



John Kavanagh

The Life and Works of W.B. Yeats

Read by **Jim Norton** • **Denys Hawthorne**
Nicholas Boulton • **Marcella Riordan**

POETRY



CONTAINS
60 POEMS

NA226412D

1	Down By The Salley Gardens sung by Anthony Rolfe Johnson and Graham Johnson (by courtesy of Hyperion Records)	2:40
2	The Early History of the Yeats Family	5:55
3	Extract from The Wanderings Of Oisín *+	7:49
4	The Early Poems and Sligo	1:31
5	The Stolen Child =	2:42
6	Down By The Salley Gardens *	0:48
7	A 'Man of Letters'	3:48
8	To The Rose Upon The Rood Of Time +	3:01
9	The Lake Isle Of Innisfree *	1:20
10	The Pity Of Love ^	0:38
11	The Sorrow Of Love ^	0:47
12	December 1891 – Yeats meets Maud Gonne	1:03
13	When You Are Old ^	1:26
14	A Dream Of Death ^	0:45
15	The Ballad Of Father Gilligan *	2:08
16	The Fiddler Of Dooney ^	1:19
17	The 1890s	1:13
18	The Host Of The Air =	2:35
19	The Song Of Wandering Aengus *	1:15
20	1896 – A love affair	1:24

21	The Lover Mourns For The Loss Of Love ^	0:40
22	The Cap And Bells =	1:37
23	Lady Augusta Gregory	0:58
24	The Secret Rose +	2:28
25	He Wishes For The Cloths Of Heaven ^	1:07
26	Adam's Curse *	2:11
27	The New Century	2:57
28	No Second Troy ^	0:41
29	Drama and a National Theatre for Ireland	1:18
30	To A Child Dancing In The Wind ^	0:33
31	The Cold Heaven *	0:52
32	1913 – The 'Great Lock Out'	2:17
33	September 1913 *	2:07
34	The Fisherman +	2:24
35	The Wild Swans At Coole *	1:48
36	Broken Dreams *	3:09
37	Easter 1916 *	3:39
38	The Rose Tree *	1:17
39	An Irish Airman Foresees His Death ^	1:22
40	Men Improve With The Years +	1:14
41	Summer 1917 – Marriage	7:50
42	Solomon To Sheba *	1:21

43	To A Young Beauty ^	0:48
44	January 1919	1:41
45	The Second Coming +	1:54
46	A Prayer For My Daughter *	4:05
47	The Years Following 1920	2:15
48	Leda And The Swan *	0:55
49	The Nobel Prize for Literature 1923	2:32
50	Among Schoolchildren +	4:56
51	Sailing To Byzantium +	2:53
52	The Tower +	3:26
53	In Memory Of Eva Gore-Booth And Con Markiewicz ^	1:53
54	A Dialogue Of Self And Soul +*	4:19
55	For Anne Gregory ^=	1:06
56	At Algeciras – A Meditation Upon Death ^	1:38
57	The Choice *	0:44
58	Mohini Chatterjee ^	1:29
59	Byzantium +	3:35
60	Crazy Jane And Jack The Journeyman =	0:51
61	Crazy Jane Talks With The Bishop =	0:50
62	Crazy Jane On God =	1:19
63	After Long Silence +	0:37
64	Her Vision In The Wood =	2:25

65	A Prayer For Old Age +	1:17
66	Sweet Dancer *	1:10
67	Roger Casement ^	1:35
68	Why Should Not Old Men Be Mad? +	1:48
69	From Under Ben Bulbin *	2:09
70	The Man And The Echo +*	2:45
71	1938 – The Death of Olivia Shakespeare	1:12
72	The Circus Animals' Desertion *	2:51
73	Politics *	0:29
74	1939 – Final Days in France	1:12
75	Cuchulain Comforted +	1:55
76	Final Letter to Lady Elizabeth Pelham	1:42

Total time: 2:34:55

Jim Norton * Nicholas Boulton ^
Denys Hawthorne + Marcella Riordan =
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John Kavanagh

The Life and Works of W.B. Yeats

W.B. Yeats remains one of the most famous and respected poetic voices in written English. As we enter the twenty-first century his reputation seems more than intact with a healthy readership and steady sales. Students in the now massive edu-business of academia turn regularly to his poetry, theatre, prose and the massive volume of correspondence to fuel an endless flow of theses.

And in the last fifty or so years, Yeats has also proved a powerful magnet for the talents of many highly successful artists in non-literary fields, such as music and film, with a considerable number of composers and songwriters drawing on his works as sources of word, idea and inspiration.

What is it that continues to appeal to such a broad constituency of poetry reader and student?

