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## Top 25 Dutch Questions You Need to Know

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## LESSON NOTES

# Top 25 Dutch Questions You Need to Know S1 #1

## What's your name in Dutch?

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## CONTENTS

- 2 Dutch
- 2 English
- 3 Vocabulary
- 3 Sample Sentences
- 3 Grammar
- 4 Cultural Insight

# 1

## DUTCH

1. A: Wat is uw naam?
2. B: Mijn naam is Hans Heijnen.
3. A: Wat is uw naam?
4. B: Mijn naam is Friso Kuperus.
5. A: Wat is uw naam?
6. B: Mijn naam is Walter Bol.
7. A: Wat is uw naam?
8. B: Mijn naam is David Smith.

## ENGLISH

1. A: What is your name?
2. B: My name is Hans Heijnen.
3. A: What is your name?
4. B: My name is Friso Kuperus.
5. A: What is your name?
6. B: My name is Walter Bol.

CONT'D OVER

7. A: What is your name?
8. B: My name is David Smith.

## VOCABULARY

Dutch	English	Class	Gender
naam	name	noun	masculine
mijn	my	pronoun	
is	is	verb	
wat	what	adverb	
uw	your	pronoun	

## SAMPLE SENTENCES

<b>Je hebt een mooie naam.</b> "You have a pretty name."	<b>Mijn naam is David Smith.</b> "My name is David Smith."
<b>Mijn naam is Walter Bol.</b> "My name is Walter Bol."	<b>Wat is dat?</b> "What's that?"

**Mijn naam is Friso Kuperus.**

"My name is Friso Kuperus."

## GRAMMAR

The focus of this lesson is how to say "What's your name?" in Dutch.

The question is broken down into 4 words:

	Dutch	English
Word 1	wat	what
Word 2	is	is
Word 3	uw	your
Word 4	naam	name

As always in the Netherlands, people value circumspection in everyday speech. Manners are always appreciated.

When asking children their name you can replace "uw" for "je".

## CULTURAL INSIGHT

In the Netherlands, it is common for students to study English in school. Other popular languages include French and German. Dutch people usually have at least basic knowledge when it comes to those languages. They will nevertheless be happy if you can speak to them in Dutch. The polite way to respond is to downplay your skill-level. By answering "Just a little" you will impress not only with your Dutch ability, but with your manners as well.

## LESSON NOTES

# Top 25 Dutch Questions You Need to Know S1 #2

## Where are you from in Dutch?

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## CONTENTS

- 2 Dutch
- 2 English
- 3 Vocabulary
- 3 Sample Sentences
- 4 Grammar
- 4 Cultural Insight

# **2**

## DUTCH

1. A: Waar komt u vandaan?
2. B: Ik kom uit de Verenigde Staten.
3. A: Waar komt u vandaan?
4. B: Ik kom uit Duitsland.
5. A: Waar komt u vandaan?
6. B: Ik kom uit Frankrijk.
7. A: Waar komt u vandaan?
8. B: Ik kom uit Nederland.

## ENGLISH

1. A: Where are you from?
2. B: I'm from the United States.
3. A: Where are you from?
4. B: I'm from Germany
5. A: Where are you from?
6. B: I'm from France

CONT'D OVER

7. A: Where are you from?
8. B: I'm from the Netherlands

## VOCABULARY

Dutch	English	Class	Gender
u	you	pronoun	feminine, masculine
vandaan	from where		
komt	come	verb	
ik	I	pronoun	
waar	where	adverb	
Duitsland	Germany	noun	
Verenigde Staten	United States	noun	
Frankrijk	France	noun	neutral
Nederland	the Netherlands	noun	

## SAMPLE SENTENCES

<b>Dank u wel.</b> "Thank you."	<b>Waar komt u vandaan?</b> "Where are you from?"
<b>Waar komt u vandaan?</b> "Where are you from?"	<b>Waar komt u vandaan?</b> "Where are you from?"
<b>Ik heet Jacob.</b> "My name is Jacob."	<b>Ik kom uit de Verenigde Staten.</b> "I'm from the United States."

<b>Ik moet vanavond naar huis.</b>	<b>Waar is het postkantoor?</b>
"I have to go home tonight."	"Where is the post office?"
<b>Ik kom uit Duitsland.</b>	<b>Ik kom uit de Verenigde Staten.</b>
"I'm from Germany."	"I'm from the United States."
<b>Ik kom uit Frankrijk.</b>	<b>Ik kom uit Nederland.</b>
"I'm from France."	"I'm from the Netherlands."

## GRAMMAR

The focus of this lesson is how to say "Where are you from?" in Dutch.

The question is broken down into 4 words:

	Dutch	English
Word 1	waar	where
Word 2	komt	come
Word 3	u	you
Word 4	vandaan	from where

As always in the Netherlands, people value circumspection in everyday speech. Manners are always appreciated.

## CULTURAL INSIGHT

Since the Netherlands has become such a popular tourist destination, you may meet people from all over the world during your stay there. The Dutch will likewise be curious about where you've come from, and you will hear this question often as you meet new people.

## LESSON NOTES

# Top 25 Dutch Questions You Need to Know S1 #3

## Where do you live in Dutch?

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## CONTENTS

- 2 Dutch
- 2 English
- 2 Vocabulary
- 3 Sample Sentences
- 4 Grammar
- 4 Cultural Insight

# **3**

## DUTCH

1. Q: Waar woont u?
2. A: Ik woon in New York.
3. A: Ik woon in Amsterdam.
4. A: Ik woon in Parijs.
5. A: Ik woon in Rome.

## ENGLISH

1. Q: Where do you live?
2. A: I live in New York.
3. A: I live in Amsterdam.
4. A: I live in Paris.
5. A: I live in Rome.

## VOCABULARY

Dutch	English	Class	Gender
ik	I	pronoun	
Amsterdam	Amsterdam	noun	
u	you	pronoun	feminine, masculine

New York	New York	noun	neutral
waar	where	adverb	
woont	live	verb	
Parijs	Paris	noun	neutral
in	in	preposition	
Rome	Rome	noun	neutral

## SAMPLE SENTENCES

<b>Ik heet Jacob.</b> "My name is Jacob."	<b>Ik kom uit de Verenigde Staten.</b> "I'm from the United States."
<b>Ik moet vanavond naar huis.</b> "I have to go home tonight."	<b>Twee belangrijke bezienswaardigheden van Amsterdam zijn het Van Gogh museum en de rosse buurt.</b> "Two main attractions of Amsterdam are the Van Gogh museum and the Red Light District."
<b>Ik woon in Amsterdam.</b> "I live in Amsterdam."	<b>Dank u wel.</b> "Thank you."
<b>Waar komt u vandaan?</b> "Where are you from?"	<b>Ik woon in New York.</b> "I live in New York."
<b>Waar is het postkantoor?</b> "Where is the post office?"	<b>Waar woont u?</b> "Where do you live?"

<b>Ik woon in Parijs.</b>	<b>In de tuin.</b>
"I live in Paris."	"In the garden."
<b>Ik woon in New York.</b>	<b>Ik woon in Rome.</b>
"I live in New York."	"I live in Rome."

## GRAMMAR

The focus of this lesson is how to say Where do you live? in Dutch.

The question is broken down into 3 words:

	Dutch	English
Word 1	waar	where
Word 2	woont	live
Word 3	u	you

This question is considered somewhat direct for everyday speech, so use it with caution. In fact, it may be best to avoid it altogether. You may hear it, though, so it's best to know how to answer it.

As always in the Netherlands, people value circumspection in everyday speech. Manners are always appreciated.

## CULTURAL INSIGHT

Due to its location, people in the Netherlands are used to meeting people from other countries, and also know other Dutch people who have emigrated to locations abroad -- especially to Norway, Canada and Australia. Because of this cosmopolitan culture, you will likely hear people give very interesting responses to this question.

