to be pleasing to)! I like (<i>It's pleasing to me</i>) You like (fam.) He likes/She likes We like (<i>It's pleasing to us</i>) They like You guys like Do you guys like it? Do you (formal) like... (usted form) Does he like? Does she like...? Do you (<i>in the formal</i>) like?</p>	<p>ustedes ellos ellas</p> <p>CD #3 Track #4 ordenar pedir</p> <p>ordenar pedir ¿Cómo le fue? ¡Fantástico!</p> <p><i>Me gusta la comida mexicana</i></p> <p>Me gusta la comida mexicana Me gusta la comida americana ¿Te gusta?</p> <p>Me gusta Te gusta Le gusta Nos gusta Les gusta Les gusta ¿Les gusta? ¿Le gusta? ¿Le gusta? ¿Le gusta? ¿Le gusta?</p>
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The really neat thing about expressing likes and dislikes in Spanish is that you can use any infinitive with these.

For example, you could say

I like **to speak**

I like **to eat**

I like **to go**

Just add an infinitive after any of those forms.

Once again

I like

You like (in the familiar)

Do you like? (in the familiar)

He likes/She likes

Do you like? (formal)

Does he like/Does she like?

Does he like Mexican food?

We like

They like

Do you like? (formal to one person)

Do you guys like? (to more than one person)

So you could use either a noun after that, or a verb

For example

I like Mexican food

And I could also say

I like to eat

Or I could really be cool and say

I like to eat Mexican food

Now that was easy ... wasn't it?

CD #3 Track #5

Time to Simply Listen - Audio Snapshot

I want to go now

I can go now

I prefer to go now

I have to go now

I'm going to go now

CD #3 Track #6

Now listen for a moment to the untranslated questions that you're going to be hearing in your first conversation. See which ones you understand.

Do you want to go now?

Do you prefer to go now?

Can you go now?

Do you have to go now?

Are you going to go now?

Now listen to all of your possible responses to these

Me gusta **hablar**

Me gusta **comer**

Me gusta **ir**

Me gusta

Te gusta

¿Te gusta?

Le gusta

¿Le gusta?

¿Le gusta?

¿Le gusta la comida mexicana?

Nos gusta

Les gusta

¿Le gusta?

¿Les gusta?

Me gusta la comida mexicana

Me gusta comer

Me gusta comer comida mexicana

CD #3 Track #5

Quiero ir ahora

Puedo ir ahora

Prefiero ir ahora

Tengo que ir ahora

Voy a ir ahora

CD #3 Track #6

¿Quiere ir ahora?

¿Prefiere ir ahora?

¿Puede ir ahora?

¿Tiene que ir ahora?

¿Va a ir ahora?

questions! How many of them can you understand?

I want to go now.

I prefer to go now.

I can go now.

I have to go now.

I'm going to go now.

Are you ready to converse? Ask and answer

questions as prompted.

Now attempt to ask

Do you want to go now?

I want to go now

Do you prefer to go now?

I prefer to go now.

CD #3 Track #7

Now attempt to ask

Can you go now?

I can go now.

Do you have to go now?

I have to go now.

Are you going to go now?

I'm going to go now.

CD #3 Track #8

Congrats! That was really good!

Now listen to this conversation between Kora from Mexico and Claudia from Colombia who meet for the very first time!

Hi!

What is your name?

My name is... (Kora) ¿Y usted?

My name is (Claudia)

Pleased to meet you

The pleasure is mine

Where are you from?

I am from the Colombia.

I'm Colombian. And you?

I'm not from Colombia. I'm from Mexico.

I'm Mexican.

Did you get that?

Fantastic!

CD #3 Track #9

Now imagine for a moment that you're actually in Mexico speaking with Kora. How would you ask and answer the following questions?

Quiero ir ahora.

Prefiero ir ahora.

Puedo ir ahora.

Tengo que ir ahora.

Voy a ir ahora.

¿Quiere ir ahora?

Quiero ir ahora

¿Prefiere ir ahora?

Prefiero ir ahora

CD #3 Track #7

¿Puede ir ahora?

Puedo ir ahora.

¿Tiene que ir ahora?

Tengo que ir ahora

¿Va a ir ahora?

Voy a ir ahora

CD #3 Track #8

¡Hola!

¿Cómo se llama usted?

Me llamo... (Kora) And you?

Me llamo ... (Claudia)

Mucho gusto

El gusto es mío

¿De dónde es usted?

Soy de Colombia.

Soy colombiana. ¿Y usted?

No soy de Colombia. Soy de México.

Soy mexicana.

¡Fantástico!

CD #3 Track #9

<p>Say "Hi!" Now attempt to ask "What is your name?" My name is (followed by your name) Pleased to meet you. Respond by saying "The pleasure is mine."</p> <p>Now attempt to ask Where are you from? Respond by saying "I'm from the United States" Now attempt to say</p> <p>I am American (masc.) I am American (fem.) I am Mexican (fem.)</p> <p>Now listen to the conversation one more time and see how much more you understand!</p> <p>Hi! What is your name? My name is... (Kora) ¿Y usted? My name is (Claudia) Pleased to meet you The pleasure is mine Where are you from? I am from the Colombia. I'm Colombian. And you? I'm not from Colombia. I'm from Mexico. I'm Mexican.</p> <p>CD #3 Track #9 How would you ask and answer the following questions in Spanish? Hello. What is your name? (form.) My name is... Pleased to meet you The pleasure is mine Where are you from? (form.) I am from the United States I'm from Mexico, I'm Mexican (fem.) I am American (masc.) I am from the United States</p> <p>You want to ask someone if he or she can speak English. Let's break the process down into simple understandable bits. Are you ready? Let's begin! Can you? Can you speak English? I can speak a little Spanish to understand Can you understand English?</p>	<p>¡Hola! ¿Cómo se llama usted? Me llamo ... (followed by your name) Mucho gusto. El gusto es mío.</p> <p>¿De dónde es usted? Soy de los Estados Unidos</p> <p>Soy americano Soy americana Soy mexicana</p> <p>¡Hola! ¿Cómo se llama usted? Me llamo... (Kora) And you? Me llamo ... (Claudia) Mucho gusto El gusto es mío ¿De dónde es usted? Soy de Colombia. Soy colombiana. ¿Y usted? No soy de Colombia. Soy de México. Soy mexicana.</p> <p>CD #3 Track #9 Hola. ¿Cómo se llama usted? Me llamo... Mucho gusto El gusto es mío ¿De dónde es usted? Soy de los Estados Unidos Soy de México, soy mexicana Soy americano, soy de los Estados Unidos</p> <p>¡Comencemos! ¿Puede? ¿Puede hablar inglés? Puedo hablar un poco de español entender ¿Puede entender inglés?</p>
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<p>Yes, I can understand a little English Yes, I can understand a little Spanish I'm sorry, but... but I don't understand I'm sorry but I don't understand Can you repeat? Speak more slowly please Repeat everything please I'm sorry, but I don't understand. Repeat everything please.</p> <p>CD #3 Track #10 Now learn one of the most useful requests in the Spanish language! Where is the bathroom please? Excuse me! Where is the bathroom please? It's to the right It's to the left It is to the right / to the left to the right/to the left</p> <p>CD #3 Track #11 Now try to say both side by side. to the right/to the left Make a short sentence of that and say ... It's to the right/It's to the left How did it go for you? Audio Snapshot Time Who? / What? / When? / Where? / How? / Why? because/I need .../ the menu please Time for a Fast Vocabulary Blast Who? / What? / When? / Where? / How? / Why? because/I need/ the menu please Try to say the following before the native speaker and then repeat after the native speaker! Who? / What? / When? / Where? / How? / Why?/because/I need/ the menu please</p> <p>CD #3 Track #12 Let's check your progress and say how fast you can think and speak in Spanish! I have to/I need/I'm going to/I can/I can't I'm not going to/I don't have to/I don't need I'm sorry but/I'm sorry but I don't have to</p>	<p>Sí, puedo entender un poco de ingles Sí, puedo entender un poco de español Lo siento, pero... pero No entiendo Lo siento pero no entiendo ¿Puede repetir? Hable más despacio por favor Repita todo por favor Lo siento, pero no entiendo. Repita todo por favor.</p> <p>CD #3 Track #10 ¿Dónde está el baño por favor? ¡Perdón! ¿Dónde está el baño por favor? Está a la derecha Está a la izquierda Está a la derecha / a la izquierda a la derecha/a la izquierda</p> <p>CD #3 Track #11 a la derecha/a la izquierda Está a la derecha/Está a la izquierda ¿Cómo le fue? ¿Quién?/Qué?/¿Cuándo?/¿Dónde?/¿Cómo? ¿Por qué?/porque/Necesito/la carta por favor ¿Quién?/Qué?/¿Cuándo?/¿Dónde?/¿Cómo? ¿Por qué?/porque/Necesito/la carta por favor ¿Quién?/Qué?/¿Cuándo?/¿Dónde?/¿Cómo? ¿Por qué?/porque/Necesito/la carta por favor</p> <p>CD #3 Track #12 Tengo que/Necesito/Voy a/Puedo/No puedo No voy a/No tengo que/No necesito Lo siento pero/Lo siento pero no tengo que</p>
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I'm sorry but I don't need
 I'm sorry but I'm not going to
 I'm sorry but I can't
 I'm sorry but I can't go now
 I'm sorry but I don't need to go back home
 I'm sorry but I don't want to come here again
 I'm sorry but I want to visit my friends
 I'm sorry but I'm not going to need anything
 I'm sorry but I have to speak Spanish
 I'm sorry but I don't want to have problems
 I'm sorry but I have to do the work
 I'm sorry but I don't want to wait any longer
 I'm sorry but I can't understand the situation

CD #3 Track #13

Now, try to remember these and say them out loud before the native speaker provides you with a response!

Repeat everything please!

I would like/I want/therefore/to leave a tip

I would like to leave a tip

I want to leave a tip

Where is the bathroom please?

I live/You live (formal)/Where do you live?/I live

I live here

to see/to see a movie/to visit/to visit my relatives

to visit my mother-in-law/to eat something

to eat something good/to drink/to drink Coke

to drink a cup of coffee/to try to do something

I want to try to do something new

CD #3 Track #14

And now .. You guessed it!

It's Memory Retrieval Time!

Try to say the following before the native speaker!

to give/to work/to walk/to learn/to buy something

to get something/at the store

I need to get something at the store

I would like

Try to say the following before the native speaker!

I'm fine/I am American (male)/I am American (fem)

I am from the United States

Right?/ Please-Thank You-You're Welcome

I'm sorry, but I don't understand Spanish very well

Can you repeat?/Thank you very much for your help

How are you (formal)/How are you (familiar)

Good/Very good/I'm fine/There is/There are

Lo siento pero no necesito
 Lo siento pero no voy a
 Lo siento pero no puedo
 Lo siento pero no puedo ir ahora
 Lo siento pero no necesito regresar a casa
 Lo siento pero no quiero venir aquí otra vez
 Lo siento pero quiero visitar a mis amigos
 Lo siento pero no voy a necesitar nada
 Lo siento pero tengo que hablar español
 Lo siento pero no quiero tener problemas
 Lo siento pero tengo que hacer el trabajo
 Lo siento pero no quiero esperar más tiempo
 Lo siento pero no puedo entender la situación

CD #3 Track #13

¡Repita todo por favor!

Quisiera/Quiero/entonces/dejar una propina

Quisiera dejar una propina

Quiero dejar una propina

¿Dónde está el baño por favor?

Vivo/Vive/¿Dónde vive?/Vivo

Vivo aquí

ver/ver una película/visitar/visitar a mis parientes

visitar a mi suegra/comer algo

comer algo rico/tomar/tomar Coca

tomar una taza de café/tartar de hacer algo

Quiero tratar de hacer algo nuevo

CD #3 Track #14

dar/trabajar/caminar/aprender/comprar algo

conseguir algo/en la tienda

Necesito conseguir algo en la tienda

Me gustaría

Estoy bien/Soy americano/Soy americana

Soy de los Estados Unidos

¿Verdad?/Por favor-Gracias-De Nada

Lo siento, pero no entiendo muy bien el español

¿Puede repetir?/Muchas gracias por su ayuda

¿Cómo está?/¿Cómo estás?