Well, there is, of course, the life itself – a tumultuous, protean incarnation that lasted a crammed 73 years from 1865-1939. This, in itself a fascinating subject, is fuller than most could bear to contemplate, never mind replicate: it is a dramatic one, often very dramatic.

Despite the vast public and often political dimensions of its contours – the latter not often fully appreciated – Yeats' life was not so much dramatic in the traditional sense of the public, heroic adventurer or the goal-driven extrovert so redolent of the world of Empire of the nineteenth century; his is an adventurism of the interior spaces and caverns of heart and psyche – the 'deeps of the mind', as he would call it. This approach sets him up as being avant-garde in his anticipations of the sensibilities of the Western world through the twentieth and into the twenty-first centuries, especially in light of the rise of psychologies and more general concerns with the 'self' developmental pursuits of the post-1960s Western civilisation.

The 'working' span of this life is also phenomenal: from the personal breakthrough at the age of 23 with **The Lake Isle of Innisfree**, the poem which he said was the first to contain 'my own music', to the corrections on his deathbed of the proofs of **The Death of Cuchulain** fifty years later. Within this half-century is contained a body of poetry

which does appear to capture all of ‘the fury and mire of human vein’, and chances are remote that a span of such skill, energy, insight, focus and poetic brilliance will happen too often, if ever, again given the multimedia worlds we now live in.

This world, characterised by the demands of a sound bite, frequently turns to the polished jewel of a Yeatsian line of poetry or rhetoric to add weight to interview, debate, political speech, letter to an editor or book title. Such uses keep the work constantly in the public eye and domain.

A major reason the work remains so fresh today is Yeats’ constant ability to change – to, as he put it, make himself ‘anew’. These efforts ensured that he never fell into easy habits and the lifelong experimentation with, and use of, many forms, wedded to such technical virtuosity, gives us a poetic palette perhaps unmatched.

The personal life as subject, in particular its immersions in love and the subsequent immersions of love itself into poetry – often failed, unconsummated or unfulfilled love – has left us a body of stunningly achieved and felt work that speaks to readers with a universal resonance unlikely to be dimmed where

poetry is loved and appreciated. We, the general readers, are perhaps lucky in that Yeats felt these aches most when young and when in the high lyrical phase of his early works which conformed to such masterfully wrought traditional verse structure and rhythm.

There are also the extraordinarily colourful philosophical and metaphysical underpinnings of both the life and work. These of course have come in for much dismissal and derisory comment throughout his life and since (as in Auden’s well-retailed remarks that he was ‘silly like us’), but it would be wise to understand their importance contextually. Yeats, like many before and since, needed a belief system or religion to fathom meaning. Rather than turn to conventional models, he turned with a deeply religious spirit to what he called ‘heterogeneous orthodoxies’ and not the more available or popular orthodoxies of the established churches of which some of his forbears were quite prominent members.

What is often ignored or dismissed is that the reservoir of occult, magical and other hermetic lore and ritual that Yeats drew on for both his spiritual and poetic well-being are in fact long established and ancient Western knowledge and

wisdom systems. Yeats was not so much 'New Age' as we would now term it, but a student of the some of the oldest and most conservative initiatory systems known to Western culture, whose origins date back to the Egyptian, Greek and Jewish mystery schools of the ancient world. These are characterised by what are known as 'universal truths' common to all lives and souls – the *philosophia perennis* or perennial wisdom that has always been and will always be available to those who look for it. This lifelong search was no fad for it required years of dedicated reading and study and was also a direct response and resistance to the rise of empiricism, rationalism (and realism in art and literature) in mid- and late-nineteenth-century Europe.

When these resistances were embodied in a young man who grew up in Sligo in the landscape and Celtic-based culture of the West of Ireland, then it is perfectly understandable that for a poet with such sensibilities, experiential truth holds more sway than any other, and certainly more than those systems on the rise throughout his youth via the works of Darwin, Tyndall and Huxley, whom he abhorred.

These lifelong beliefs gave rise to missionary impulses which were given full

rein in his native country's battle for self-determination, to which he would add his considerable passion and talents. He saw an opportunity for an independent Ireland to embrace beliefs compatible with his own, which he believed were merely dormant and in need of reactivation and which would make Ireland a leading nation in the world.

This impulse saw him join in the growing political and artistic ferment which would give rise to a successful separatist movement not just on political but also on cultural levels. Yeats became a leading figure in the birth of a new Ireland; he also helped to promote the work of writers such as Joyce and Synge (his 'Go west, young man' edict that was the making of the writer) O'Casey. He co-founded the world's first subsidised national theatre, the Abbey Theatre, and his own 26 plays remain influential among aficionados, though their experimental qualities have prevented popular embrace.