## LESSON NOTES

# Top 25 Dutch Questions You Need to Know S1 #4

## What do you do in Dutch?

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## CONTENTS

- 2 Dutch
- 2 English
- 2 Vocabulary
- 3 Sample Sentences
- 4 Grammar
- 4 Cultural Insight

# **4**

## DUTCH

1. Q: Wat voor werk doet u?

2. A: Ik ben leraar.

3. A: Ik ben piloot.

4. A: Ik ben ingenieur.

5. A: Ik ben dokter.

## ENGLISH

1. Q: What do you do?

2. A: I'm a teacher.

3. A: I'm a pilot.

4. A: I'm an engineer.

5. A: I'm a doctor.

## VOCABULARY

Dutch	English	Class	Gender
dokter	doctor, physician	noun	common
u	you	pronoun	feminine, masculine
wat	what	adverb	

leraar	teacher	noun	masculine
werk	work	verb	
ik	I	pronoun	
ingenieur	engineer	noun	masculine
voor	for	preposition	
doet	do	verb	
ben	am	verb	
piloot	pilot	noun	masculine

## SAMPLE SENTENCES

<b>Een dokter werkt in een ziekenhuis.</b> "A doctor works in a hospital."	<b>Dank u wel.</b> "Thank you."
<b>Waar komt u vandaan?</b> "Where are you from?"	<b>Wat is dat?</b> "What's that?"
<b>De leraar gaf de klas les.</b> "The teacher taught the class."	<b>Ik heet Jacob.</b> "My name is Jacob."
<b>Ik kom uit de Verenigde Staten.</b> "I'm from the United States."	<b>Ik moet vanavond naar huis.</b> "I have to go home tonight."
<b>Ik ben ingenieur.</b> "I'm a engineer."	<b>Voor wie is dat gebakje?</b> "Who's cake is that?"
<b>Wat voor werk doet</b> "What do you do?"	<b>Wat voor werk doet</b> "What do you do?"

<b>Ik ben blij.</b>	<b>Ik ben piloot.</b>
"I am happy."	"I'm a pilot."

## GRAMMAR

The focus of this lesson is how to say What do you do? in Dutch.

The question is broken down into 5 words:

	Dutch	English
Word 1	wat	what
Word 2	voor	for
Word 3	werk	work
Word 4	doet	do
Word 5	u	you

This question is considered somewhat direct for everyday speech, so use it with caution. In fact, it may be best to avoid it altogether. You may hear it, though, so it's best to know how to answer it.

Though you may not hear this question often in the Netherlands, it is good to have a ready answer in case you do.

As always in the Netherlands, people value circumspection in everyday speech. Manners are always appreciated.

## CULTURAL INSIGHT

In the Netherlands, you will often hear this question when first meeting someone. The Dutch do not believe it is overly direct or rude; therefore, don't be surprised if you hear it many times during your stay.

## LESSON NOTES

# Top 25 Dutch Questions You Need to Know S1 #5

## Do you speak Dutch?

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## CONTENTS

- 2 Dutch
- 2 English
- 2 Vocabulary
- 3 Sample Sentences
- 4 Grammar
- 4 Cultural Insight

# **5**

## DUTCH

1. Q: Spreekt u Nederlands?
2. A: Ja, ik spreek het een beetje.
3. A: Ja, ik spreek het heel goed.
4. A: Ja, ik spreek het niet echt.
5. A: Ja, ik spreek het uitstekend.

## ENGLISH

1. Q: Do you speak Dutch?
2. A: Yes, I speak a little.
3. A: Yes, I speak very well.
4. A: I don't really speak it.
5. A: Yes, I speak excellent Dutch.

## VOCABULARY

Dutch	English	Class	Gender
ja	yes	expression	
heel goed	very good		
Nederlands	Dutch (nationality)	adjective	

Spreekt	Speak	verb
niet echt	not really	
een beetje	a little	
ik	I	pronoun
u	you	pronoun
het	it	article
uitstekend	excellent	adjective

## SAMPLE SENTENCES

<b>Ja, wij gaan ook op vakantie.</b> "Yes, we also go on holiday."	<b>Ja, ik spreek het heel goed.</b> "Yes, I speak very well."
<b>Ik ben Nederlands.</b> "I'm Dutch."	<b>Spreekt u Nederlands?</b> "Do you speak Dutch?"
<b>Ja, ik spreek het niet echt.</b> "I don't really speak it."	<b>Ja, ik spreek het een beetje.</b> "Yes, I speak a little."
<b>Ik heet Jacob.</b> "My name is Jacob."	<b>Ik kom uit de Verenigde Staten.</b> "I'm from the United States."
<b>Ik moet vanavond naar huis.</b> "I have to go home tonight."	<b>Dank u wel.</b> "Thank you."
<b>Waar komt u vandaan?</b> "Where are you from?"	<b>Het is goed.</b> "It's ok."

<b>Het is in die richting.</b>	<b>Ja, ik spreek het uitstekend.</b>
"It's in that direction."	"Yes, I speak excellent Dutch."

## GRAMMAR

The focus of this lesson is how to say Do you speak Dutch? in Dutch.

The question is broken down into 3 words:

	Dutch	English
Word 1	spreekt	speak
Word 2	u	you
Word 3	Nederlands	Dutch

To say ""no"", in a simple way, just say:

Nee, ik spreek geen Nederlands.

Which is like saying "No, I don't speak Dutch." in English.

## CULTURAL INSIGHT

In the Netherlands, it is common for students to study English in school. Other popular languages include French and German. Dutch people usually have at least basic knowledge when it comes to those languages. They will nevertheless be happy if you can speak to them in Dutch. The polite way to respond is to downplay your skill-level. By answering "Just a little" you will impress not only with your Dutch ability, but with your manners as well.

## LESSON NOTES

# Top 25 Dutch Questions You Need to Know S1 #6

## How long have you been studying Dutch?

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## CONTENTS

- 2 Dutch
- 2 English
- 2 Vocabulary
- 3 Sample Sentences
- 4 Grammar
- 4 Cultural Insight

# **6**

## DUTCH

1. Q: Hoe lang studeert u al Nederlands?.
2. A: Voor een maand.
3. A: Voor een jaar.
4. A: Voor vijf weken.
5. A: Voor acht maanden.

## ENGLISH

1. Q: How long have you been studying Dutch?
2. A: For 1 month.
3. A: For a year.
4. A: For five weeks.
5. A: For eight months.

## VOCABULARY

Dutch	English	Class	Gender
acht maanden	eight months		
lang	long, tall	adjective	
studeren	study	verb	

voor	for	preposition
hoe	how	interrogative
een jaar	a year	
vijf weken	five weeks	
maand	month	noun
een	one (1)	noun
		feminine
		masculine

## SAMPLE SENTENCES

<b>Voor acht maanden.</b> "For eight months."	<b>Het meisje heeft prachtig lang haar.</b> "The girl has beautiful long hair."
<b>Hoe lang studeert u al [Nederlands]?</b> "How long have you been studying [Dutch]?"	<b>Ik studeer in de bibliotheek.</b> "I am studying at the library."
<b>Ik studeer aan de Universiteit van Amsterdam.</b> "I study at the University of Amsterdam."	<b>Voor wie is dat gebakje?</b> "Who's cake is that?"
<b>Wat voor werk doet</b> "What do you do?"	<b>Ik heet Marije, hoe heet jij?</b> "My name is Maria, what is your name?"
<b>Hoe gaat het?</b> "How are you?"	<b>Voor een jaar.</b> "For a year."
<b>Voor vijf weken.</b> "For five weeks."	<b>Voor een maand.</b> "For 1 month."

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**Een bier alstublieft.**

"One beer please."

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## GRAMMAR

The focus of this lesson is how to say "How long have you been studying Dutch?" in Dutch. The question is broken down into 3 words:

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	Dutch	English
Word 1	hoe	how
Word 2	lang	long
Word 3	studeert	study

## CULTURAL INSIGHT

When using the Dutch language as a non-native, people will be very surprised and impressed that you've taken the first steps in their language. Even saying a simple 'good morning' in Dutch may result in overload of compliments.