Bien/Muy bien/Estoy bien/Hay/Hay

Yes/no/I'm sorry but I don't understand	Sí/No/Lo siento, pero no entiendo
Speak more slowly please/Repeat everything please	Hable más despacio, por favor/Repita todo por favor
Where is the bathroom, please?	¿Dónde está el baño, por favor?
water/a bottle of cold water	agua/una botella de agua fría
coffee/Mexican food/American food	café/comida mexicana/comida americana
stove hot or sun hot/spicy hot	caliente/picante
spicy hot food/beer/wine/hard	comida picante/cerveza/vino/duro
I get by en Spanish	Me defiando en español
I speak a little Spanish	Hablo poquito español
one, two, three, four, five, six, seven, eight, nine, ten	uno, dos, tres, cuatro, cinco, seis, siete, ocho, nueve, diez
What day is today? / Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday	¿Qué día es hoy? / lunes, martes, miércoles,
Thursday, Friday, Saturday, Sunday	jueves, viernes, sábado, domingo
the bathroom/Where is the bathroom?	el baño/¿Dónde está el baño?
Please/Thank you/You're welcome	Por favor/Gracias/De nada
Where is the bathroom please?	¿Dónde está el baño por favor?
I want/I would like	Quiero/Quisiera
Try to say the following before the native speaker!	
Spain/Mexico/Europe/Spanish/English	España/México/Europa/el español/el inglés
Let's practice	
to know/become familiar with Spain	conocer España
to know Mexico/to know Europe	conocer México/conocer Europa
to know Spanish/to know English	saber el español/saber el inglés
to be able to speak Spanish	poder hablar español
What do you want to do?	¿Qué quiere hacer?
I want to be able to speak Spanish	Quiero poder hablar español
someday/soon	algún día/pronto
I want to be able to speak Spanish someday	Quiero poder hablar español algún día
I want to be able to speak Spanish soon	Quiero poder hablar español pronto
CD #4 Track #2	CD #4 Track #2
It's Audio Snapshot Time	
I get by in Spanish/Excuse me	Me defiando en español/Perdón
Can you tell me where the bathroom is please?	¿Puede decirme dónde está el baño por favor?
I like/I like to go out/I like to walk	Me gusta/Me gusta salir/Me gusta caminar
I like to go out with friends	Me gusta salir con amigos
Do you like to eat something good	¿Le gusta comer algo rico?
I would like to order now/How tasty!	Quisiera ordenar ahora/¡Qué rico!
How good!/How does it taste?	¡Qué rico!/¿Qué tal sabe?
Tasty/How tasty/More hot sauce	Rico/¡Qué rico!/Más salsa picante
It tastes good/It tastes bad	Sabe rico/Sabe mal
I prefer to order later	Prefiero ordenar después
I would like to taste this/It tastes bad/It tastes good	Quisiera probar esto/Sabe mal/Sabe rico

I want to taste this food
 I'd like to taste that food/please
 I speak a little Spanish
 Do you prefer coffee?/I prefer coffee
 Do you prefer beer?/I prefer beer
 more cold water/Do you want wine?
 I want wine/Do you want coffee?
 Yes. I want coffee
 Do you prefer Mexican food?
 Yes. I prefer Mexican food.
 I need the bill/Do you prefer American food?
 Yes. I prefer American food
 more water/I prefer water/I don't want to pay yet
 I prefer coffee/I would like a bottle of water
 I would like more milk please
 I would like to order now/I prefer to order later
 I would like more water please
 I want more bread please
 I would like more bread please/more coffee
 I want milk/I would like milk
 I need to taste/I would like more milk please
 fresh bread/more fresh bread
 I want more fresh bread
 I would like more fresh bread please
 more water/more cold water
 more bread/more hot bread
 coffee with milk/coffee with milk and sugar

CD #4 Track #3

with/without/more hot tea/salsa/salsa picante
 more hot sauce/more hot sauce please
 more coffee/more black coffee
 I would like more coffee please
 more cold beer please
 I would like more cold beer please
 sugar/milk/with sugar/with milk
 without sugar/without milk
 to drink/to drink Coke/I want to drink Coke
 more coffee/more water/more tea/more milk
 more chocolate/more hot chocolate/more wine
 more wine please/more red wine/more rosé
 more white wine/more beer
 more Mexican beer/more American beer
 more German beer
 to eat something good/How tasty!

CD #4 Track #4

Quiero probar esta comida
 Quisiera probar esa comida/por favor
 Hablo poquito español
 ¿Prefiere café?/Prefiero café
 ¿Prefiere cerveza?/Prefiero cerveza
 más agua fría/¿Quiere vino?
 Quiero vino/¿Quiere café?
 Sí. Quiero café
 ¿Prefiere comida mexicana?
 Sí. Prefiero comida mexicana
 Necesito la cuenta/¿Prefiere comida americana?
 Sí. Prefiero comida americana
 más agua/Prefiero agua/No quiero pagar todavía
 Prefiero café/Quisiera una botella de agua
 Quisiera más leche por favor
 Quisiera ordenar ahora/Prefiero ordenar después
 Quisiera más agua por favor
 Quiero más pan por favor
 Quisiera más pan por favor/más café
 Quiero leche/Quisiera leche
 Necesito probar/Quisiera más leche por favor
 pan fresco/más pan fresco
 Quiero más pan fresco
 Quisiera más pan fresco por favor
 más agua/más agua fría
 más pan/más pan caliente
 café con leche/café con leche y azúcar

CD #4 Track #3

con/sin/más té caliente/salsa/salsa picante
 más salsa picante/más salsa picante por favor
 más café/más café negro
 Me gustaría más café por favor
 más cerveza fría por favor
 Quisiera más cerveza fría por favor
 azúcar/leche/con azúcar/con leche
 sin azúcar/sin leche
 tomar/tomar Coca/Quiero tomar Coca
 más café/más agua/más té/más leche
 más chocolate/más chocolate caliente/más vino
 más vino por favor/más vino tinto/más vino Rosado
 más vino blanco/más cerveza
 más cerveza mexicana/más cerveza americana
 más cerveza alemana
 comer algo rico/¡Qué rico!

CD #4 Track #4

Great job listening to all of that! Now let's move on to one of my favorite subjects and probably yours too. Eating and restaurants.

I need ... please

a napkin/a glass of cold water

a bottle of cold water/a bottle of mineral water

a cup of coffee/a coffee/black coffee

coffee with cream/coffee with milk

coffee with sugar/decaffeinated coffee/sugar

more sugar/more sugar please/salt/the salt shaker

pepper/the pepper shaker/more coffee/more water

more tea/more milk/more chocolate

more hot chocolate/more wine/more wine please

more red wine/more rosé/more white wine

more beer/more Mexican beer

more American beer/more German beer

the bill/I need the bill

I need the bill please/I need a fork

a fork/a spoon/a knife

I need a knife please

I need a spoon please

I need a fork please

I need another glass please

I need another napkin please

I need more money please

CD #4 Track #5

It's Grammar Explanation Time

Double Infinitives in Spanish

An infinitive is the dictionary definition of a verb.

All infinitives in English begin with "to"

Modal Verb + infinitive + infinitive

I want to be able to go

I would like to be able to eat

Let's begin!

I want to be able to speak Spanish

I would like to be able to speak Spanish

I would like to be able to go

I want to be able to understand Spanish

I would like to be able to understand Spanish

I want to go/I don't want to wait/I don't want to go

Do you want to taste?/I want to taste

I don't want to taste/I want to work

I don't want to work/I want to learn

What do you want to do?

I want to go to the party/the party

to order (Mexico)/to order (South America)

Necesito por favor

una servilleta/un vaso de agua fría

una botella de agua fría/una botella de agua mineral

una taza de café/un café/café negro

café con crema/café con leche

café con azúcar/café descafeinado/azúcar

más azúcar/más azúcar por favor/sal/el salero

la pimienta/el pimentero/más café/more water

más té/más leche/más chocolate

más chocolate caliente/más vino/más vino por favor

más vino tinto/más vino rosado/más vino blanco

más cerveza/más cerveza mexicana

más cerveza americana/más cerveza alemana

la cuenta/Necesito la cuenta

Necesito la cuenta por favorNecesito un tenedor

un tenedor/una cuchara/un cuchillo

Necesito un cuchillo por favor

Necesito una cuchara por favor

Necesito un tenedor por favor

Necesito otro vaso por favor

Necesito otra servilleta por favor

Necesito más dinero por favor

CD #4 Track #5

Quiero poder ir

Quisiera poder comer

¡Comencemos!

Quiero poder hablar español

Quisiera poder hablar español

Quisiera poder ir

Quiero poder entender el español

Quisiera poder entender el español

Quiero ir/No quiero esperar/No quiero ir

¿Quiere probar?/Quiero probar

No quiero probar/Quiero trabajar

No quiero trabajar/Quiero aprender

¿Qué quiere hacer?

Quiero ir a la fiesta/la fiesta

ordenar/pedir

<p>I want to order beer/I want to order coffee I want to drink</p> <p>CD #4 Track #6 I want to drink cold water I want to drink cold beer/I would like I would like to order milk I would like to order cold milk I prefer/I prefer to eat now I prefer to eat later</p> <p>What? Want to avoid sounding like a gringo? Avoid this ... kaaayyy Want to sound like a native Spanish speaker? Learn to say this: What? = keh (pronounced like the letter “k”) Huh? What? (Polite form when used alone) What?/¿Qué is extremely useful when creating sentences and questions In fact, all you have to do is say “Qué” at the beginning of the question, and then inflect (raise the tonality of your voice) at the end of the sentence to create easy and effective questions in Spanish. For example: You want to eat? What do you want to eat? What do you prefer to eat? What do you prefer to order?</p> <p>Now let's move on to some other key question words! Where? Where do you prefer to go? Where do you prefer to eat? I prefer to eat in a Mexican restaurant What do you prefer to eat?</p> <p>CD #4 Track #7 I prefer to eat stove hot food Stove hot or sun hot I prefer to eat spicy hot food Spicy hot sun hot / spicy hot Congrats! That was really good. Now let's try another. I want to be in Mexico to be (location)</p>	<p>Quiero ordenar cerveza/Quiero ordenar café Quiero tomar</p> <p>CD #4 Track #6 Quiero tomar agua fría Quiero tomar cerveza fría/Quisiera Quisiera ordenar leche Quisiera ordenar leche fría Prefiero/Prefiero comer ahora Prefiero comer después</p> <p>¿Qué?</p> <p>¿Qué? ¿Qué? ¿Cómo?</p> <p>¿Quiere comer? ¿Qué quiere comer? ¿Qué prefiere comer? ¿Qué prefiere ordenar?</p> <p>¿Dónde? ¿Dónde prefiere ir? ¿Dónde prefiere comer? Prefiero comer en un restaurante mexicano ¿Qué prefiere comer?</p> <p>CD #4 Track #7 Prefiero comer comida caliente caliente Prefiero comer comida picante picante caliente / picante</p> <p>Quiero estar en México estar</p>
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CD #4 Track #8

on the beach
to be on the beach
I want to be on the beach
I'm going to be on the beach
Where are you going to be?
On vacation
To be on vacation
I am going to be
I'm going to be on vacation
When?

When do you want to order?

What do you want to order?

Audio Snapshot

I would like to order
The fish
The meat
The vegetables
The salad
The enchiladas
Let's check your progress and see how fast you can think and speak in Spanish.

I would like to order
the fish
the meat
the vegetables
the salad
the enchiladas

CD #4 Track #9

How did it go for you?
Don't get discouraged if you don't get these all right the first time.

Practice makes perfect

Congrats! That was really good. Now, let's try another!

to rest
I prefer to rest
to eat
I prefer to eat
To go
I prefer to go
I prefer to go
to buy
I prefer to buy

CD #4 Track #8

en la playa
estar en la playa
Quiero estar en la playa
Voy a estar en la playa
¿Dónde va a estar?
de vacaciones
estar de vacaciones
Voy a estar
Voy a estar de vacaciones
¿Cuándo?
¿**Cuándo** quiere ordenar?
¿Qué quiere ordenar?

Quisiera ordenar
el pescado
la carne
las verduras
la ensalada
las enchiladas

Quisiera ordenar
el pescado
la carne
las verduras (los vegetales)
la ensalada
las enchiladas

CD #4 Track #9

¿Cómo le fue?