The eventual establishment of the new Ireland and the political realities on which it was founded saw little room for artists like Yeats and he shrank from it after a brief period of public office as a Senator. However, his stature as a world literary figure was confirmed after his

winning of the Nobel Prize in 1923, the first Irishman to win it.

He would spend the latter years of his life and career in retreat from the kind of dominant world order he had battled so hard to stave off since his youth. This final period, spent in long and brilliant reflection, produced an astonishing late flowering and contains some of his most accessible and memorable poems as well as more difficult but rarely forgettable work.

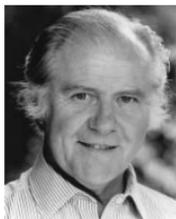
Notes by John Kavanagh



John Kavanagh from Sligo, Ireland is an award-winning poet, playwright, screenwriter and songwriter. He has been a Director of the Yeats Society for twelve years. His poetry collections to date from Salmon Books are *Etchings* and *Half Day Warriors*. He is at work on a third. He has recently written and recorded *Words For Music*, a musical album of Yeats' poems put to music featuring some of Ireland's top musicians.



Jim Norton, one of Ireland's leading actors, worked extensively in Irish Theatre, TV and radio before coming to London. His many West End credits include *Comedians*, *The Changing Room*, *Bedroom Farce* and *Chorus of Disapproval*. For Naxos AudioBooks he has also recorded *A Portrait of the Artist As A Young Man*, *Dubliners*, *Ulysses* and *Finnegans Wake*. Active on both sides of the Atlantic, he has become particularly associated with the plays of Conor McPherson, playing a leading role in the world premieres of many plays, including *The Weir* and *Port Authority*. He has since also recorded *Port Authority* for Naxos AudioBooks.



Denys Hawthorne's long and distinguished career has encompassed extensive work in theatre, television and film, both in England and Ireland. Drama has included Shakespeare and Chekhov, as well as many contemporary plays, while he has been seen in popular TV series including *Inspector Morse* and *Father Ted*, and *The Russia House* and *Emma* on the wide screen. Throughout, radio performance has been a constant theme, notably in drama and poetry.



Nicholas Boulton studied at the Guildhall School of Music and Drama, winning the BBC Carleton Hobbs Award for Radio in 1993. Since then he has been heard in numerous productions for BBC Radio 4 and the World Service. Work for Naxos includes Cecil in *Lady Windermere's Fan* and most recently Mozart in *The Life and Works of Mozart*. Film work includes *Shakespeare in Love* and *Topsy Turvy*. Theatre credits include *Platonov* for the Almeida, *Henry V* for the RSC and *Arcadia* for the Theatre Royal Haymarket. He is also a cutting-edge House Music DJ.



Marcella Riordan began her career at The Abbey School in Dublin and has worked in theatres all over Ireland and the UK, including Druid Theatre and Lyric (Belfast). She has worked extensively on BBC Radio and RTE in Dublin. Her previous work on James Joyce text includes playing Gerty McDowell in Anthony Burgess's *Blooms in Dublin* (BBC/RTE), Zoe in *Ulysses* (RTE) and Molly Bloom for Naxos AudioBooks' recording of *Ulysses*. She was awarded Best Actress for her portrayal of Nancy Gulliver in a BBC Radio adaptation of Jennifer Johnston's *The Old Jest*.

The music on this recording was taken from the Naxos catalogue

BAX Symphony No.1 8.553525

Royal Scottish Northern Orchestra/David Lloyd Jones

LARCHET by the Waters of Moyle 8.223804

DUFF Song for Amanda

RTE Sinfonietta, Proinnsias Ó Duinn

Music programmed by Nicolas Soames

Acknowledgements – with particular thanks to Hyperion Records: Down by the Salley Gardens sung by Anthony Rolfe Johnson and accompanied by Graham Johnson (CDH55067)

Topic Records Ltd: Michael Gorman – The Fiddle Music of County Sligo (TSCD525D)

Cover picture: William Butler Yeats, 1865-1939, courtesy of National Portrait Gallery

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W.B. Yeats remains one of the most popular poets of the twentieth century.

The Lake Isle of Innisfree, He Wishes for the Cloths of Heaven, Down by the Salley Gardens, The Secret Rose – these are just a few of the poems that made W.B. Yeats an international figure. Born in Dublin in 1865, Yeats drew strength from the Irish tradition, as can be seen in this special audiobook which presents the most important poems in the context of his life and ambitions. His poetic urgency was fuelled by an active and varied life, as he drew his inspiration from the men and women he knew, classical sources and contemporary politics.

"His best and best-beloved works, the products of a life of poetry, mysticism and idealistic politics are done full justice here, especially by Jim Norton."

THE SUNDAY TIMES

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Total time
2:34:55

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