## LESSON NOTES

# Top 25 Dutch Questions You Need to Know S1 #7

## Where did you learn Dutch?

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## CONTENTS

- 2 Dutch
- 2 English
- 2 Vocabulary
- 3 Sample Sentences
- 4 Grammar

# **7**

## DUTCH

1. Q: Waar heeft u Nederlands gestudeerd?
2. A: Ik heb het op school geleerd.
3. A: Ik heb het thuis geleerd.
4. A: Ik heb en het buurthuis geleerd.
5. A: Ik heb het op de universiteit geleerd.

## ENGLISH

1. Q: Where did you learn Dutch?
2. A: I learned it in school.
3. A: I learned it at home.
4. A: I learned it at the community center.
5. A: I learned it at university.

## VOCABULARY

Dutch	English	Class	Gender
en het buurthuis	at the community center		
op	on	preposition	

gestudeerd	studied	verb
ik	I	pronoun
waar	where	adverb
geleerd	learned	verb
u	you	pronoun
heb	have	verb
op de universiteit	at university	
heeft	have	verb
Nederlands	Dutch (nationality)	adjective
het	it	article
school	school	noun
		feminine

## SAMPLE SENTENCES

<b>Ik heet Jacob.</b> "My name is Jacob."	<b>Ik kom uit de Verenigde Staten.</b> "I'm from the United States."
<b>Ik moet vanavond naar huis.</b> "I have to go home tonight."	<b>Waar is het postkantoor?</b> "Where is the post office?"
<b>Ik heb het thuis geleerd.</b> "I learned it at home."	<b>Dank u wel.</b> "Thank you."
<b>Waar komt u vandaan?</b> "Where are you from?"	<b>Waar heeft u Nederlands gestudeerd?</b> "Where did you learn Dutch?"
<b>Ik heb het universiteit geleerd.</b> "I learned it at university."	<b>Amsterdam heeft een mooi station.</b> "Amsterdam has a beautiful station."

<b>Ik ben Nederlands.</b>	<b>Het is goed.</b>
"I'm Dutch."	"It's ok."
<b>Het is in die richting.</b>	<b>Ik heb het op school geleerd.</b>
"It's in that direction."	"I learned it in school."

## GRAMMAR

The focus of this lesson is how to say, "Where did you learn Dutch?" in Dutch.

The question is broken down into 3 words:

	Dutch	English
Word 1	waar	where
Word 2	heeft	have
Word 3	u	you
Word 4	Nederlands	Dutch
Word 5	gestudeerd	studied

Learn this question well, as you will hear it often in your travels to the Netherlands.

As always in the Netherlands, people value circumspection in everyday speech. Manners are always appreciated.

## LESSON NOTES

# Top 25 Dutch Questions You Need to Know S1 #8

## Can you eat Dutch food?

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## CONTENTS

- 2 Dutch
- 2 English
- 2 Vocabulary
- 3 Sample Sentences
- 4 Grammar

# 8

## DUTCH

1. Q: Kunt u Nederlands eten eten?
2. A: Ja, het is heerlijk.
3. A: Nee, het is smerig.
4. A: Ja, het is lekker.
5. A: Het is gewoon.

## ENGLISH

1. Q: Can you eat Dutch food?
2. A: Yes, it's delicious.
3. A: No, it's disgusting.
4. A: Yes, it's nice.
5. A: It's so-so.

## VOCABULARY

Dutch	English	Class	Gender
gewoon	so-so	adjective	
lekker	nice	adjective	
eten	to eat	verb	

eten	food	noun	neutral
u	you	pronoun	feminine, masculine
het	it	article	
kunt	can	verb	
Nederlands	Dutch (nationality)	adjective	
heerlijk	delicious	adjective	
smerig	disgusting		
is	is	verb	
ja	yes	expression	

## SAMPLE SENTENCES

<b>De familie is een diner aan het eten.</b> "The family is eating dinner."	<b>Wat zou je graag willen eten?</b> "What would you like to eat?"
<b>Wat is je favoriete eten?</b> "What is your favorite food?"	<b>Dank u wel.</b> "Thank you."
<b>Waar komt u vandaan?</b> "Where are you from?"	<b>Het is goed.</b> "It's ok."
<b>Het is in die richting.</b> "It's in that direction."	<b>Hij kan Japans schrijven.</b> "He can write Japanese."
<b>Ik ben Nederlands.</b> "I'm Dutch."	<b>De vrouw geniet van een heerlijke pizza.</b> "The woman is enjoying delicious pizza."

<b>Deze cake is heerlijk.</b>	<b>Mijn naam is Walter Bol.</b>
"This cake is delicious."	"My name is Walter Bol."

<b>Ja, wij gaan ook op vakantie.</b>
"Yes, we also go on holiday."

## GRAMMAR

The focus of this lesson is how to say Can you eat Dutch food? in Dutch.

The question is broken down into 5 words:

Dutch	Gender	Class	English
Word 1                   kunt		verb	can
Word 2                   u		pronoun	you
Word 3                   Nederlands		adjective	Dutch
Word 4                   eten	neuter	noun	food
Word 5                   eten		verb	eat

To say "no" in a simple way, just say:

Nee, ik hou niet van Nederlands eten.

Which is like saying "No, I don't like Dutch food." in English.

## LESSON NOTES

# Top 25 Dutch Questions You Need to Know S1 #9

## Do you like Dutch food?

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## CONTENTS

- 2 Dutch
- 2 English
- 2 Vocabulary
- 3 Sample Sentences
- 4 Grammar

# 9

## DUTCH

1. Q: Houdt u van Nederlands eten?
2. A: Ja, ik hou van ontbijtkoek.
3. A: Ja, ik hou van beschuit.
4. A: Ja, ik hou van brood.
5. A: Ja, ik hou van pannekoeken.

## ENGLISH

1. Q: Do you like Dutch food?
2. A: Yes, I love gingerbread.
3. A: Yes, I love rusk.
4. A: Yes, I love bread.
5. A: Yes, I love pancakes.

## VOCABULARY

Dutch	English	Class	Gender
brood	bread	noun	neutral
beschuit	Dutch rusk	noun	
eten	food	noun	

ja	yes	expression
houdt	like	verb
ontbijtkoek	gingerbread	noun
van	from	
hou	like	verb
u	you	pronoun feminine, masculine
Nederlands	Dutch (nationality)	adjective
ik	I	pronoun
pannekoek	pancake	noun

## SAMPLE SENTENCES

<b>Veel mensen eten beschuit voor hun ontbijt.</b> "A lot of people eat rusks for breakfast."	<b>Wat is je favoriete eten?</b> "What is your favorite food?"
<b>Ja, wij gaan ook op vakantie.</b> "Yes, we also go on holiday."	<b>Houdt u van Nederlands eten</b> "Do you like Dutch food?"
<b>Ja, ik hou van ontbijtkoek.</b> "Yes, I love gingerbread."	<b>Ja, ik hou van beschuit.</b> "Yes, I love rusk."
<b>Ja, ik hou van brood.</b> "Yes, I love bread."	<b>Dank u wel.</b> "Thank you."
<b>Waar komt u vandaan?</b> "Where are you from?"	<b>Ik ben Nederlands.</b> "I'm Dutch."

<b>Ik heet Jacob.</b>	<b>Ik kom uit de Verenigde Staten.</b>
"My name is Jacob."	"I'm from the United States."
<b>Ik moet vanavond naar huis.</b>	<b>Ja, ik hou van pannekoek.</b>
"I have to go home tonight."	"Yes, I love pancakes."

## GRAMMAR

The focus of this lesson is how to say Do you like Dutch food? in Dutch.

The question is broken down into 5 words:

	Dutch	English
Word 1	houdt	like
Word 2	u	you
Word 3	van	from
Word 4	Nederlands	Dutch
Word 5	eaten	food

To say "no", in a simple way, just say:

Nee, ik hou niet van Nederlands eten.

Which is like saying No, I don't like Dutch food. in English.