La práctica hace al maestro

descansar
Prefiero descansar
comer
Prefiero comer
ir
Prefiero ir
Prefiero ir
comprar
Prefiero comprar

CD #4 Track #10

to buy clothes
 Want to avoid sounding like a gringo?
 Avoid this. Row puh ("r" made with the lips)
 Want to sound like a native Spanish speaker?
 Learn to say this. RRRoh pah (rolled "r" with tongue)
 The Spanish "r" is pronounced with the tongue, not
 with the lips. Also, the "a" is open.
 Not Row puh but RRRo pah
 How would you say the following in Spanish?
 I prefer to buy clothes
 to go swimming
 I prefer to go swimming
 In the swimming pool (Mexico)
 In the swimming pool (Outside of Mexico)
 to swim
 I prefer to go swimming in the pool (Mexico)
 I prefer to go swimming in the pool (Outside of
 Mexico)

CD #4 Track #11

Let's check your progress and see how fast you can
 think and speak in Spanish!
 I would like
 I like
 I want
 I prefer
 I can
 I have to
 I need
 I'm going to
 to get
 to sleep
 to travel
 to go out
 to give
 To eat
 To walk
 To taste
 To dance
 To work
 To go
 To swim

CD #4 Track #10

comprar ropa

 Prefiero comprar ropa
 nadar
 Prefiero nadar
 en la alberca
 en la piscina
 nadar
 Prefiero nadar en la alberca
 Prefiero nadar en la piscina

CD #4 Track #11

Quisiera
 Me gusta
 Quiero
 Prefiero
 Puedo
 Tengo que
 Necesito
 Voy a
 conseguir
 dormir
 viajar
 salir
 dar
 comer
 caminar
 probar
 bailar
 trabajar
 ir
 nadar

To do or to make	hacer
To see	ver
To write	escribir
To learn	aprender
I can see	Puedo ver
I want to travel	Quiero viajar
I have to work	Tengo que trabajar
I can walk	Puedo caminar
I want to learn Spanish	Quiero aprender el español
I like to go out	Me gusta salir
I have to go	Tengo que ir
I like to learn	Me gusta aprender
CD #4 Track #12	CD #4 Track #12
I want to eat	Quiero comer
I want to go	Quiero ir
I can get	Puedo conseguir
I have to work	Tengo que trabajar
Practice asking the following questions!	
Do you want?	¿Quiere?
Do you like?	¿Le gusta?
Can you?	¿Puede?
Do you have to?	¿Tiene que?
Do you need?	¿Necesita?
Do you prefer?	¿Prefiere?
Are you going to?	¿Va a?
It's Memory Retrieval Time!	
to order	ordenar
to pay	pagar
to walk	caminar
to learn	aprender
to write	escribir
to read	leer
to give	dar
to see	ver
to do or to make	hacer
to go out	salir
to travel	viajar
to go	ir
to play (sports)	jugar
to play (instruments)	tocar
to sleep	dormir
to work	trabajar
to sing	cantar
to wait	esperar
to talk or to speak	hablar
Let's check your progress!	

CD #4 Track #13

I have to go now
I want to learn Spanish
You want to do
You want to do the work
Do you want to do the work?
to see a movie
Do you want to see a movie?
Do you prefer to see a movie?
To go out with friends
I like to go out with friends
Do you want to wait?
Do you want to go?
Do you want to sleep?
Do you want to go out?
Do you want to drive?
Do you want to walk?
Can you walk?
Do you have to walk?
Do you like to walk?

CD #4 Track #14

Yes, I like to walk
If I can
Listen to the use of "Si". One means if = si
and one means sí = yes
Yes, I like to walk if I can
to go out with friends
I like to go out with friends

Do you remember how to say
I'm going to go
I'm going to
You're going to
Are you going to?
Are you going to go out with friends?
Tonight?

CD #4 Track #15

Now attempt to ask
Are you going to go out with friends tonight?
In a restaurant?
Are you going to eat?

CD #4 Track #13

Tengo que ir ahora
Quiero aprender el Español
Quiere hacer
Quiere hacer el trabajo
¿Quiere hacer el trabajo?
ver una película
¿Quiere ver una película?
¿Prefiere ver una película?
salir con amigos
Me gusta salir con amigos
¿Quiere esperar?
¿Quiere ir?
¿Quiere dormir?
¿Quiere salir?
¿Quiere manejar?
¿Quiere caminar?
¿Puede caminar?
¿Tiene que caminar?
¿Le gusta caminar?

CD #4 Track #14

Sí, me gusta caminar
Si puedo

Sí, me gusta caminar si puedo
salir con amigos
Me gusta salir con amigos

Voy a ir
Voy a
¿Va a?
¿Va a?
¿Va a salir con amigos?
¿Esta noche?

CD #4 Track #15

¿Va a salir con amigos esta noche?
¿En un restaurante?
¿Va a comer?

<p>Now attempt to ask</p> <p>Are you going to eat in a restaurant?</p> <p>At home?</p> <p>Are you going to eat at home?</p> <p>Are you going to drink?</p> <p>Are you going to drink beer?</p> <p>Milk?</p> <p>Are you going to drink milk?</p> <p>Cookies?</p> <p>Are you going to eat cookies?</p> <p>Butter</p> <p>Bread with butter</p> <p>Are you going to eat bread with butter?</p>	<p>¿Va a comer en un restaurante?</p> <p>¿En casa?</p> <p>¿Va a comer en casa?</p> <p>¿Va a tomar?</p> <p>¿Va a tomar cerveza?</p> <p>¿Leche?</p> <p>¿Va a tomar leche?</p> <p>¿Galletas?</p> <p>¿Va a comer galletas?</p> <p>mantequilla</p> <p>pan con mantequilla</p> <p>¿Va a comer pan con mantequilla?</p>
<p>CD #5 Track #2</p> <p>It's Audio Snapshot Time</p> <p>my father</p> <p>my mother</p> <p>my parents</p> <p>our car</p> <p>our house</p> <p>our cars</p> <p>your friend (fam. masculine with an "o" ending)</p> <p>your friend (fam. feminine with an "a" ending)</p> <p>What time is it? (Academic & Most Common)</p> <p>What time is it? (Conversational)</p> <p>It's 1:15</p> <p>It's 1:30</p> <p>It's 2:00</p> <p>It's 3:00</p> <p>It's 4:00</p> <p>It's 5:00</p> <p>It's 6:00</p> <p>It's 7:00</p> <p>It's 8:00</p> <p>It's 9:00</p> <p>It's 10:00</p> <p>It's 11:00</p> <p>It's 12:00</p> <p>It's noon</p> <p>It's midnight</p> <p>Quarter past</p> <p>Half past</p> <p>Quarter till</p> <p>On the dot</p> <p>I want</p>	<p>CD #5 Track #2</p> <p>mi padre</p> <p>mi madre</p> <p>mis padres</p> <p>nuestro carro</p> <p>nuestra casa</p> <p>nuestros carros</p> <p>tu amigo</p> <p>tu amiga</p> <p>¿Qué hora es?</p> <p>¿Qué hora son?</p> <p>Es la una y cuarto (quince)</p> <p>Es la una y media</p> <p>Son las dos</p> <p>Son las tres</p> <p>Son las cuatro</p> <p>Son las cinco</p> <p>Son las seis</p> <p>Son las siete</p> <p>Son las ocho</p> <p>Son las nueve</p> <p>Son las diez</p> <p>Son las once</p> <p>Son las doce</p> <p>Es mediodía</p> <p>Es medianoche</p> <p>y cuarto</p> <p>y media</p> <p>cuarto para</p> <p>en punto</p> <p>quiero</p>

to talk or to speak	hablar
to eat	comer
to drink	tomar
to taste	probar
to know facts/subjects	saber
to know people, places, things	conocer
to go	ir
to do or to make	hacer
to buy	comprar
to work	trabajar
to rest	descansar
to try	tratar
to order	ordenar
to pay	pagar
to learn	aprender
to dance	bailar
to swim	nadar
to see	ver
to write	escribir
to send	mandar
to travel	viajar
to be (professions, identity)	ser
to be (temporary condition, location)	estar
to walk	caminar
I'm hungry	Tengo hambre
I'm thirsty	Tengo sed
CD #5 Track #3	CD #5 Track #3
Now, try to remember these and say them out loud!	
I'm hungry	Tengo hambre
I'm thirsty	Tengo sed
I want	Quiero
To talk or to speak	hablar
to eat	comer
to drink	tomar
to taste	probar
to know (facts, subjects)	saber
to know (people, places, things)	conocer
to go	ir
to do or to make	hacer
to buy	comprar
to work	trabajar
to rest	descansar
to try	tratar
to order	ordenar
to pay	pagar