## LESSON NOTES

# Top 25 Dutch Questions You Need to Know S1 #10

## How is it in Dutch? (food)

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## CONTENTS

- 2 Dutch
- 2 English
- 2 Vocabulary
- 3 Sample Sentences
- 3 Grammar

# 10

## DUTCH

1. Q: Hoe bevalt het? (eten)
2. A: Het is heerlijk.
3. A: Het is heet.
4. A: Het is zoutig.
5. A: Het is zoet.

## ENGLISH

1. Q: How is it? (food)
2. A: It's delicious.
3. A: It's spicy.
4. A: It's salty.
5. A: It's sweet.

## VOCABULARY

Dutch	English	Class
zoet	sweet	adjective
heet	spicy, hot	adjective
zoutig	salty	adjective

hoe	how	interrogative
het	it	article
bevalt	like	verb
is	is	verb
heerlijk	delicious	adjective

## SAMPLE SENTENCES

<b>Het is zoet</b> "It's sweet."	<b>Spaanse pepers zijn heet.</b> "Spanish peppers are hot."
<b>Het is zoutig</b> "It's salty."	<b>Ik heet Marije, hoe heet jij?</b> "My name is Maria, what is your name?"
<b>Hoe gaat het?</b> "How are you?"	<b>Het is goed.</b> "It's ok."
<b>Het is in die richting.</b> "It's in that direction."	<b>Hoe bevalt het?</b> "How is it?" (food)
<b>Mijn naam is Walter Bol.</b> "My name is Walter Bol."	<b>De vrouw geniet van een heerlijke pizza.</b> "The woman is enjoying delicious pizza."
<b>Deze cake is heerlijk.</b> "This cake is delicious."	

## GRAMMAR

The focus of this lesson is how to say "How is it? (food)" in Dutch.

The question is broken down into 3 words:

	Dutch	English
Word 1	hoe	how
Word 2	bevalt	like
Word 3	het	it

## LESSON NOTES

# Top 25 Dutch Questions You Need to Know S1 #11

## How old are you in Dutch?

---

## CONTENTS

- 2 Dutch
- 2 English
- 2 Vocabulary
- 3 Sample Sentences
- 4 Grammar

# 11

## DUTCH

1. Q: Hoe oud bent u?
2. A: Ik ben achttien jaar oud.
3. A: Ik ben dertig jaar oud.
4. A: Ik ben vijfenvijftig jaar oud.
5. A: Ik ben dertien jaar oud.

## ENGLISH

1. Q: How old are you?
2. A: I'm 18 years old.
3. A: I'm 30 years old.
4. A: I'm 45 years old.
5. A: I'm thirteen years old.

## VOCABULARY

Dutch	English	Class	Gender
ben	am	verb	
bent	are		
hoe	how	interrogative	

jaar	year	noun	neutral
u	you	pronoun	feminine, masculine
dertig	thirty	noun	feminine
oud	old		
ik	I	pronoun	
dertien	thirteen	noun	masculine
vijfenveertig	fortyfive	numeral	

## SAMPLE SENTENCES

<b>Ik ben blij.</b> "I am happy."	<b>Hoe oud bent u?</b> "How old are you?"
<b>Ik heet Marije, hoe heet jij?</b> "My name is Maria, what is your name?"	<b>Hoe gaat het?</b> "How are you?"
<b>Ik ben dertig jaar oud.</b> "I am thirty years old."	<b>Volgend jaar ben ik een middelbare scholier.</b> "I'll be a middle school student next year."
<b>Ik ben dertien jaar oud.</b> "I'm thirteen years old."	<b>Dank u wel.</b> "Thank you."
<b>Waar komt u vandaan?</b> "Where are you from?"	<b>De kamer kost dertig euro per nacht.</b> "The room costs thirty euro per night."
<b>Ik ben achttien jaar oud.</b> "I'm 18 years old."	<b>Ik heet Jacob.</b> "My name is Jacob."

---

**Ik kom uit de Verenigde Staten.**

"I'm from the United States."

**Ik moet vanavond naar huis.**

"I have to go home tonight."

---

**Ik ben vijfenveertig jaar oud.**

"I'm 45 years old."

---

## GRAMMAR

The focus of this lesson is how to say "How old are you?" in Dutch.

The question is broken down into 4 words:

	Dutch	English
Word 1	hoe	how
Word 2	oud	old
Word 3	bent	are
Word 4	u	you

## LESSON NOTES

# Top 25 Dutch Questions You Need to Know S1 #12

## When is your birthday in Dutch?

---

## CONTENTS

- 2 Dutch
- 2 English
- 2 Vocabulary
- 3 Sample Sentences
- 3 Grammar

# 12

## DUTCH

1. Q: Wat is uw geboortedatum?
2. A: Die is tweeëntwintig augustus.
3. A: Die is een mei.
4. A: Die is negentien december.
5. A: Die is drie februari.

## ENGLISH

1. Q: When is your birthday?
2. A: It's August 22nd.
3. A: It's May 1st.
4. A: It's December 19th.
5. A: It's February 3rd.

## VOCABULARY

Dutch	English	Class	Gender
die	that	pronoun	
uw	your	pronoun	
is	is	verb	

augustus	August	noun	masculine
verjaardag	birthday	noun	masculine
een mei	May 1st	noun	
tweeëntwintig	twenty-second	noun	
wat	what	adverb	
negentien december	December 19th	noun	
drie februari	February 3rd	noun	

## SAMPLE SENTENCES

<b>Mijn naam is Friso Kuperus.</b> "My name is Friso Kuperus."	<b>Mijn naam is Walter Bol.</b> "My name is Walter Bol."
<b>Die is tweeëntwintig augustus.</b> "It's August 22nd."	<b>Morgen is het mijn verjaardag.</b> "It's my birthday tomorrow."
<b>Die is een mei.</b> "It's May 1st."	<b>Wat is dat?</b> "What's that?"
<b>Die is negentien december.</b> "It's December 19th."	<b>Die is drie februari.</b> "It's February 3rd."

## GRAMMAR

The focus of this lesson is how to say "When is your birthday?" in Dutch.

The question is broken down into {4} words:

Dutch	English

Word 1	wat	what
Word 2	is	is
Word 3	uw	your
Word 4	geboortedatum	birthday

## LESSON NOTES

# Top 25 Dutch Questions You Need to Know S1 #13

## Do you have any brothers or sisters in Dutch?

---

## CONTENTS

- 2 Dutch
- 2 English
- 2 Vocabulary
- 3 Sample Sentences
- 4 Grammar

# **13**

## DUTCH

1. Q: Heeft u broers of zussen?
2. A: Ik heb een zus.
3. A: Ik heb een broer.
4. A: Ik heb een oudere zus.
5. A: Ik heb een jongere broer.

## ENGLISH

1. Q: Do you have any brothers or sisters?
2. A: I have a sister.
3. A: I have a brother.
4. A: I have an older sister.
5. A: I have a younger brother.

## VOCABULARY

Dutch	English	Class	Gender
broers	brothers	masculine	
u	you	pronoun	feminine, masculine
heeftw	have		

ik	I	pronoun
of	or	
heb	have	verb
zussen	sisters	feminine
een	a	article
oudere zus	older sister	phrase
zus	sister	noun
jongere broer	younger brother	phrase
broer	brother	noun
		masculine

## SAMPLE SENTENCES

<b>Ik heb een drie broers.</b> "I have three brothers."	<b>Heeft u broers of zussen?</b> "Do you have any brothers or sisters?"
<b>Dank u wel.</b> "Thank you."	<b>Waar komt u vandaan?</b> "Where are you from?"
<b>Heeft u broers of zussen?</b> "Do you have any brothers or sisters?"	<b>Ik heet Jacob.</b> "My name is Jacob."
<b>Ik kom uit de Verenigde Staten.</b> "I'm from the United States."	<b>Ik moet vanavond naar huis.</b> "I have to go home tonight."
<b>Heeft u broers of zussen?</b> "Do you have any brothers or sisters?"	<b>Waar heeft u Nederlands gestudeerd?</b> "Where did you learn Dutch?"