<p>to learn to dance to swim to see to write to send to travel</p> <p>CD #5 Track #4 Here are some examples of the different ways that the two forms of "to be" ser and estar are used in context.</p> <p>to be (professions, identity, permanent characteristics) to be (temporary condition or location) to walk Here are some examples of of the different ways that the two forms of "to be", "ser" and "estar" are used in context! First "Ser" - "To Be" in terms of professions, identity, or permanent characteristics to be nice to be punctual to be courteous to be in Mexico to be on the beach to be in bed to be at work to be at home</p> <p>I prefer This is another simple two step process! Step #1: Say "I prefer" Step #2: Use whichever infinitive you wish to use after that to form another simple sentence. I prefer to be at home One more time I prefer to be at home I prefer to be on the beach It's really easy, isn't it?</p> <p>I prefer to be on the beach I prefer to be in bed I prefer to be nice I prefer to be punctual</p> <p>CD #5 Track #5</p>	<p>aprender bailar nadar ver escribir mandar viajar</p> <p>CD #5 Track #4</p> <p>ser estar caminar</p> <p>Ser</p> <p>ser amable ser puntual ser cortés estar en México estar en la playa estar en la cama estar en el trabajo estar en casa</p> <p>Prefiero</p> <p>Prefiero ..</p> <p>Prefiero estar en casa Una vez más Prefiero estar en casa Prefiero estar en la playa ¿Es muy fácil, ¿verdad?</p> <p>Prefiero estar en la playa Prefiero estar en la cama Prefiero ser amable Prefiero ser puntual</p> <p>CD #5 Track #5</p>
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<p>It's nice to prefer something, but sometimes we have to be somewhere or we have to do something.</p> <p>I have to ...</p> <p>I have to be at work</p> <p>I have to be punctual</p> <p>Now say these two side by side ...</p> <p>I have to be at work, I have to be punctual</p> <p>Keep in mind that you can use</p> <p>"Tengo que" = "I have to" + any infinitive to form simple, basic and very practical sentences. Here are some examples:</p> <p>It's Audio Snapshot Time</p> <p>I have to talk/speak</p> <p>I have to eat</p> <p>I have to drink</p> <p>I have to taste</p> <p>CD #5 Track #6</p> <p>I have to know (facts, subjects)</p> <p>I have to know (country, food, person)</p> <p>I have to go</p> <p>I have to do/make</p> <p>I have to buy</p> <p>I have to work</p> <p>I have to rest</p> <p>I have to try</p> <p>I have to order</p> <p>I have to pay</p> <p>Now it's your turn ... to actually participate in these sentence-building exercises!</p> <p>I have to talk/speak</p> <p>I have to eat</p> <p>CD #5 Track #7</p> <p>Try to remember how to say</p> <p>I have to speak</p> <p>I have to eat</p> <p>CD #5 Track #8</p> <p>Now it's time for us to learn to tell time!</p> <p>What time is it? (Academic & Most Common)</p> <p>What time is it? (Conversational)</p> <p>Basically you need two verbs when telling time in Spanish. Either "Es" = It is or "Son" = They are</p> <p>It is (for one o'clock and its derivatives)</p> <p>They are (for two o'clock and after)</p> <p>It's one o'clock</p>	<p>Tengo que</p> <p>Tengo que estar en el trabajo</p> <p>Tengo que ser puntual</p> <p>Tengo que estar en el trabajo, tengo que ser puntual</p> <p>Tengo que hablar</p> <p>Tengo que comer</p> <p>Tengo que tomar</p> <p>Tengo que probar</p> <p>CD #5 Track #6</p> <p>Tengo que saber</p> <p>Tengo que conocer</p> <p>Tengo que ir</p> <p>Tengo que hacer</p> <p>Tengo que comprar</p> <p>Tengo que trabajar</p> <p>Tengo que descansar</p> <p>Tengo que tratar</p> <p>Tengo que ordenar</p> <p>Tengo que pagar</p> <p>¡Ahora le toca a usted!</p> <p>Tengo que hablar</p> <p>Tengo que comer</p> <p>CD #5 Track #7</p> <p>Trata de recordar como se dice ...</p> <p>Tengo que hablar</p> <p>Tengo que comer</p> <p>CD #5 Track #8</p> <p>¿Qué hora es?</p> <p>¿Qué hora son?</p> <p>Es ...</p> <p>Son</p> <p>Es la una</p>
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<p>It's one fifteen It's one thirty For all other times you will use the plural "Son" For example ... It's two o'clock It's three o'clock It's nine o'clock Naturally, the most academically correct version of "What time is it?" is "¿Qué hora es?" but Spanish speakers frequently say "¿Qué horas son?" (What time is it?), because most of the time when you answer a time question in Spanish you will say "Son" with the time (except for one o'clock and its derivatives) All times relating to one o'clock are singular. It's one o'clock Now let's break down the derivatives. A quarter past would simply be "and quarter" quarter past It's one o'clock OK. Let's put those two together and say It's one fifteen (It's one and a quarter) It's one fifteen Perfect. And if you wanted to say ... "half past" And thirty (half past) Do you recall how to say "It's one o'clock" How about "It's one fifteen"</p> <p>CD #5 Track #9 And do you remember how to say "half past"? half past - literally "and thirty" Let's put the two together and say It's one thirty Here are more basics for learning to tell time in Spanish! Two key words to remember! y = for before the hour para = for after the hour y = and para = till So please remember this ... For derivatives after the hour you must say "y" which means "and" It's one fifteen (It's one and fifteen) It's a quarter past one (It's one and quarter) It's a quarter past seven So "y" is used for after the hour</p>	<p>Es la una y cuarto Es la una y media</p> <p>Son las dos Son las tres Son las nueve</p> <p>¿Qué hora es? ¿Qué horas son?</p> <p>Son ...</p> <p>Es la una y cuarto y cuarto Es la una</p> <p>Es la una y cuarto Es la una y cuarto (y quince) y media y media Es la una Es la una y cuarto</p> <p>CD #5 Track #9 y media y media</p> <p>Es la una y media</p> <p>y para</p> <p>Es la una y quince Es la una y cuarto Son las siete y cuarto y</p>
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<p>It's half past (and half) There are really two ways of expressing the idea of before the hour The most common conversationally is "para" It's ten till two It's twenty to three A more classic way of expressing the idea of before the hour is menos = minus It's ten till two (It's two o'clock minus ten) para is more conversational and more used in Latin America It's ten till two (most common with "para") It's ten till two (less common with "menos") It's one thirty</p> <p>It's one thirty (It's the one and thirty/half) It's one fifteen It's one o'clock/on the dot It's one fifteen It's one o'clock on the dot It's two o'clock minus quarter (It's a quarter to two) It's a quarter to two minus a quarter till (before the hour) It's twenty till five</p> <p>CD #5 Track #10 If you want to say "It's Twenty to Five" you've got (Two Choices) 1. It's five o'clock minus twenty 2. It's twenty to five (using para) The choice is yours. Once again, all times relating to one o'clock will use "Es = Is" All times beyond one o'clock will use "Son = Are" It's one o'clock/It's two o'clock It's one o'clock/It's two o'clock It's two o'clock/It's three o'clock It's four o'clock/It's five o'clock It's six o'clock/It's seven o'clock It's eight o'clock/It's nine o'clock/It's ten o'clock It's eleven o'clock/It's twelve o'clock It's noon/It's midnight Let's practice How do you say ? It's nine o'clock/It's a quarter to nine quarter past/half past quarter till</p>	<p>y media para Son diez para las dos Son veinte para las tres</p> <p>menos Son las dos menos diez</p> <p>Son diez para las dos Son las dos menos diez</p> <p>Es la una y media Es la una y cuarto Es la una/ en punto Es la una y cuarto Es la una en punto Son las dos menos cuarto Son las dos menos cuarto menos cuarto para Son veinte par las cinco</p> <p>CD #5 Track #10</p> <p>Son las cinco menos veinte Son veinte para las cinco</p> <p>Es Son Es la una/Son las dos Es la una/Son las dos Son las dos/Son las tres Son las cuatro/Son las cinco Son las seis/Son las siete Son las ocho/Son las nueve/Son las diez Son las once/Son las doce It's noon/It's midnight</p> <p>Son las nueve/Es cuarto par las nueve y cuarto/y media cuarto para</p>
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<p>Perfect. And then "on the dot" What time is it? (formal) What time is it? (familiar) I don't what time it is (informal) a clock/a watch</p> <p>Attempt to say "watch" - "clock"</p> <p>Want to avoid sounding like a gringo? Avoid this ... Want to sound like a native speaker? Say this ...</p> <p>Specific Clock Time in the morning/in the afternoon/in the evening at night</p> <p>It's one o'clock in the morning It's five o'clock in the morning It's five o'clock in the afternoon It's nine o'clock at night It's early/It's late too early/It's way too early It's way too late and = after seven after</p> <p>CD #5 Track #11 Let's practice a little bit more with times and try some more variety. How would we say for example? It's seven after two (It's two and seven) Keep in mind that if it's after you're going to say "and" which is "y" (and = y (pronounced "ee") seven after (literally "and seven") nineteen after Let's practice that! It's seven after two (or 2:07) It's twenty one after two It's two thirty (literally "and half") OK. Let's practice some other times. We'll begin with It's eight o'clock It's twenty till eight So "y" for after the hour ... after before It's twenty to eight It's ten to eight It's five to eight</p>	<p>en punto ¿Qué hora es?/Qué horas son? No sé que horas son un reloj/un reloj (same in Spanish)</p> <p>reloj (tongue rolled "r" and throaty "h" sound)</p> <p>ray low (avoid English "r" with lips) reloj (tongue rolled "r" and throaty "h" sound)</p> <p>de la mañana/de la tarde/de la tarde de la noche</p> <p>Es la una de la mañana Son las cinco de la mañana Son las cinco de la tarde Son las nueve de la noche Es temprano/Es tarde demasiado temprano/Es demasiado temprano Es demasiado tarde y y siete</p> <p>CD #5 Track #11</p> <p>Son las dos y siete</p> <p>y (pronounced "ee") y siete y diecinueve</p> <p>Son las dos y siete Son las dos y veintiuno Son las dos y media</p> <p>Son las ocho Son veinte para las ocho</p> <p>y para Son veinte para las ocho Son diez para las ocho Son cinco para las ocho</p>
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<p>It's three to eight It's eight Wow. You're doing a great job Let's just try a few more. Alright? It's five to ten It's ten o'clock It's five to ten It's 10:05 in the morning/in the afternoon/at night</p> <p>CD #5 - Track #12 Time to listen and practice two stories read at native speed by a native Spanish speaker. Here's the first one There is a big difference, between what I want to do, and what I have to do. For example ... I want to travel, but I have to work. I want to spend a lot of money, but I have to save. I want to go to the restaurant, but I have to cook. And I want to sleep, but I have to study. How did it go for you? Practice makes perfect</p> <p>There is a big difference, between what I want to do, and what I have to do. For example ... I want to travel, but I have to work. I want to spend a lot of money, but I have to save. I want to go to the restaurant, I want to go (to the = al) restaurant, but I have to cook. And I want to sleep, but I have to study. Listen and Repeat There is a big difference, between what I want to do, and what I have to do. For example ... I want to travel, but I have to work. I want to spend a lot of money, but I have to save. I want to go to the restaurant, I want to go (to the = al) restaurant, but I have to cook. And I want to sleep but I have to study</p>	<p>Son tres para las ocho Son las ocho</p> <p>Son cinco para las diez Son las diez Son cinco para las diez Son las diez y cinco de la mañana/de la tarde/de la noche</p> <p>CD #5 - Track #12</p> <p>Hay una gran diferencia entre lo que quiero hacer, y lo que tengo que hacer. Por ejemplo, Quiero viajar, pero tengo que trabajar. Quiero gastar mucho dinero, pero tengo que economizar. Quiero ir al restaurante, pero tengo que cocinar. Y quiero dormir, pero tengo que estudiar. ¿Cómo le fue? La práctica hace al maestro</p> <p>Hay una gran diferencia entre lo que quiero hacer, y lo que tengo que hacer. Por ejemplo, Quiero viajar, pero tengo que trabajar. Quiero gastar mucho dinero, pero tengo que economizar. Quiero ir al restaurante, a + el = al / al restaurante (to the restaurant) pero tengo que cocinar. Y quiero dormir, pero tengo que estudiar. Listen and Repeat Hay una gran diferencia entre lo que quiero hacer, y lo que tengo que hacer. Por ejemplo, Quiero viajar, pero tengo que trabajar. Quiero gastar mucho dinero, pero tengo que economizar. Quiero ir al restaurante, a + el = al / al restaurante (to the restaurant) pero tengo que cocinar. Y quiero dormir pero tengo que estudiar</p>
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CD #5 – Track #13

Fantastic!

Great job! Now, are you ready for the second story?

Listen!

There are things that I want to do
and other things that I have to do.

What is it that I want to do?

I want to go to the party of a friend (friend's party)
friend's party

I want to go to the house of my parents too

CD #5 – Track #14

my parents' house (the house of my parents)

I want to visit my family

and later

I want to eat in a good restaurant

I would like to travel to Spain

I would like to buy something at the store

Now

What do I have to do?

Well,

I have to do a lot of things, right?

For example

I have to work

I have to study

I have to buy gasoline.

and I have to learn Spanish.

CD #5 – Track #15

Now try to remember these

There's a big difference

between what I want to do, and what I have to do

For example

I want to travel, but I have to work

I want to spend a lot of money

but I have to save

I want to go to the restaurant

but I have to cook

And I want to sleep

but I have to study.

to the restaurant

Did you hear that? al = to the

"To the restaurant" uses one of the two contractions
in the Spanish language.

CD #5 – Track #13

¡Fantástico!

¡Escuche!

Hay cosas que quiero hacer
y otras cosas que tengo que hacer.

¿Qué es lo que quiero hacer?

Quiero ir a la fiesta de un amigo
fiesta de un amigo

Quiero ir a la casa de mis padres también

CD #5 – Track #14

la casa de mis padres

Quiero visitar a mi familia

y después,

quiero comer en un buen restaurante

Me gustaría viajar a España

Me gustaría comprar algo en la tienda

Ahora ...

¿Qué tengo que hacer?

Pues,

Tengo que hacer muchas cosas ¿verdad?

Por ejemplo,

tengo que trabajar

Tengo que estudiar,

tengo que comprar gasolina,

y tengo que aprender el español.

CD #5 – Track #15

Hay una gran diferencia

Entre lo que quiero hacer, y lo que tengo que hacer

Por ejemplo

Quiero viajar, pero tengo que trabajar

Quiero gastar mucho dinero

Pero tengo que economizar

Quiero ir al restaurante

pero tengo que cocinar

Y quiero dormir

pero tengo que estudiar.

al restaurante

<p>a means "to" + el means "the"</p> <p>to the</p> <p>to the restaurant</p> <p>Now attempt to ask</p> <p>Why are you going to the restaurant?</p> <p>I'm going to the restaurant because I want to eat because I want to eat</p> <p>I'm going to the restaurant because I want to eat I'm hungry (I have hunger)</p> <p>In Spanish, you aren't hungry, you have hunger and you have thirst too</p> <p>Repeat!</p> <p>I am thirsty</p> <p>I am thirsty (I have thirst)</p> <p>I am hungry (I have hunger)</p> <p>I'm hungry – I'm thirsty</p> <p>CD #6 - Track #2</p> <p>Asking questions in Spanish is as easy as 123</p> <p>Step #1: Ask "Do you want?"</p> <p>Step #2: Select your verb infinitive. Tons of choices to order, to buy, to eat, to drink</p> <p>to order – to buy – to eat – to drink</p> <p>Step #3: Finish your question by saying "something"</p> <p>Do you want? (stays the same)</p> <p>and the last word "something" also stays the same</p> <p>The only thing you have to change is the verb in between (the infinitive) that tailor makes this question into what you want it to say</p> <p>Let's practice</p> <p>to taste, to buy, to eat, to drink, to order, to say, to do</p> <p>Attempt to ask Do you want to do something?</p> <p>Do you want to taste something?</p> <p>Do you want to order something?</p> <p>Do you want to eat something?</p> <p>Do you want to drink something?</p> <p>Do you want to buy something?</p> <p>Do you want to know something?</p> <p>Do you want to see something?</p> <p>Following are the modal verb forms that we will use to create our own original sentences in Spanish. They are followed by infinitives (dictionary definition of a verb)</p> <p>CD #6 - Track #3</p> <p>Listen and repeat after the native speaker!</p>	<p>a means "to" + el means "the"</p> <p>Together a + el = al (to the)</p> <p>al restaurante</p> <p>¿Por qué va al restaurante?</p> <p>Voy al restaurante porque quiero comer porque quiero comer</p> <p>Voy al restaurante porque quiero comer</p> <p>Tengo hambre</p> <p>¡Repita!</p> <p>Tengo sed</p> <p>Tengo sed</p> <p>Tengo hambre</p> <p>Tengo hambre – Tengo sed</p> <p>¿Quiere....?</p> <p>ordenar (pedir), comprar, comer, tomar</p> <p>ordenar – comprar – comer – tomar</p> <p>algo?</p> <p>¿Quiere?</p> <p>....algo?</p> <p>probar, comprar, comer, tomar, ordenar, decir, hacer</p> <p>¿Quiere hacer algo?</p> <p>¿Qué probar algo?</p> <p>¿Quiere ordenar algo?</p> <p>¿Quiere comer algo?</p> <p>¿Quiere tomar algo?</p> <p>¿Quiere comprar algo?</p> <p>¿Quiere saber algo?</p> <p>¿Quiere ver algo?</p> <p>CD #6 - Track #3</p>
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I want
I would like
I like
I prefer
I can
I have to
I need
I'm going to