<b>Heeft u broers of zusen?</b> "Do you have any brothers or sisters?"	<b>Hij gooit een steen.</b> "He throws a rock."
<b>Ik heb een oudere zus.</b> "I have an older sister."	<b>Hij is mijn oudere broer en zij is mijn jongere zus.</b> "He is my older brother, and she is my younger sister."
<b>Mijn broer ligt in het ziekenhuis.</b> "My brother is in the hospital."	<b>Zij is jonger dan mijn broer.</b> "She is younger than my brother."

## GRAMMAR

The focus of this lesson is how to say "Do you have any brothers and sisters?" in Dutch. The question is broken down into 5 words:

	Dutch	English
Word 1	heeftw	have
Word 2	u	you
Word 3	broers	brothers
Word 4	of	or
Word 5	zussen	sisters

## LESSON NOTES

# Top 25 Dutch Questions You Need to Know S1 #14

## How tall are you in Dutch?

---

## CONTENTS

- 2 Dutch
- 2 English
- 2 Vocabulary
- 3 Sample Sentences
- 4 Grammar

# 14

## DUTCH

1. Q: Hoe lang bent u?
2. A: Ik ben een meter tachtig lang.
3. A: Ik ben een meter vijftig lang.
4. A: Ik ben twee meter lang.
5. A: Ik ben een meter zesennegentig lang.

## ENGLISH

1. Q: How tall are you?
2. A: I'm 180 centimeters tall.
3. A: I'm 150 centimeters tall.
4. A: I'm 2 meters tall.
5. A: I'm 196 centimeters tall.

## VOCABULARY

Dutch	English	Class	Gender
lang	tall	adjective	
bent	are		
hoe	how	interrogative	

ik	I	pronoun	
u	you	pronoun	feminine, masculine
meter	meter	noun	feminine
ben	am	verb	
een	one (1)	noun	masculine
tachtig	eighty	noun	feminine
twee meter	2m(two meter)		
een meter vijftig	150 (centimeters)		
een meter zesennegentig	196 (centimeters)		

## SAMPLE SENTENCES

<b>Hoe lang bent u?</b>  "How tall are you?"	<b>Hoe oud bent u?</b>  "How old are you?"
<b>Ik heet Marije, hoe heet jij?</b>  "My name is Maria, what is your name?"	<b>Hoe gaat het?</b>  "How are you?"
<b>Ik heet Jacob.</b>  "My name is Jacob."	<b>Ik kom uit de Verenigde Staten.</b>  "I'm from the United States."
<b>Ik moet vanavond naar huis.</b>  "I have to go home tonight."	<b>Dank u wel.</b>  "Thank you."
<b>Waar komt u vandaan?</b>  "Where are you from?"	<b>Ik ben twee meter lang.</b>  "I'm 2 meters tall."

<b>Ik ben blij.</b> "I am happy."	<b>Een bier alstublieft.</b> "One beer please."
<b>Tachtig mensen.</b> "Eighty people."	<b>Ik ben twee meter lang.</b> "I'm 2 meters tall."
<b>Ik ben een meter vijftig lang.</b> "I'm 150 centimeters tall."	<b>Ik ben een meter zesennegentig lang.</b> "I'm 196 centimeters tall."

## GRAMMAR

The focus of this lesson is how to say How tall are you? in Dutch.

The question is broken down into {4} words:

	Dutch	English
Word 1	hoe	how
Word 2	lang	tall
Word 3	bent	are
Word 4	u	you

## LESSON NOTES

# Top 25 Dutch Questions You Need to Know S1 #15

## Do you have a cell phone in Dutch?

---

## CONTENTS

- 2 Dutch
- 2 English
- 2 Vocabulary
- 3 Sample Sentences
- 4 Grammar

# **15**

## DUTCH

1. Q: Heeft u een mobiele telefoon?
2. A: Ja, ik heb een iPhone.
3. A: Ja, ik heb een Blackberry.
4. A: Ja, ik heb een Samsung GT.
5. A: Ja, ik heb een Android.

## ENGLISH

1. Q: Do you have a cell phone?
2. A: Yes, I have an iPhone.
3. A: Yes, I have an Blackberry.
4. A: Yes, I have an Samsung GT.
5. A: Yes, I have an Android.

## VOCABULARY

Dutch	English	Class	Gender
u	you	pronoun	feminine, masculine
een	a	article	
heeft	have	verb	

mobiele	cell	adjective
telefoon	phone	noun
heb	have	verb
ik	I	pronoun
iPhone	iPhone	noun
Android	Android	noun
Blackberry	Blackberry	noun
Samsung GT	Samsung GT	noun
ja	yes	expression

## SAMPLE SENTENCES

<b>Dank u wel.</b> "Thank you."	<b>Waar komt u vandaan?</b> "Where are you from?"
<b>Hij gooit een steen.</b> "He throws a rock."	<b>Amsterdam heeft een mooi station.</b> "Amsterdam has a beautiful station."
<b>Heeft u een mobiele telefoon?</b> "Do you have a cell phone?"	<b>Heeft u een mobiele telefoon?</b> "Do you have a cell phone?"
<b>Waar heeft u Nederlands gestudeerd?</b> "Where did you learn Dutch?"	<b>Ik heet Jacob.</b> "My name is Jacob."
<b>Ik kom uit de Verenigde Staten.</b> "I'm from the United States."	<b>Ik moet vanavond naar huis.</b> "I have to go home tonight."

<b>Ja, ik heb een iPhone.</b>	<b>Ja, ik heb een Android.</b>
"Yes, I have an iPhone."	"Yes, I have an Android."
<b>Ja, ik heb een Blackberry.</b>	<b>Ja, wij gaan ook op vakantie.</b>
"Yes, I have a Blackberry."	"Yes, we also go on holiday."

## GRAMMAR

The focus of this lesson is how to say "Do you have a cell phone?" in Dutch.

The question is broken down into {5} words:

	Dutch	English
Word 1	heeftw	have
Word 2	u	you
Word 3	een	a
Word 4	mobiele	cell
Word 5	telefoon	phone

## LESSON NOTES

# Top 25 Dutch Questions You Need to Know S1 #16

## How are you in Dutch?

---

## CONTENTS

- 2 Dutch
- 2 English
- 2 Vocabulary
- 3 Sample Sentences
- 4 Grammar

# 16

## DUTCH

1. Q: Hoe gaat het met u?
2. A: Ik voel me prima.
3. A: Ik voel me ziek.
4. A: Ik voel me perfekt.
5. A: Ik voel me niet goed.

## ENGLISH

1. Q: How are you?
2. A: I'm fine.
3. A: I'm sick.
4. A: I'm perfect.
5. A: I'm not good.

## VOCABULARY

Dutch	English	Class	Gender
ongelukkig	unhappy	adjective	
prima	fine	adjective	
gaat	go	verb	

het	it	article
hoe	how	interrogative
u	you	pronoun
met	with	pronoun
voel	feel	verb
ik	I	pronoun
me	I	pronoun
perfekt	perfect	adjective
ziek	sick	adjective
niet goed	not good	adjective

## SAMPLE SENTENCES

<b>Ik voel me ongelukkig.</b> "I'm unhappy."	<b>Ik voel me prima.</b> "I'm fine."
<b>Hoe gaat het met u?</b> "How are you?"	<b>Het is goed.</b> "It's ok."
<b>Het is in die richting.</b> "It's in that direction."	<b>Ik heet Marije, hoe heet jij?</b> "My name is Maria, what is your name?"
<b>Hoe gaat het?</b> "How are you?"	<b>Dank u wel.</b> "Thank you."
<b>Waar komt u vandaan?</b> "Where are you from?"	<b>Hoe gaat het met u?</b> "How are you?"

<b>Ik voel me vanavond geweldig.</b> "I feel wonderful tonight."	<b>Ik heet Jacob.</b> "My name is Jacob."
<b>Ik kom uit de Verenigde Staten.</b> "I'm from the United States."	<b>Ik moet vanavond naar huis.</b> "I have to go home tonight."
<b>Ik voel me perfekt.</b> "I'm perfect."	<b>Ik voel me perfekt.</b> "I'm perfect."
<b>Ik voel me ziek.</b> "I'm sick."	<b>Ik voel me niet goed.</b> "I'm not good."

## GRAMMAR

The focus of this lesson is how to say "How are you?" in Dutch.

The question is broken down into {5} words:

	Dutch	English
Word 1	hoe	how
Word 2	gaat	go
Word 3	het	it
Word 4	met	with
Word 5	u	you

## LESSON NOTES

# Top 25 Dutch Questions You Need to Know S1 #17

## What time is it in Dutch?

---

## CONTENTS

- 2 Dutch
- 2 English
- 2 Vocabulary
- 3 Sample Sentences
- 4 Grammar

# 17

## DUTCH

1. Q: Hoe laat is het?
2. A: Het is twaalf uur.
3. A: Het is tien uur.
4. A: Het is zeven uur.
5. A: Het is drie uur.

## ENGLISH

1. Q: What time is it?
2. A: It's 12:00.
3. A: It's 10:00.
4. A: It's 7:00.
5. A: It's 3:00.

## VOCABULARY

Dutch	English	Class	Gender
een uur	1 o'clock		
laat	late	adjective	
is	is	verb	

hoe	how	interrogative, adverb	
uur	hour	noun	neutral
twaalf	twelve	noun	masculine
het	it	article	
zeven uur	7 o'clock		
tien uur	10 o'clock		
drie uur	3 o'clock		

## SAMPLE SENTENCES

<b>Het is een uur.</b> "It's one o'clock."	<b>Ik kom te laat.</b> "I will be late."
<b>Hij is altijd te laat voor de les.</b> "He is always late for class."	<b>Het was al te laat voor me om mijn slechte manieren te veranderen.</b> "It was too late for me to change my bad habits."
<b>Je bent altijd te laat voor werk.</b> "You are always late for work."	<b>Hoe laat is het?</b> "What time is it?"
<b>Mijn naam is Walter Bol.</b> "My name is Walter Bol."	<b>Vertel met hoe ik de afstandsbediening moet gebruiken.</b> "Tell me how to use the remote control."
<b>Ik heet Marije, hoe heet jij?</b> "My name is Maria, what is your name?"	<b>Hoe gaat het?</b> "How are you?"

<b>Ik heb vanacht 10 uur geslapen.</b>	<b>Een uur kost drie euro.</b>
"I slept for ten hours last night."	"One hour costs three euros."
<b>Het is twaalf uur.</b>	<b>Het is goed.</b>
"It's 12 o'clock."	"It's ok."
<b>Het is in die richting.</b>	<b>Het is zeven uur.</b>
"It's in that direction."	"It's seven o'clock."
<b>Het is tien uur.</b>	<b>Het is drie uur.</b>
"It's ten o'clock."	"It's three o'clock."

## GRAMMAR

The focus of this lesson is how to say "What time is it?" in Dutch.

The question is broken down into {4} words:

	Dutch	English
Word 1	hoe	how
Word 2	laat	late
Word 3	is	is
Word 4	het	it

## LESSON NOTES

# Top 25 Dutch Questions You Need to Know S1 #18

## What are you doing in Dutch?

---

## CONTENTS

- 2 Dutch
- 2 English
- 2 Vocabulary
- 3 Sample Sentences
- 4 Grammar

# 18

## DUTCH

1. Q: Wat bent u aan het doen?
2. A: Ik ben aan het denken.
3. A: Ik ben aan het studeren.
4. A: Ik ben aan het reizen.
5. A: Ik ben aan het koken.

## ENGLISH

1. Q: What are you doing?
2. A: I'm thinking.
3. A: I'm studying.
4. A: I'm traveling.
5. A: I'm cooking.

## VOCABULARY

Dutch	English	Class	Gender
bent	are		
u	you	pronoun	feminine, masculine
wat	what	adverb	

het	it	article
aan	on	preposition
ik	I	pronoun
doen	doing	verb
ben	am	verb
denken	thinking	
lezen	reading	verb
studeren	studying	
koken	cooking	verb
reizen	travelling	

## SAMPLE SENTENCES

<b>Hoe oud bent u?</b> "How old are you?"	<b>Dank u wel.</b> "Thank you."
<b>Waar komt u vandaan?</b> "Where are you from?"	<b>Wat is dat?</b> "What's that?"
<b>Het is goed.</b> "It's ok."	<b>Het is in die richting.</b> "It's in that direction."
<b>Wat bent u aan het doen?</b> "What are you doing?"	<b>Ik heet Jacob.</b> "My name is Jacob."
<b>Ik kom uit de Verenigde Staten.</b> "I'm from the United States."	<b>Ik moet vanavond naar huis.</b> "I have to go home tonight."

<b>Wat bent u aan het doen?</b>	<b>Ik ben blij.</b>
"What are you doing?"	"I am happy."
<b>Ik ben aan het denken.</b>	<b>Ik ben aan het lezen.</b>
"I'm thinking."	"I'm reading."
<b>Ik ben aan het studeren.</b>	<b>Ik ben aan het koken.</b>
"I'm studying."	"I'm cooking."
<b>Ik ben aan het reizen.</b>	
"I'm traveling."	

## GRAMMAR

The focus of this lesson is how to say What are you doing? in Dutch.

The question is broken down into {6} words:

	Dutch	English
Word 1	wat	what
Word 2	bent	are
Word 3	u	you
Word 4	aan	on
Word 5	het	it
Word 6	doen	doing

Though you may not hear this question often in the Netherlands, it is good to have a ready answer in case you do.

As always in the Netherlands, people value circumspection in everyday speech. Manners

are always appreciated.

## LESSON NOTES

# Top 25 Dutch Questions You Need to Know S1 #19

## What's wrong in Dutch?

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## CONTENTS

- 2 Dutch
- 2 English
- 2 Vocabulary
- 3 Sample Sentences
- 4 Grammar

# 19

## DUTCH

1. Q: Wat scheelt eraan?
2. A: Ik voel me moe.
3. A: Ik voel me depressief.
4. A: Ik voel me verdrietig.
5. A: Ik voel me hongerig.

## ENGLISH

1. Q: What's wrong?
2. A: I'm tired.
3. A: I'm depressed.
4. A: I'm sad.
5. A: I'm hungry.

## VOCABULARY

Dutch	English	Class	Gender
slecht	bad	adjective	
scheelt	matter	noun	neuter
eraan	from	preposition	

wat	what	adverb
voel	feel	verb
ik	I	pronoun
moe	tired	adjective
me	I	pronoun
hongerig	hungry	adjective
verdrietig	sad	adjective
depressief	depressed	adverb

## SAMPLE SENTENCES

<b>Ik ben slecht in studeren.</b> "I'm not good at studying."	<b>Ik voel me slecht.</b> "I'm bad."
<b>Wat scheelt eraan?</b> "What's wrong?"	<b>Wat scheelt eraan?</b> "What's wrong?"
<b>Wat is dat?</b> "What's that?"	<b>Ik voel me vanavond geweldig.</b> "I feel wonderful tonight."
<b>Ik heet Jacob.</b> "My name is Jacob."	<b>Ik kom uit de Verenigde Staten.</b> "I'm from the United States."
<b>Ik moet vanavond naar huis.</b> "I have to go home tonight."	<b>Waarom ben je zo moe?</b> "Why are you so tired?"
<b>Ik voel me moe.</b> "I'm tired."	<b>Ik voel me perfekt.</b> "I'm perfect."

<b>De vrouw is hongerig. De hongerige man is op zoek naar eten in de koelkast.</b> "The woman is hungry. The hungry man is looking for food in the refrigerator."	<b>Ik voel me hongerig.</b> "I'm hungry."
<b>De verdrietige tiener zit alleen.</b> "The sad teenager is sitting alone."	<b>Ik voel me depressief.</b> "I'm depressed."

## GRAMMAR

The focus of this lesson is how to say, "What are you doing?" in Dutch.