CD #6 - Track #4

It's Audio Snapshot Time

to talk (to speak)/to say (to tell)/to say something
to eat, to drink, to taste,
to know facts (subjects)
to know people, places things
to go, to do (make), to do something
to taste something, to order something
to eat something, to drink something
to buy something, to know something
to see something, to buy
to work, to rest, to try
to order
to pay, to learn, to dance, to swim, to see
to write, to send, to travel
to be (professions or identity)
to be (temporary condition or location)
to walk

CD #6 - Track #4

Time for a Fast Memory Check

I don't want to say anything
I want to say something
I'm going to say something
I'm not going to say anything
to talk (speak), to eat, to drink, to taste
to know (facts, subjects)
to know (people, places, things)
to go, to do (make), to buy, to work, to rest
to try, to order, to pay, to learn, to dance
to swim, to see, to write, to send, to travel
to be (professions or identity)
to be (temporary condition or location)
to walk
Let's have some fun and create a few sentences
Are you guys ready? Let's begin!
to learn

It's Audio Snapshot Time

Quiero
Quisiera
Me gusta
Prefiero
Puedo
Tengo que
Necesito
Voy a

CD #6 - Track #4

hablar, decir, decir algo
comer, tomar, probar
saber
conocer
ir, hacer, hacer algo
probar algo, ordenar algo
comer algo, tomar algo
comprar algo, saber algo
ver algo, comprar
trabajar, descansar, tartar
ordenar (Mexico) – pedir (general)
pagar, aprender, bailar, nadar, ver
escribir, mandar, viajar
ser
estar
caminar

No quiero decir nada
Quiero decir algo
Voy a decir algo
No voy a decir nada
hablar, comer, tomar, probar
saber
conocer
ir, hacer, comprar, trabajar, descansar
tartar, ordenar, pagar, aprender, to dance
nadar, ver, escribir, mandar, viajar
ser
estar
caminar

¿Están listos? ¡Comencemos!
aprender

<p>I want to learn I like to learn I can learn I have to learn I need to learn I'm going to learn to order</p> <p>CD #6 - Track #5 Audio Snapshot Time (Again? You must be kidding)</p> <p>I want to order I would like to order I can order I have to order I need to order I'm going to order How would we make those sentences negative? We would simply add "No" before the verb I don't want to order I don't like to order I can't order I don't have to order I don't need to order I'm not going to order</p> <p>CD #6 - Track #6 Could learning to speak Spanish be this simple? Absolutely. Let's practice! How would you say the following? to buy It's (you guessed it) Audio Snapshot Time</p> <p>I want to buy I like to buy I can buy I have to buy I need to buy I'm going to buy I don't want to buy I wouldn't like to buy I don't like to buy I can't buy I don't have to buy I don't need to buy I'm not going to buy to go Audio Snapshot I don't want to go I would like to go</p>	<p>Quiero aprender Me gusta aprender Puedo aprender Tengo que aprender Necesito aprender Voy a aprender ordenar</p> <p>CD #6 - Track #5</p> <p>Quiero ordenar Quisiera ordenar Puedo ordenar Tengo que ordenar Necesito ordenar Voy a ordenar</p> <p>No quiero ordenar No me gusta ordenar No puedo ordenar No tengo que ordenar No necesito ordenar No voy a ordenar</p> <p>CD #6 - Track #6</p> <p>comprar</p> <p>Quiero comprar Me gusta comprar Puedo comprar Tengo que comprar Necesito comprar Voy a comprar No quiero comprar No quisiera comprar No me gusta comprar No puedo comprar No tengo que comprar No necesito comprar No voy a comprar ir</p> <p>No quiero ir Quisiera ir</p>
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<p>I want to go I prefer to go I can go I have to go I need to go I'm going to go I want to be able to speak Spanish someday</p> <p>CD #6 - Track #7 I want to be able to speak Spanish soon I want to spend time I want to go - I don't want to go I want to come - I don't want to come I want to visit - I don't want to visit I want to talk - I don't want to talk I want to have - I don't want to have I want to do - I don't want to do I want to wait - I don't want to wait I want to speak Spanish - I don't want to speak Spanish I want to understand Spanish I want to know Spanish I want to know (to be acquainted with) I don't want to know (to be acquainted with)</p> <p>CD #6 - Track #8 I want to know (become familiar) with Mexico I don't want to know (become familiar) with Mexico Let's make all of these negative in the "I" form Are you going to do something? I would like to do something tomorrow I would like to eat something good I'm going to do something tomorrow I prefer to do something tomorrow I can do something later I have to do something tomorrow Do you want to say something? I want to say something now Do you want to do something? I would like to do something soon I would like to do something now I would like to do something later Do you want to taste something? I would like to taste something Do you want to order something? I prefer to order something later Do you want to eat something? I want to eat something now</p>	<p>Quiero ir Prefiero ir Puedo ir Tengo que ir Necesito ir Voy a ir Quiero poder hablar español algún día</p> <p>CD #6 - Track #7 Quiero poder hablar español pronto Quiero pasar tiempo Quiero ir - No quiero ir Quiero venir - No quiero venir Quiero visitar - No quiero visitar Quiero hablar - No quiero hablar Quiero tener - No quiero tener Quiero hacer - No quiero hacer Quiero esperar - No quiero esperar Quiero hablar español - No quiero hablar español Quiero entender el español Quiero saber el español Quiero conocer No quiero conocer</p> <p>CD #6 - Track #8 Quiero conocer México No quiero conocer México</p> <p>¿Va a hacer algo? Quisiera hacer algo mañana Quisiera comer algo rico Voy a hacer algo mañana Prefiero hacer algo mañana Puedo hacer algo después Tengo que hacer algo mañana ¿Quiere decir algo? Quiero decir algo ahora ¿Quiere hacer algo? Quisiera hacer algo pronto Quisiera hacer algo ahora Quisiera hacer algo después ¿Quiere probar algo? Quisiera probar algo ¿Quiere ordenar algo? Prefiero ordenar algo después ¿Quiere comer algo? Quiero comer algo ahora</p>
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<p>Do you want to drink something? I want to drink something now I want to drink something later Do you want to buy something? I prefer to buy something tomorrow</p> <p>How did it go for you? Fantastic!</p> <p>OK. Are you ready? Let's begin with the genesis of our question formation. Do you want? Step #1: Ask "Do you want?" Step #2: Add rest of the question to it Simply ask: "Do you want"? followed by "to say something?" Do you want to say something? Let's Review the Steps Step #1: Ask "Do you want?" Step #2: Then the verb that you choose. In this case "to say or to tell" = "decir" Step #3: Then you finish with "something" = "algo" Do you want to say something? Do you want to say something? Do you want to do something? All you have to do is change the infinitive/the verb Ask ... "Do you want to say something?" Do you want to do something?</p> <p>The same is true for "to taste" How would you ask "Do you want"? Time to select our verb: to do/make How do you say "something" Now put the three together. Ask ... Do you want to do something?</p> <p>Now, practice asking the following questions: Do you want to say something? Do you want to do something?</p> <p>Let's Review Asking questions in Spanish is as easy as 123 Step #1: Ask ... "Do you want ...?" Step #2: Select your verb infinitive. Here are some excellent possibilities: to order, to buy, to eat, to drink Step #3: Finish your question by saying "something" That's it!</p>	<p>¿Quiere tomar algo? Quiero tomar algo ahora Quiero tomar algo después ¿Quiere comprar algo? Prefiero comprar algo mañana</p> <p>¿Cómo le fue? ¡Fantástico!</p> <p>¿Quiere?</p> <p>¿Quiere? ...decir algo? ¿Quiere decir algo?</p> <p>¿Quiere....? ..decir.. algo? ¿Quiere decir algo? ¿Quiere decir algo? ¿Quiere hacer algo?</p> <p>¿Quiere decir algo? ¿Quiere hacer algo?</p> <p>probar ¿Quiere? hacer algo</p> <p>¿Quiere hacer algo?</p> <p>¿Quiere decir algo? ¿Quiere hacer algo?</p> <p>¿Quiere?</p> <p>ordenar, comprar, comer, tomar algo</p>
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"Do you want = ¿Quiere?" stays the same. And the last word in the question "something = algo" also stays the same. The only thing you have to change is the verb in between. The infinitive. that tailor makes this question to what you want it to say. Let's practice

It's Audio Snapshot Time

I don't want to go/I don't like to go
I can't go/I don't have to go/I'm not going to go
I don't need to go
I don't want to go/I don't like to go
I can't go/I don't have to go
I'm not going to go/I don't need to go

CD #6 - Track #9

Are you ready to learn the "you" modal verb forms as well as learn how to ask how to ask original questions in Spanish? Listen and repeat!

Do you want?
Do you like?
Can you?
Do you have to ...?
Do you need?
Do you prefer?
Are you going to?

Let's check your progress

Try to say the following before the native speaker, and then repeat after the native speaker!

Are you going to do something?
I would like to do something tomorrow.
I would like to eat something good.
I'm going to do something tomorrow.
I prefer to do something tomorrow.
I can do something later.
I have to do something tomorrow.
Do you want to say something?
I want to say something now.
Do you want to do something?
I would like to do something soon.

CD #6 - Track #10

I would like to do something now.
I would like to do something later.
Do you want to taste something?
I would like to taste something.

No quiero ir/No me gusta ir
No puedo ir/No tengo que ir/No voy a ir
No necesito ir
No quiero ir/No me gusta ir
No puedo ir/No tengo que ir
No voy a ir/No necesito ir

CD #6 - Track #9

¿Quiere?
¿Le gusta?
¿Puede?
¿Tiene que?
¿Necesita?
¿Prefiere?
¿Va a?

¿Va a hacer algo?
Quisiera hacer algo mañana.
Quisiera comer algo rico.
Voy a hacer algo mañana.
Prefiero hacer algo mañana.
Puedo hacer algo después.
Tengo que hacer algo mañana.
¿Quiere decir algo?
Quiero decir algo ahora.
¿Quiere hacer algo?
Quisiera hacer algo pronto.

CD #6 - Track #10

Quisiera hacer algo ahora.
Quisiera hacer algo después.
¿Quiere probar algo?

<p>Do you want to order something? I prefer to order something later. Do you want to eat something? I want to eat something now. Do you want to drink something? I want to drink something now. I want to drink something later. Do you want to buy something? I prefer to buy something tomorrow.</p> <p>CD #6 - Track #11 How did it go for you? Fantastic! Forgive me for not sounding overly academic here but I'm just incredibly psyched about being able to present to you some of the most practical high frequency questions in the Spanish language. Are you ready? Let's begin with the genesis of our question formation. Do you want? This is another simple 2 step process. Ask ... "Do you want ...?" and then simply add the rest of the question to it. Are you ready? Let's try it! Simply ask "Do you want?" followed by "to say something?"</p> <p>Now, simply put it all together and ask Do you want to say something? OK. Let's review the steps! Step #1: Ask "Do you want?" Step #2: Then the verb that you choose. In this case, "to say or to tell" Step #3: You finish with "something" You put those three elements together, which mean "Do you want to say something?" and you have a fantastic, meaningful, original sentence in Spanish. All you have to change is the infinitive, the dictionary definition of the verb. What happens if you change this from "Do you want to say something?" to "Do you want to do something?" All you have to change is the verb "to say or to tell" and replace it with "to do". Listen and repeat these two questions one after the other, and understand that when you change the</p>	<p>Quisiera probar algo. ¿Quiere ordenar algo? Prefiero ordenar algo después. ¿Quiere comer algo? Quiero comer algo ahora. ¿Quiere tomar algo? Quiero tomar algo ahora. Quiero tomar algo después. ¿Quiere comprar algo? Prefiero comprar algo mañana.</p> <p>CD #6 - Track #11 ¿Cómo le fue? ¡Fantástico!</p> <p>¿Quiere?</p> <p>¿Quiere? decir algo?</p> <p>¿Quiere decir algo?</p> <p>¿Quiere?</p> <p>decir algo?</p> <p>¿Quiero decir algo?</p> <p>¿Quiere decir algo?</p> <p>¿Quiere hacer algo? decir hacer</p>
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verb infinitive you change the meaning. Ask ...
 Do you want **to say** something?
 Do you want **to do** something?
 The same is true for "**to taste**", or whatever you
 want to say. You choose. You are the master of
 these original questions.

Let's practice!

How would you ask.... Do you want?

Time to select our verb. How about

to do or to make

something

Now put the three together. Ask

Do you want to do something?

Now practice asking the following questions:

Do you want to say something?

Do you want to do something?

CD #6 - Track #12

Let's Review

Asking questions in Spanish is as easy as 123

Step #1: Ask ... "**Do you want ...?**"

Step#2: Select your verb infinitive.

Here are some excellent possibilities:

to order, to buy, to eat, to drink

Try to say these high frequency infinitives before the
 native speaker and then repeat after the native
 speaker!

to order, to buy

to eat, to drink

And finally step 3. Finish your question by saying
 "something". That's it.

Do you want ...? stays the same

And the last word in the question "something" also
 stays the same.

The only thing you have to change is the verb in
 between. The infinitive, that tailor makes this
 question to fit what you want it to say.

Let's practice ...

to taste, to buy

to eat, to drink

to order, to say

to do

CD #6 - Track #13

Try to say the following before the native speaker
 and then repeat after the native speaker!

¿Quiere **decir** algo?

¿Quiere **hacer** algo?

probar

¿Quiere?

hacer (the "h" is always silent in Spanish)
 algo

¿Quiere hacer algo?

¿Quiere decir algo?

¿Quiere hacer algo?

CD #6 - Track #12

¿Quiere?

ordenar, comprar, comer, tomar

ordenar, comprar

comer, tomar

¿Quiere?

algo

probar, comprar

comer, tomar

ordenar, decir

hacer

CD #6 - Track #13

<p>Now attempt to ask</p> <p>Do you want to do something?</p> <p>Do you want to taste something?</p> <p>Do you want to order something?</p> <p>Do you want to eat something?</p> <p>Do you want to drink something?</p> <p>Do you want to buy something?</p> <p>Do you want to know something?</p> <p>Do you want to see something?</p> <p>CD #6 - Track #14</p> <p>It's now time to respond to our questions. Now imagine for a moment that you're being asked the following question by a native Spanish speaker. Do you want to eat something? Here are just a few of your possible answers: Yes. I want to eat something. Yes. I would like to eat something. Yes. I prefer to eat something. Yes. I can eat something. Yes. I have to eat something. Yes. I need to eat something. Yes. I'm going to eat something. Now let's test your ability to recall these modal verb forms in the "I" form. Try to say the following before the native speaker, and then repeat after the native speaker! I want, I would like, I like, I prefer, I can I have to, I need, I'm going to</p> <p>CD #6 - Track #15 It's Memory Retrieval Time. Do you remember how to say?? soon, now, later, tomorrow Let's check your progress Say Yes, I want to eat something Yes, I would like to eat something Yes, I prefer to eat something Yes, I can eat something Yes, I have to eat something Yes, I need to eat something Yes, I'm going to eat something soon, now, later, tomorrow</p> <p>Audio Snapshot Time I get by in Spanish</p>	<p>¿Quiere hacer algo?</p> <p>¿Quiere probar algo?</p> <p>¿Quiere ordenar algo?</p> <p>¿Quiere comer algo?</p> <p>¿Quiere tomar algo?</p> <p>¿Quiere comprar algo?</p> <p>¿Quiere saber algo?</p> <p>¿Quiere ver algo?</p> <p>CD #6 - Track #14</p> <p>¿Quiere comer algo?</p> <p>Sí. Quiero comer algo. Sí. Quisiera comer algo. Sí. Prefiero comer algo. Sí. Puedo comer algo. Sí. Tengo que comer algo. Sí. Necesito comer algo. Sí. Voy a comer algo.</p> <p>Quiero, Quisiera, Me gusta, Prefiero, Puedo Tengo que, Necesito, Voy a</p> <p>CD #6 - Track #15</p> <p>pronto, ahora, después, mañana</p> <p>Sí, quiero comer algo Sí, quisiera comer algo Sí, prefiero comer algo Sí, puedo comer algo Sí, tengo que comer algo Sí, necesito comer algo Sí, voy a comer algo pronto, ahora, después, mañana</p> <p>Me definiendo en español</p>
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I speak a little Spanish
 to order, to pay, to walk, to learn, to write, to read
 to give, to see, to do/make, to go out, to travel, to go
 to play (sport), to play (instrument), to sleep
 to work, to sing, to wait, to talk/speak
 What time is it? (Academic & Most Common)
 What time is it? (Conversational)
 It's one fifteen/It's one thirty/It's two o'clock
 It's three o'clock/It's four o'clock/It's five o'clock
 It's six o'clock/It's seven o'clock/It's eight o'clock
 It's nine o'clock/It's ten o'clock/It's eleven o'clock
 It's twelve o'clock/It's noon/It's midnight
 It's nine o'clock/quarter past/half past
 quarter till/on the dot

CD #7 - Track #2

Did you that there are two ways to say "to spend" in Spanish?

To **spend time** is "pasar tiempo"

To **spend money** is "gastar dinero"

You've been working hard, and you deserve a reward. It's now time to listen to a native Spanish speaker from South America tell you a story.

Now sit back and enjoy listening to Viviana tell her story!

Spend Time or Spend Money

A lot of people want to spend time in the shopping malls, in the stores, and in the restaurants. But nobody wants to spend money.

The problem is this. In order to go to the restaurant, you have to spend money. If you want to spend time in the stores, you going to spend. It's for sure.

If you want to spend time in Cancún, you're going to spend too. If you want to spend a month in Europe .. Forget it!

Hablo poquito español
 ordenar, pagar, caminar, aprender, escribir, leer
 dar, ver, hacer, salir, viajar, ir
 jugar, tocar, dormir
 trabajar, cantar, esperar, hablar
 ¿Qué hora es?
 ¿Qué horas son?
 Es la una y cuarto/Es la una y media/Son las dos
 Son las tres/Son las cuatro/Son las cinco
 Son las seis/Son las siete/Son las ocho
 Son las nueve/Son las diez/Son las once
 Son las doce/Es mediodía/Es medianoche
 Son las nueve/y cuarto/y media
 cuarto para/en punto

CD #7 - Track #2

pasar tiempo

gastar dinero

Pasar Tiempo o Gastar Dinero

Mucha gente quiere pasar tiempo en los centros comerciales, en las tiendas, y en los restaurantes. Pero nadie quiere gastar dinero.

El problema es este. Para ir al restaurante, tiene que gastar dinero. Si quiere pasar tiempo en las tiendas, va a gastar. Es seguro.

Si quiere pasar tiempo en Cancún, va a gastar también. Si quiere pasar un mes en Europa .. ¡Olvídelo!

a fortune – You're going to spend a fortune
and arm and a leg (an eye out of the face)
Europe is too expensive!
Mexico is cheaper.
You're going to spend less money if you spend time
in Mexico instead of Spain.
How did it go for you? Fantastic!

CD #7 - Track #3

Great job listening to all of that!
Listen one more time! (same story as above)
Try to say the following before native speaker, and
then repeat after the native speaker:
spend time or spend money/a lot of people
want to spend time in the shopping malls
in the stores/and in the restaurants
pero nadie quiere gastar dinero
The problem is this/in order to go to the restaurant
you have to spend money/If you want to spend time
in the stores/you're going to spend/It's for sure
If you want to spend time in Cancun/you're going to
spend too/If you want to spend a month in Europe
Forget it!/a fortune/You're going to spend a fortune
An arm and a leg (lit: an eye out of the face)
Europe is too expensive/Mexico is cheaper
You are going to spend less money
if you spend time in Mexico instead of Spain
How did it go for you?

Now, let's have some more fun!

I get by in Spanish
I speak a little Spanish
I talk/I am talking
I sing/I am singing
I dance/I am dancing
I eat/I am eating
I sleep/I am sleeping
I work/I cry/I scream
I pay/I am paying
I am resting/I am talking/I am singing
I am dancing/I am eating

Try to say the following before the native speaker and then repeat after the native speaker

I talk/I am talking
I sing/I am singing
I dance/I am dancing
I eat/I am eating

un dineral – Va a gastar un dineral
un ojo de la cara
Europa es demasiado cara
México es más barato.
Usted va a gastar menos dinero si pasa tiempo
en México en vez de España.
¿Cómo le fue? ¡Fantástico!

CD #7 - Track #3

¡Escuche una vez más! (same story as above)

pasar tiempo o gastar dinero/mucha gente
quiere pasar tiempo en los centros comerciales
en las tiendas/y en los restaurantes
pero nadie quiere gastar dinero
The problem is this/para ir al restaurante
tiene que gastar dinero/Si quiere pasar tiempo
en las tiendas/va a gastar/es seguro
Si quiere pasar tiempo en Cancún/va a
gastar también/Si quiere pasar un mes en Europa
¡Olvídelo!/un dineral/Va a gastar un dineral
Un ojo de la cara
Europa es demasiado cara/México es más barato
Usted va a gastar menos dinero
si pasa tiempo en México en vez de España
¿Cómo le fue?

Me definiendo en español
Hablo poquito español
Hablo/Estoy hablando
Canto/Estoy cantando
Bailo/Estoy bailando
Como/Estoy comiendo
Duermo/Estoy durmiendo
Trabajo/Lloro (pronounced (jo roh))/Grito
Pago/Estoy pagando
Estoy descansando/Estoy hablando/Estoy cantando
Estoy bailando/Estoy comiendo

Hablo/Estoy hablando
Canto/Estoy cantando
Bailo/Estoy bailando
Como/Estoy comiendo

<p>I sleep/I am sleeping I work/I cry/I scream I pay/I am paying I am resting/I am talking/I am singing I am dancing/I am eating</p> <p>CD #7 - Track #4 Audio Snapshot one, two, three, seven, ten, eleven, twelve, thirteen fourteen, fifteen, sixteen, seventeen, eighteen, nineteen, twenty, twenty one, twenty two thirty one, thirty three, thirty seven, forty forty four, forty nine, fifty fifty five, sixty, seventy, sixty, seventy sixty six, seventy seven, eighty eighty eight, ninety, ninety nine, a hundred Note: a hundred <u>even</u> is “Cien” for beyond a hundred, use “Ciento” a hundred one, a hundred five, a hundred twenty a hundred twenty one, a hundred seventy seven two hundred, three hundred, four hundred, Now here’s an irregular one five hundred, five hundred fifty five six hundred, Here’s another irregular one seven hundred seven hundred seventy seven, eight hundred eight hundred eighty eight And here’s the third irregular number .. nine hundred, one thousand, five thousand ten thousand, one hundred thousand, a million a billion, a trillion The first time The second time The third time The fourth time The fifth time The sixth time The seventh time The eighth time The ninth time The tenth time The first time The only time The last time The month The first month The week</p>	<p>Duermo/Estoy durmiendo Trabajo/Lloro (pronounced (jo roh))/Grito Pago/Estoy pagando Estoy descansando/Estoy hablando/Estoy cantando Estoy bailando/Estoy comiendo</p> <p>CD #7 - Track #4 uno, dos, tres, siete, diez, once, doce, trece catorce, quince, dieciséis, diecisiete, dieciocho, diecinueve, veinte, veintiuno, veintidós treinta y uno, treinta y tres, treinta y siete, cuarenta cuarenta y cuatro, cuarenta y nueve, cincuenta cincuenta y cinco, sesenta, setenta, sesenta, setenta sesenta y seis, setenta y siete, ochenta ochenta y ocho, noventa, noventa y nueve, cien</p> <p>ciento uno, ciento cinco, ciento veinte ciento veintiuno, ciento setenta y siete doscientos, trescientos, cuatrocientos,</p> <p>quinientos, quinientos cincuenta y cinco seis cientos, setecientos setecientos setenta y siete, ochocientos ochocientos ochenta y ocho</p> <p>novcientos, mil, cinco mil diez mil, cien mil, un millón un billón, un trillón la primera vez la segunda vez la tercera vez la cuarta vez la quinta vez la sexta vez la séptima vez la octava vez la novena vez la décima vez la primera vez la única vez la última vez el mes el primer mes la semana</p>
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<p>The first week The first month The second week The second month The third week The third month The fourth time Two thousand fifteen Two thousand seventeen Two thousand twenty-one</p> <p>CD #7 Track #5 Great job listening to all of that. And now ... Let's practice! eleven, twenty two, thirty three, forty four, fifty five, sixty six, seventy seven, eighty eight, ninety nine, one hundred Repeat one more time! eleven, twenty two, thirty three, forty four, fifty five, sixty six, seventy seven, eighty eight, ninety nine, one hundred Don't get discouraged if you don't get these all right the first time. Practice makes perfect</p> <p>And now learn the irregular number combinations! five hundred seven hundred nine hundred five hundred seven hundred nine hundred Fantastic!</p> <p>Listen! Repeat! I talk I sing I dance I eat I sleep I work I cry I scream I pay Congrats. That was really good. I talk</p>	<p>la primera semana el primer mes la segunda semana el segundo mes la tercera semana el tercer mes la cuarta vez dos mil quince dos mil diecisiete dos mil veintiuno</p> <p>CD #7 Track #5</p> <p>once, veintidós, treinta y tres, cuarenta y cuatro, cincuenta y cinco, sesenta y seis, setenta y siete, ochenta y ocho, noventa y nueve, cien ¡Repita una vez más! once, veintidós, treinta y tres, cuarenta y cuatro, cincuenta y cinco, sesenta y seis, setenta y siete, ochenta y ocho, noventa y nueve, cien</p> <p>La práctica hace al maestro</p> <p>quinientos setecientos novecientos quinientos setecientos novecientos ¡Fantástico!</p> <p>¡Escuche! ¡Repita! hablo canto bailo como duermo trabajo lloro grito pago</p> <p>hablo</p>
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I sing
I dance
I eat
I sleep
I work
I cry
I pay
I scream
Time for a little cultura.
ice cream (Standard) / ice cream (Mexico)

Now, try to do this exercise one more time!