The question is broken down into {3} words:

	Dutch	English
Word 1	wat	what
Word 2	scheelt	matter
Word 3	eraan	matter

This question is considered somewhat direct for everyday speech, so use it with caution. In fact, it may be best to avoid it altogether. You may hear it, though, so it's best to know how to answer it.

As always in the Netherlands, people value circumspection in everyday speech. Manners are always appreciated.

## LESSON NOTES

# Top 25 Dutch Questions You Need to Know S1 #20

## What's the weather like in Dutch?

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## CONTENTS

- 2 Dutch
- 2 English
- 2 Vocabulary
- 3 Sample Sentences
- 4 Grammar

# **20**

## DUTCH

1. Q: Hoe is het weer in Amsterdam?
2. A: Het is zonnig.
3. A: Het is koud.
4. A: Het is winderig.
5. A: Het is heet.

## ENGLISH

1. Q: What's the weather like in Amsterdam?
2. A: It's sunny.
3. A: It's cold.
4. A: It's windy.
5. A: It's hot.

## VOCABULARY

Dutch	English	Class	Gender
mistig	foggy	adjective	
heet	hot	adjective	
is	is	verb	

het	it	article	
hoe	how	interrogative	
in	in	preposition	
weer	weather	noun	neutral
koud	cold	adjective	
zonnig	sunny	adjective	
winderig	windy	adjective	
Amsterdam	Amsterdam	noun	

## SAMPLE SENTENCES

<b>Het is mistig.</b> "It's foggy."	<b>Het is heet.</b> "It's hot."
<b>Mijn naam is Walter Bol.</b> "My name is Walter Bol."	<b>Het is goed.</b> "It's ok."
<b>Het is in die richting.</b> "It's in that direction."	<b>Ik heet Marije, hoe heet jij?</b> "My name is Maria, what is your name?"
<b>Hoe gaat het?</b> "How are you?"	<b>In de tuin.</b> "In the garden."
<b>Ik woon in New York.</b> "I live in New York."	<b>Het weer is echt heerlijk vandaag.</b> "The weather is really nice today."

<b>Het is koud.</b> "It's cold."	<b>Het weer van vandaag is zonnig met soms wolken.</b> "Today's weather is sunny with occasional clouds."
<b>Ik verwacht later zonnig weer.</b> "I expect sunny weather later."	<b>Deze morgen was het erg winderig.</b> "This morning was so windy."
<b>Twee belangrijke bezienswaardigheden van Amsterdam zijn het Van Gogh museum en de rosse buurt.</b> "Two main attractions of Amsterdam are the Van Gogh museum and the Red Light District."	<b>Ik woon in Amsterdam.</b> "I live in Amsterdam."

## GRAMMAR

The focus of this lesson is how to say, "What's the weather like in Amsterdam?" in Dutch. The question is broken down into {6} words:

	Dutch	English
Word 1	hoe	how
Word 2	is	is
Word 3	het	it
Word 4	weer	weather
Word 5	in	in
Word 6	Amsterdam	Amsterdam

It is considered a polite part of normal everyday speech, so feel free to ask it with new acquaintances or old friends.

Learn this question well, as you will hear it often in your travels to the Netherlands.

As always in the Netherlands, people value circumspection in everyday speech. Manners are always appreciated.

## LESSON NOTES

# Top 25 Dutch Questions You Need to Know S1 #21

## Are you hungry in Dutch?

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## CONTENTS

- 2 Dutch
- 2 English
- 2 Vocabulary
- 3 Sample Sentences
- 4 Grammar

# **21**

## DUTCH

1. Q: Heeft u honger?
2. A: Ja, ik ben een beetje hongerig.
3. A: Ja, ik ben ongelofelijk hongerig.
4. A: Ja, ik ben ontzettend hongerig.
5. A: Nee, ik ben niet echt hongerig.

## ENGLISH

1. Q: Are you hungry?
2. A: Yes, I'm a little hungry.
3. A: Yes, I'm unbelievably hungry.
4. A: Yes, I'm terribly hungry.
5. A: No, I'm not really hungry.

## VOCABULARY

Dutch	English	Class	Gender
ontzettend	terribly		
een	a	article	
heeft	have	verb	

honger	hunger	noun	masculine
u	you	pronoun	feminine, masculine
hongerig	hungry	adjective	
een beetje	a little	adverb	
ben	am	verb	
ik	I	pronoun	
niet echt	not really		
ja	yes	expression	
ongelofelijk	unbelievably		

## SAMPLE SENTENCES

<b>Ja, ik ben ontzettend hongerig.</b> "Yes, I'm terribly hungry."	<b>Hij gooit een steen.</b> "He throws a rock."
<b>Amsterdam heeft een mooi station.</b> "Amsterdam has a beautiful station."	<b>Heeft u honger?</b> "Are you hungry?"
<b>Dank u wel.</b> "Thank you."	<b>Waar komt u vandaan?</b> "Where are you from?"
<b>De vrouw is hongerig. De hongerige man is op zoek naar eten in de koelkast.</b> "The woman is hungry. The hungry man is looking for food in the refrigerator."	<b>Ik voel me hongerig.</b> "I'm hungry."
<b>Ja, ik spreek het een beetje.</b> "Yes, I speak a little."	<b>Een beetje concurrentie in het leven is gezond.</b> "A little competition in life is healthy."

<b>Ik ben blij.</b> "I am happy."	<b>Ik heet Jacob.</b> "My name is Jacob."
<b>Ik kom uit de Verenigde Staten.</b> "I'm from the United States."	<b>Ik moet vanavond naar huis.</b> "I have to go home tonight."
<b>Ja, ik spreek het niet echt.</b> "I don't really speak it."	<b>Ja, wij gaan ook op vakantie.</b> "Yes, we also go on holiday."

## GRAMMAR

The focus of this lesson is how to say, "Are you hungry?" in Dutch.

The question is broken down into {3} words:

	Dutch	English
Word 1	heeft	have
Word 2	u	you
Word 3	honger	hunger

## LESSON NOTES

# Top 25 Dutch Questions You Need to Know S1 #22

## What's this in Dutch?

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## CONTENTS

- 2 Dutch
- 2 English
- 2 Vocabulary
- 3 Sample Sentences
- 3 Grammar

# **22**

## DUTCH

1. Q: Wat is dit?
2. A: Het is een camera.
3. A: Het is een boek.
4. A: Het is een televisie.
5. A: Het is een computer.

## ENGLISH

1. Q: What's this?
2. A: It's a camera.
3. A: It's a book.
4. A: It's a TV.
5. A: It's a computer.

## VOCABULARY

Dutch	English	Class	Gender
is	is	verb	
dit	this	pronoun	
wat	what	adverb	

camera	camera	noun	masculine
het	it	article	
een	a	article	
boek	book	noun	neutral
computer	computer	noun	masculine
televisie	TV	noun	feminine

## SAMPLE SENTENCES

<b>Mijn naam is Walter Bol.</b> "My name is Walter Bol."	<b>Dit huis is duur.</b> "This house is expensive."
<b>Wat is dat?</b> "What's that?"	<b>Het is een camera.</b> "It's a camera."
<b>Het is goed.</b> "It's ok."	<b>Het is in die richting.</b> "It's in that direction."
<b>Hij gooit een steen.</b> "He throws a rock."	<b>Welke boek ben je aan het lezen?</b> "What book are you reading?"
<b>De persoon gebruikt een computer om een mail te schrijven.</b> "The person is using a computer to write e-mail."	<b>Het is een televisie.</b> "It's a TV."

## GRAMMAR

The focus of this lesson is how to say "What's this?" in Dutch.

The question is broken down into {3} words:

	Dutch	English
Word 1	wat	what
Word 2	is	is
Word 3	dit	this

## LESSON NOTES

# Top 25 Dutch Questions You Need to Know S1 #23

## Whose is this in Dutch?

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## CONTENTS

- 2 Dutch
- 2 English
- 2 Vocabulary
- 3 Sample Sentences
- 3 Grammar

# **23**

## DUTCH

1. Q: Van wie is dit?
2. A: Het is van mij.
3. A: Het is ons.
4. A: Het is haar.
5. A: Het is hem.

## ENGLISH

1. Q: Whose is this?
2. A: It's mine.
3. A: It's ours.
4. A: It's hers.
5. A: It's his.

## VOCABULARY

Dutch	English	Class	Gender
hun	their		
hem	his	pronoun	masculine
haar	hers		

ons	ours	neuter	pronoun
wie	who	adverb	
is	is	verb	
van	from		
dit	this	pronoun	
het	it	article	
mij	my	pronoun	masculine, feminine

## SAMPLE SENTENCES

<b>Kinderen doen eerder hun vrienden dan hun ouders na.</b>  "Children imitate their friends rather than their parents."	<b>Het is hem.</b>  "It's his."
<b>Het is haar.</b>  "It's hers."	<b>Het is ons.</b>  "It's ours."
<b>Van wie is dit?</b>  "Whose is this?"	<b>Mijn naam is Walter Bol.</b>  "My name is Walter Bol."
<b>Ja, ik hou van beschuit.</b>  "Yes, I love rusk."	<b>Dit huis is duur.</b>  "This house is expensive."
<b>Het is goed.</b>  "It's ok."	<b>Het is in die richting.</b>  "It's in that direction."
<b>Het is van mij.</b>  "It's mine."	

# GRAMMAR

The focus of this lesson is how to say "Whose is this?" in Dutch.

The question is broken down into {4} words:

	Dutch	English
Word 1	van	from
Word 2	wie	who
Word 3	is	is
Word 4	dit	this

## LESSON NOTES

# Top 25 Dutch Questions You Need to Know S1 #24

## Have you been to Amsterdam in Dutch?

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## CONTENTS

- 2 Dutch
- 2 English
- 2 Vocabulary
- 3 Sample Sentences
- 4 Grammar

# **24**

## DUTCH

1. Q: Bent u in Amsterdam geweest?
2. A: Ja, ik ben er twee keer geweest.
3. A: Ja, ik ben er vorig jaar geweest.
4. A: Ja, ik ben er tien keer geweest.
5. A: Ja, ik ben er zes keer geweest.

## ENGLISH

1. Q: Have you been to Amsterdam?
2. A: Yes, I've been there twice.
3. A: Yes, I went there last year.
4. A: Yes, I've been there ten times.
5. A: Yes, I've been there six times.

## VOCABULARY

Dutch	English	Class	Gender
u	you	pronoun	feminine, masculine
in	in	preposition	
bent	have	verb	

geweest	been	verb
Amsterdam	Amsterdam	noun
ik	I	pronoun
ja	yes	expression
ben	am	verb
er	there	pronoun
		masculine, feminine
twee	two (2)	noun
keer	time	noun
vorig jaar	last year	phrase
tien keer	ten times	phrase
zes keer	six times	phrase

## SAMPLE SENTENCES

<b>Dank u wel.</b> "Thank you."	<b>Waar komt u vandaan?</b> "Where are you from?"
<b>In de tuin.</b> "In the garden."	<b>Ik woon in New York.</b> "I live in New York."
<b>Bent u in Amsterdam geweest?</b> "Have you been to Amsterdam?"	<b>Bent u in Amsterdam geweest?</b> "Have you been to Amsterdam?"

<b>Twee belangrijke bezienswaardigheden van Amsterdam zijn het Van Gogh museum en de rosse buurt.</b>  "Two main attractions of Amsterdam are the Van Gogh museum and the Red Light District."	<b>Ik woon in Amsterdam.</b>  "I live in Amsterdam."
<b>Ik heet Jacob.</b>  "My name is Jacob."	<b>Ik kom uit de Verenigde Staten.</b>  "I'm from the United States."
<b>Ik moet vanavond naar huis.</b>  "I have to go home tonight."	<b>Ja, wij gaan ook op vakantie.</b>  "Yes, we also go on holiday."
<b>Ik ben blij.</b>  "I am happy."	<b>Ja ik ben er twee keer geweest.</b>  "Yes, I've been there twice."
<b>Zij hebben twee huizen</b>  "They have two houses."	<b>Ja, ik ben er twee keer geweest.</b>  "Yes, I've been there twice."
<b>Ja ik ben er vorig jaar geweest.</b>  "Yes, I went there last year."	<b>Ja, ik ben er tien keer geweest.</b>  "Yes, I've been there ten times."
<b>Ja, ik ben er zes keer geweest.</b>  "Yes, I've been there six times."	

## GRAMMAR

The focus of this lesson is how to say "Have you been to Amsterdam?" in Dutch. The question is broken down into {5} words:

Dutch	English

Word 1	bent	have
Word 2	u	you
Word 3	in	is
Word 4	Amsterdam	Amsterdam
Word 5	geweest	been

To say ""no"", in a simple way, just say:

"Nee, ik ben niet in Parijs geweest."

Which is like saying "No, I have not been to Paris." in English.

## LESSON NOTES

# Top 25 Dutch Questions You Need to Know S1 #25

## How much is this in Dutch?

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## CONTENTS

- 2 Dutch
- 2 English
- 2 Vocabulary
- 3 Sample Sentences
- 3 Grammar

# **25**

## DUTCH

1. Q: Hoeveel kost dit?
2. A: Het is drie euro.
3. A: Het is elf euro.
4. A: Het is vier euro.
5. A: Het is twintig euro.

## ENGLISH

1. Q: How much is this?
2. A: It's three euro.
3. A: It's eleven euro.
4. A: It's four euro.
5. A: It's twenty euro.

## VOCABULARY

Dutch	English	Class	Gender
gratis	free	adverb	
vier euro	four euro		
elf euro	eleven euro	phrase	

kost	costs	verb
dit	this	pronoun
hoeveel	how much/many	pronoun
drie	three (3)	noun
het	it	
is	is	verb
euro	euro	noun
		masculine

## SAMPLE SENTENCES

<b>Het is drie euro.</b> "It's free."	<b>Het is vier euro.</b> "It's four euro."
<b>Het is elf euro.</b> "It's eleven euro."	<b>Hoeveel kost dit?</b> "How much is this?"
<b>Dit huis is duur.</b> "This house is expensive."	<b>Hoeveel kost de tandpasta?</b> "How much is the toothpaste?"
<b>Hoeveel boeken neem je mee naar school?</b> "How many books do you take to school?"	<b>We hebben om drie koffie gevraagd.</b> "We asked for three coffees."
<b>Het is goed.</b> "It's ok."	<b>Het is in die richting.</b> "It's in that direction."
<b>Mijn naam is Walter Bol.</b> "My name is Walter Bol."	<b>De Euro wordt gebruikt in Europa.</b> "The Euro is used in Europe."

## GRAMMAR

The focus of this lesson is how to say, "How much is this?" in Dutch.

The question is broken down into {3} words:

	Dutch	English
Word 1	hoeveel	how much
Word 2	kost	costs
Word 3	dit	this



## Top 25 Dutch Questions You Need to Know



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### Intro

- 1 What's your name in Dutch?
- 2 Where are you from in Dutch?
- 3 Where do you live in Dutch?
- 4 What do you do in Dutch?
- 5 Do you speak Dutch?
- 6 How long have you been studying Dutch?
- 7 Where did you learn Dutch?
- 8 Can you eat Dutch food?
- 9 Do you like Dutch food?
- 10 How is it in Dutch? (food)
- 11 How old are you in Dutch?
- 12 When is your birthday in Dutch?

- 13 Do you have any brothers or sisters in Dutch?
- 14 How tall are you in Dutch?
- 15 Do you have a cell phone in Dutch?
- 16 How are you in Dutch?
- 17 What time is it in Dutch?
- 18 What are you doing in Dutch?
- 19 What's wrong in Dutch?
- 20 What's the weather like in Dutch?
- 21 Are you hungry in Dutch?
- 22 What's this in Dutch?
- 23 Whose is this in Dutch?
- 24 Have you been to Amsterdam in Dutch?
- 25 How much is this in Dutch?