I talk
I sing
I dance
I eat
I sleep
I work
I cry
I pay
I scream

CD #7 Track #6

Perfect. So those are all ending in “o”
Now, if we want to use the “ing” form of these verbs,
or the gerund we would have to use either
“ando” – ing or “iendo” = ing

Once again, there are two suffixes in the Spanish language for “ing” = **ando**, or **iendo**
When these are placed after the verb, they create the gerund, the equivalent of talking, walking, eating, and so forth. They come at the end of the verb, just like in English. “ing” = **ando**, or **iendo**
But unlike English, we have two varieties. The **ando** which is used for verbs ending in “ar” like “hablar” to talk, which forms, **hablando** = talking
And we have **iendo** which is used for verbs ending in “er” and “ir” like
comer = to eat. **Eating** = **Comiendo**
dormir = to sleep. **Sleeping** = **Durmiendo**
So, in a nutshell, that’s how you form the gerund, the “ing” form of the verb in Spanish.
ando- used to express “ing” for verbs ending in “ar”
iendo- used for to express “ing” for verbs ending in

canto
bailo
como
duermo
trabajo
lloro
pago
grito

helado / nieve (literally means "snow")

hablo
canto
bailo
como
duermo
trabajo
lloro
pago
grito

CD #7 Track #6

“ando” – ing or “iendo” = ing

“ing” = ando, or iendo

“er” or “ir”

Now. How would you say the following?

talking
singing
dancing
paying
eating
sleeping
resting
talking
singing
dancing
paying
eating
sleeping
resting

hablando
cantando
bailando
pagando
comiendo
durmiendo
descansando
hablando
cantando
bailando
pagando
comiendo
durmiendo
descansando

Let's Practice! First, listen carefully, and then repeat as prompted!

talking, singing, dancing, paying, eating,
sleeping, resting

It's Audio Snapshot Time

sleeping, resting, dancing, eating,
singing, talking, paying

CD #7 Track #7

OK. It's time for a fast quiz on gerunds, the verbs
that end in “ing”.

sleeping, resting, dancing, eating,
singing, talking, paying,

hablando, cantando, bailando, pagando, comiendo,
durmiendo, descansando

It's Audio Snapshot Time

durmiendo, descansando, bailando, comiendo,
cantando, hablando, pagando

CD #7 Track #7

durmiendo, descansando, bailando, comiendo
cantando, hablando, pagando

It's time for an important review of the verb

“Estar” = To Be

Location/Temporary Condition/Describing Your
Health and Your Moods

Try to say the following before the native speaker,
and then repeat after the native speaker!

I am

You are (familiar)

He is

She is

You are (formal)

We are

They are

You guys are

Estoy

Estás

Está

Está

Está

Estamos

Están

Están

Congratulations. We are now ready to form the
Present Progressive. in other words, the “ing” form

of the verb combined with the appropriate form of the verb "Estar" = To Be. We'll be learning the equivalent of "I am talking" "I am eating" and so forth.

Now, let's have some more fun!

Repeat!

I am talking
I am singing
I am dancing
I am eating
I am paying
I am sleeping
I am resting
I am talking
I am singing
I am dancing
I am eating
I am paying
I am sleeping
I am resting

CD #7 Track #8

It's now time for you to practice and repeat different forms of the Present Progressive!

I am talking
I am singing
I am dancing
I am eating
I am paying
I am sleeping
I am resting
I am talking
I am singing
I am dancing
I am eating
I am paying
I am sleeping
I am resting
I am talking
I am singing
I am dancing
I am eating
I am paying
I am sleeping

¡Repita!

Estoy hablando
Estoy cantando
Estoy bailando
Estoy comiendo
Estoy pagando
Estoy durmiendo
Estoy descansando
Estoy hablando
Estoy cantando
Estoy bailando
Estoy comiendo
Estoy pagando
Estoy durmiendo
Estoy descansando

CD #7 Track #8

Estoy hablando
Estoy cantando
Estoy bailando
Estoy comiendo
Estoy pagando
Estoy durmiendo
Estoy descansando
Estoy hablando
Estoy cantando
Estoy bailando
Estoy comiendo
Estoy pagando
Estoy durmiendo
Estoy descansando
Estoy hablando
Estoy cantando
Estoy bailando
Estoy comiendo
Estoy pagando
Estoy durmiendo

I am resting
I am talking
I am singing
I am dancing
I am eating
I am paying
I am sleeping
I am resting

Attempt to say ...

I talk, I am talking
I sing, I am singing
I dance, I am dancing
I eat, I am eating
I sleep, I am sleeping
I pay, I am paying

CD #7 Track #9

Let's see how fast you can think in Spanish!

I talk, I am talking
I sing, I am singing
I dance, I am dancing
I eat, I am eating
I sleep, I am sleeping
I pay, I am paying

CD #7 Track #10

Now listen and repeat the following 2 gerunds
eating – sleeping
Repeat one more time!
eating – sleeping

CD #7 Track #11

Imagine that you just received a phone call while at a fabulous party where people are singing and dancing When asked what everyone is doing, respond by saying

singing – dancing

Repeat! You clarify by saying ...

They are singing. They are dancing.

Repeat one more time!

They are singing. They are dancing.

Repeat one more time!

They are singing. They are dancing.

Great job! See, I told you this was easy.

Imagine for a moment that you just came back from a fabulous vacation in the Caribbean. You are asked

Estoy descansando
Estoy hablando
Estoy cantando
Estoy bailando
Estoy comiendo
Estoy pagando
Estoy durmiendo
Estoy descansando

Trate de decir ...

Hablo, Estoy hablando
Canto, Estoy cantando
Bailo, Estoy bailando
Como, Estoy comiendo
Duermo, Estoy durmiendo
Pago, Estoy pagando

CD #7 Track #9

Hablo, Estoy hablando
Canto, Estoy cantando
Bailo, Estoy bailando
Como, Estoy comiendo
Duermo, Estoy durmiendo
Pago, Estoy pagando

CD #7 Track #10

comiendo - durmiendo
¡Repita una vez más!
comiendo - durmiendo

CD #7 Track #11

cantando – bailando

¡Repita!

Están cantando. Están bailando.

¡Repita una vez más!

Están cantando. Están bailando.

¡Repita una vez más!

Están cantando. Están bailando.

<p>how you spent your days and evenings. Answer by saying</p> <p>Eating Sleeping Singing Dancing Resting</p> <p>CD #7 Track #12 Did you get that? Try it again and enjoy the process! One more time! Eating Sleeping Singing Dancing Resting</p> <p>CD #7 Track #13 Wow! That sounds like a lot of fun. Let's try that one more time. Attempt to say</p> <p>Eating Sleeping Singing Dancing Resting Congrats! That was really good. Now, let's try another! Same phone call, same party. This time be more specific and say ... I am eating , singing, dancing It's loud at the party so the question comes across the phone to you. "What are you guys doing?" This time respond in the "We" form by saying We are eating, singing, dancing It's simply too noisy to hear properly. You are asked to repeat. Do so now by saying We are eating, singing, dancing You no sooner hang up the phone and get back to eating, dancing, and singing, when the phone rings a second time, and this time it's your doctor. He's the one who sent you on the vacation in the first place because he wants you to sleep and rest. When he asks you what you are doing, stretch the truth a little bit and respond by saying ... I am resting. I am sleeping. Congrats! That was really good. Now let's move on to learn new material!</p>	<p>Comiendo Durmiendo Cantando Bailando Descansando</p> <p>CD #7 Track #12 ¡Una vez más! Comiendo Durmiendo Cantando Bailando Descansando</p> <p>CD #7 Track #13</p> <p>Comiendo Durmiendo Cantando Bailando Descansando</p> <p>Estoy comiendo, cantando, bailando</p> <p>Estamos, comiendo, cantando, bailando</p> <p>Estamos, comiendo, cantando, bailando</p> <p>¡Repita! Estamos, comiendo, cantando, bailando</p> <p>Estoy descansando. Estoy durmiendo.</p>
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CD #7 Track #14

Ser and Estar – The two ways of saying “To Be” in Spanish. As we have already mentioned, the Spanish language has two verbs for “to be”.

Ser = “**To Be**” - Identifies and is Permanent

Estar = “**To Be**” Describes Temporary Location,

How You’re Feeling, and Temporary Condition

Let’s break down the verb Estar = to be

“Estar” = To Be - Location, Temporary Condition

I am , I am talking, I am singing

I am sleeping, I am eating, I am paying

I am working, I am trying, I am traveling

CD #7 Track #15

Perfect. We can use different forms of the verb

“Estar” like “we are” and then use the same gerund,

the form that ends in the “**ing**” like “cantando”

(singing) and so forth. So how would we say?

We are, We are talking, We are eating

We are paying

CD #7 Track #16

We are eating

We are watching a movie

We are watching TV

Estamos nadando

We are sleeping

We don’t know what we’re doing

Congrats! That was really good. Now, let's move on to learn new material.

OK. Let’s review the way we say “ing” again, the

gerunds. ING = ANDO or IENDO

speaking

Now listen and repeat the following after the native speaker!

listening, studying, watching

learning, writing, eating, drinking

CD #7 Track #17

Now listen and repeat the following after the native speaker!

OK. How would you say??

I am drinking, I am drinking tea

I am drinking water, I’m drinking cold water

CD #7 Track #14**Estar**

Estoy, Estoy hablando, Estoy cantando

Estoy durmiendo, Estoy comiendo, Estoy pagando

Estoy trabajando, Estoy tratando, Estoy viajando

CD #7 Track #15

Estamos, Estamos hablando, Estamos comiendo

Estamos pagando,

CD #7 Track #16

Estamos comiendo

Estamos viendo una película

Estamos viendo televisión

We are swimming

Estamos durmiendo

No sabemos lo que estamos haciendo

ando - iendo

hablando

escuchando, estudiando, mirando

aprendiendo, escribiendo, comiendo, tomando

CD #7 Track #17

Estoy tomando, Estoy tomando té

Estoy tomando agua, Estoy tomando agua fría

<p>I'm drinking cold beer, I'm drinking wine What are you drinking? (familiar form with an "s") What are you drinking? (formal form with no "s") I am drinking tea, I am drinking coffee with milk, coffee with milk I'm drinking coffee with milk What are you learning? (familiar with an "s") What are you learning? (formal no "s") I am learning Spanish I get by in Spanish I speak a little Spanish I can speak a little Spanish Repeat please (familiar form) Repeat please (formal form) Repeat one more time please (formal)</p>	<p>Estoy tomando cerveza fría, Estoy tomando vino ¿Qué estás tomando? ¿Qué está tomando? Estoy tomando té, Estoy tomando café con leche Estoy tomando café con leche ¿Qué estás aprendiendo? ¿Qué está aprendiendo? Estoy aprendiendo español Me defiendo en español Hablo un poco de español Puedo hablar un poco de español ¡Repíte por favor! ¡Repita por favor! Repita una vez más por favor</p>
<p>CD #8 Track #2 Now, learn to say What? Now attempt to ask What do you want? What do you like? What can you? What do you need? What? (form.) What? (fam.) How To Create Effective And Easy Questions In Spanish: Say "Qué" at the beginning of the question and then inflect at the end of the sentence. Ex: You want to eat? ¿Quiere comer? What do you want to eat? ¿Qué quiere comer? What do you prefer to eat? What do you prefer to order? Where? Where do you prefer to go? Where do you prefer to eat? I prefer to eat in a Mexican restaurant What do you prefer to eat?</p>	<p>CD #8 Track #2 ¿Qué? ¿Qué quiere? ¿Qué le gusta? ¿Qué puede? ¿Qué necesita? ¿Cómo? ¿Qué? ¿Qué prefiere comer? ¿Qué prefiere ordenar? ¿Dónde? ¿Dónde prefiere ir? ¿Dónde prefiere comer? Prefiero comer en un restaurante mexicano ¿Qué prefiere comer?</p>

<p>I prefer to eat stove hot food Please identify which part of that means hot as in stove hot or sun hot stove hot or sun hot I prefer to eat spicy hot food Now please identify which part of that means ... spicy hot</p> <p>CD #8 Track #3 stove hot or sun hot spicy hot Now say these two side by side sun hot, spicy hot Congrats! That was really good. Now let's try another! I want to be in Mexico to be (location) Remember that there are 2 verbs for "to be" in Spanish. Ser and Estar. Estar is used for location, as in this sentence. on the beach to be on the beach</p> <p>Listen again and repeat! I want to be on the beach I'm going to be on the beach Where are you going to be? On vacation to be on vacation I'm going to be I'm going to be on vacation When? When do you want to order? What do you want to order?</p> <p>I would like to order the fish the meat the vegetables the salad the enchiladas One more time! Listen!</p> <p>CD #8 Track #4 I would like to order ... the fish the meat</p>	<p>Prefiero comer comida caliente</p> <p>caliente Prefiero comer comida picante</p> <p>picante</p> <p>CD #8 Track #3 caliente picante</p> <p>caliente, picante</p> <p>Quiero estar en México estar</p> <p>ser - estar</p> <p>en la playa estar en la playa</p> <p>Quiero estar en la playa Voy a estar en la playa ¿Dónde va a estar? De vacaciones estar de vacaciones Voy a estar Voy a estar de vacaciones ¿Cuándo? ¿Cuándo quiere ordenar? ¿Qué quiere ordenar?</p> <p>Quisiera ordenar ... el pescado la carne las verduras la ensalada las enchiladas Una vez más! ¡Escuche!</p> <p>CD #8 Track #4 Quisiera ordenar ... el pescado la carne</p>
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<p>the vegetables the salad the enchiladas Let's check your progress and see how fast you can think and speak in Spanish. I would like to order ... the fish the meat the vegetables the salad the enchiladas</p> <p>CD #8 Track #5 OK. Now, what we can do is add the verb <i>to do/make</i> after some of these questions to make them more interesting and more realistic. to do/to make Let's have fun and ask an interesting question in Spanish What do you want to do? What do you like to do? What can you do?</p> <p>What do you have to do? What do you prefer to do? What do you need to do? What are you going to do?</p> <p>CD #8 Track #6 Are you guys ready? Let's begin! To speak Spanish To speak English To speak with you (fam.) To speak with you (form.) To speak with me To eat To eat something good I would like to eat something good To eat Mexican food To eat American food To eat spicy hot food</p> <p>CD #8 Track #7 What are you going to do? I'm going to speak Spanish I'm going to speak English</p>	<p>las verduras la ensalada las enchiladas</p> <p>Quisiera ordenar ... el pescado la carne las verduras la ensalada las enchiladas</p> <p>CD #8 Track #5 <i>hacer</i> ("h" is always silent in Spanish)</p> <p>hacer</p> <p>¿Qué quiere hacer? ¿Qué le gusta hacer? ¿Qué puede hacer?</p> <p>¿Qué tiene que hacer? ¿Qué prefiere hacer? ¿Qué necesita hacer? ¿Qué va a hacer?</p> <p>CD #8 Track #6 ¿Están listos? ¡Comencemos! Hablar español Hablar inglés Hablar contigo Hablar con usted Hablar conmigo Comer Comer algo rico Quisiera comer algo rico Comer comida mexicana Comer comida americana Comer comida picante</p> <p>CD #8 Track #7 ¿Qué va a hacer? Voy a hablar español Voy a hablar inglés</p>
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<p>I'm going to speak with you (fam.) I'm going to speak with you (form.) I'm going to eat I'm going to eat something good I'm going to eat Mexican food I'm going to eat American food I'm going to eat spicy hot food</p> <p>CD #8 Track #8 How did it go for you? Fantastic! Try to say the following before the native speaker, and then repeat after the native speaker! I'm going to drink I'm going to drink something I'm going to drink water I'm going to drink beer I'm going to drink wine I'm going to drink coffee I'm going to taste I'm going to taste something good I'm going to taste this food I'm going to taste that food I'm going to taste this I'm going to taste that I'm going to know the answer I'm going to know why I'm going to know where I'm going to know how I'm going to know Spanish I'm going to know English I'm going to know/I'm going to be familiar with I'm going to know you (form.) I'm going to know your family I'm going to know your country I'm going to go I'm going to go now I'm going to go later I'm going to go today I'm going to go tomorrow</p> <p>CD #8 Track #9 Do you remember how to say "I love"? And keep in mind that I'm referring to "love" in terms of "I love to eat" - "I love Mexican food". We'll cover romantic love in another section. The most popular way to say "I love you" in Spanish is I love you (most common and popular)</p>	<p>Voy a hablar contigo Voy a hablar con usted Voy a comer Voy a comer algo rico Voy a comer comida mexicana Voy a comer comida americana Voy a comer comida picante</p> <p>CD #8 Track #8 ¿Cómo le fue? ¡Fantástico!</p> <p>Voy a tomar Voy a tomar algo Voy a tomar agua Voy a tomar cerveza Voy a tomar vino Voy a tomar café Voy a probar Voy a probar algo rico Voy a probar esta comida Voy a probar esa comida Voy a probar esto Voy a probar eso Voy a saber la respuesta Voy a saber por qué Voy a saber dónde Voy a saber cómo Voy a saber el español Voy a saber inglés Voy a conocer Voy a conocer a usted Voy a conocer a su familia Voy a conocer su país Voy a ir Voy a ir ahora Voy a ir después Voy a ir hoy Voy a ir mañana</p> <p>CD #8 Track #9 Me encanta</p> <p>Te quiero</p>
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<p>I love you (deepest and most spiritual and romantic)</p> <p>I love (used for everything else non romantic)</p> <p>to eat Mexican food</p> <p>I love to eat Mexican food</p> <p>hot food (spicy hot)</p> <p>I love to eat hot food (spicy)</p> <p>I love to eat Mexican food</p> <p>CD #8 Track #10</p> <p>Try to say</p> <p>I love to eat hot food (spicy)</p> <p>I like to eat American food</p> <p>I love to eat Mexican food</p> <p>Please listen and repeat!</p> <p>to drink</p> <p>to drink something</p> <p>to drink water</p> <p>to drink beer</p> <p>to drink wine</p> <p>to drink coffee</p> <p>to taste</p> <p>to taste something good</p> <p>to taste this food</p> <p>to taste that food</p> <p>to taste this</p> <p>to taste that</p> <p>to rest</p> <p>CD #8 Track #11</p> <p>I prefer to rest</p> <p>CD #8 Track #12</p> <p>It's Audio Snapshot Time</p> <p>to know facts</p> <p>to know the answer</p> <p>to know why</p> <p>to know where</p> <p>to know how</p> <p>to know Spanish</p> <p>to know English</p> <p>to send an e-mail</p> <p>to send a text</p> <p>to travel</p> <p>to travel to Mexico</p> <p>to travel to Cancún</p> <p>to travel to South America</p> <p>to travel to Europe</p>	<p>Te amo</p> <p>Me encanta</p> <p>comer comida mexicana</p> <p>Me encanta comer comida mexicana</p> <p>comida picante</p> <p>Me encanta comer comida picante</p> <p>Me encanta comer comida mexicana</p> <p>CD #8 Track #10</p> <p>Me encanta comer comida picante</p> <p>Me gusta comer comida americana</p> <p>Me encanta comer comida mexicana</p> <p>tomar</p> <p>tomar algo</p> <p>tomar agua</p> <p>tomar cerveza</p> <p>tomar vino</p> <p>tomar café</p> <p>probar</p> <p>probar algo rico</p> <p>probar esta comida</p> <p>probar esa comida</p> <p>probar esto</p> <p>probar eso</p> <p>descansar</p> <p>CD #8 Track #11</p> <p>Prefiero descansar</p> <p>CD #8 Track #12</p> <p>saber</p> <p>saber la respuesta</p> <p>saber por qué</p> <p>saber dónde</p> <p>saber cómo</p> <p>saber el español</p> <p>saber inglés</p> <p>mandar un correo electrónico/mandar un e-mail</p> <p>mandar un texto</p> <p>viajar</p> <p>viajar a México</p> <p>viajar a Cancún</p> <p>viajar a Sud América</p> <p>viajar a Europa</p>
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<p>to travel to Spain to be to be nice to be punctual to be courteous to be (location) to be in Mexico to be on the beach to be in bed to be at work to be at home to walk to walk outside to walk in the park to walk in the woods to walk in the mountains</p> <p>CD #8 Track #13 to go out with friends I like to go out with friends Do you want to wait? Do you want to go? Do you want to sleep?</p> <p>Do you want to go out? Do you want to drive? Do you want to walk? Can you walk? Do you have to walk? Do you like to walk?</p> <p>CD #8 Track #14 Listen to the use of "Sí = Yes" (Accent over the "í") "Si = If" (No accent over the "i") Yes, I like to walk ... if I can Yes, I like to walk if I can To go out with friends I like to go out with friends? I'm going to go I'm going to You're going to Are you going to? Are you going to go out with friends? Tonight? Are you going to go out with friends tonight?</p>	<p>viajar a España ser ser amable ser puntual ser cortés estar estar en México estar en la playa estar en la cama estar en el trabajo estar en casa caminar caminar afuera caminar en el parque caminar en el bosque caminar en las montañas</p> <p>CD #8 Track #13 salir con amigos Me gusta salir con amigos ¿Quiere esperar? ¿Quiere ir? ¿Quiere dormir?</p> <p>¿Quiere salir? ¿Quiere manejar? ¿Quiere caminar? ¿Puede caminar? ¿Tiene que caminar? ¿Le gusta caminar?</p> <p>CD #8 Track #14 Sí, me gusta caminar Si puedo Sí, me gusta caminar si puedo Sí, me gusta caminar si puedo Salir con amigos Me gusta salir con amigos Voy a ir Voy a Va a ¿Va a? ¿Va a salir con amigos? ¿Esta noche? ¿Va a salir con amigos esta noche?</p>
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<p>In a restaurant? Are you going to eat? Are you going to eat in a restaurant?</p> <p>CD #8 Track #15 Are you going to eat in a restaurant? At home? Are you going to eat at home? Are you going to drink? Are you going to drink beer? Milk Are you going to drink milk? Cookies? Are you going to eat cookies? Butter Bread with butter</p> <p>CD #8 Track #16 Now attempt to ask Are you going to eat bread with butter? Bread with butter and jam? Are you going to eat bread with butter and jam? Are you going to speak Spanish? Do you want to speak Spanish? Do you prefer to speak Spanish? Do you like to speak Spanish? Can you speak Spanish? Do you have to speak Spanish? to understand Can you understand English? Do you prefer to speak Spanish or English? to drive or to walk</p> <p>CD #8 Track #18 Do you prefer to drive or to walk? To pay now? Do you prefer to pay now? Do you prefer to pay now? To pay later I prefer to pay later I don't want to pay now To pay the bill (restaurant) I don't want to pay the bill I'm going to say something I'm not going to say anything I'd like to know Spain I would like to know your family</p>	<p>¿En un restaurante? ¿Va a comer? ¿Va a comer en un restaurante?</p> <p>CD #8 Track #15 ¿Va a comer en un restaurante? ¿En casa? ¿Va a comer en casa? ¿Va a tomar? ¿Va a tomar cerveza? Leche ¿Va a tomar leche? ¿Galletas? ¿Va a comer galletas? Mantequilla Pan con mantequilla</p> <p>CD #8 Track #16 ¿Va a comer pan con mantequilla? ¿Pan con mantequilla y mermelada? ¿Va a comer pan con mantequilla y mermelada? ¿Va a hablar español? ¿Quiere hablar español? ¿Prefiere hablar español? ¿Le gusta hablar español? ¿Puede hablar español? ¿Tiene que hablar español? entender ¿Puede entender el inglés? ¿Prefiere hablar español o inglés? manejar o caminar</p> <p>CD #8 Track #18 ¿Prefiere manejar o caminar? ¿Pagar ahora? ¿Prefiere pagar ahora? ¿Prefiere pagar ahora? Pagar después Prefiero pagar después No quiero pagar ahora Pagar la cuenta No quiero pagar la cuenta Voy a decir algo No voy a decir nada Quisiera conocer España Quisiera conocer a su familia</p>
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I would like to go now
I prefer to go later

Quisiera ir ahora
Prefiero ir después